Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2011

# City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2011

Prepared by: Finance Department

# Contents

Introductory Section	
Table of contents	i - ii
Letter of transmittal	iii – v
Organizational chart Principal officials	vi vii
GFOA Certificate	Viii
Financial Section	
Independent auditor's report	1 – 2
Management's discussion and analysis	3 – 15
Basic financial statements:	40 47
Statement of net assets	16 – 17
Statement of activities	18 – 19
Balance sheet – governmental funds	20 – 21
Reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net assets of governmental activities	22
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (deficit) –	22
governmental funds	23 – 24
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund	25 – 24
balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities	25
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and	
actual – General Fund	26
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and	
actual – Parks and Recreation Fund	27
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and	
actual – Capital Improvements Fund	28
Statement of net assets – enterprise funds	29 – 30
Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets (deficit) –	•
enterprise funds	31
Statement of cash flows – enterprise funds	32 – 33
Statement of assets and liabilities – agency funds  Notes to basic financial statements	34 35 – 66
Notes to basic illiancial statements	35 – 66
Required supplementary information:	
Missouri local government employees retirement system	67
Other postemployment benefit plan	68
Supplementary information:	
Nonmajor funds:	
Combining balance sheet:	
Governmental funds	69 – 70
Special revenue funds	71 – 72
Debt service funds	73

# **Contents (Continued)**

Financial Section (Continued)	
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	
(deficit): Governmental funds	74 – 75
Special revenue funds	74 – 73 76 – 77
Debt service funds	70 – 77 78
Combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	70
(deficit) – general fund sub-funds – budget to actual	79 - 80
Combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	75-00
(deficit) – nonmajor special revenue funds – budget to actual	81 – 84
Combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances –	01 04
nonmajor debt service funds – budget to actual	85
Combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances –	00
nonmajor capital projects fund – budget to actual	86
Combining statement of net assets – nonmajor enterprise funds	87
Combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets	
(deficit) – nonmajor enterprise funds	88
Combining statement of cash flows – nonmajor enterprise funds	89 – 90
Combining statement of assets and liabilities – agency funds	91
Statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds	92
· ·	
Statistical Section (Unaudited)	
Statistical section contents	93
Net assets by component	94
Changes in net assets	95 <b>–</b> 96
Program revenues by function/program	97
Fund balances, governmental funds	98
Changes in fund balances, governmental funds	99
Tax revenues by source, governmental funds	100
Principal sales tax industries	101
Assessed and estimated actual value of taxable property	102
Direct and overlapping property tax rates	103
Principal property taxpayers	104
Property tax levies and collections	105
Ratios of net general bonded debt outstanding by type	106
Direct and overlapping governmental activities debt	107
Legal debt margin information	108
Pledged-revenue coverage	109
Demographic and economic statistics	110
Principal employers	111
Full-time equivalent city government employees by functions/programs	112
Operating indicators by function/program	113
Capital asset statistics by function/program	114
Building permits issued (new construction and substantial remodels only)	115
Top 10 water users	116
Water system historical customer information	117
Sewer system historical customer information	118



**Department of Finance** 201 East Broadway Excelsior Springs, MO 64024 Phone: (816) 630-0760 Fax: (816) 630-4424 www.ci.excelsior-springs.mo.us

February 3, 2012

To the Mayor, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish a complete set of audited financial statements. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri (the City), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, is hereby submitted to fulfill those requirements. This report was prepared by the Finance Department in close cooperation with our external auditor, McGladrey & Pullen, LLP.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Excelsior Springs' financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2011. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

# Profile of the Government

The City of Excelsior Springs was formed in 1880 and is located in eastern Clay and western Ray Counties. It currently occupies approximately sixteen square miles and serves an estimated population of 11,500. The City of Excelsior Springs is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Excelsior Springs is a city of the third-class and operates under the manager-council form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the five-member City Council whose members are elected at large for staggered three-year terms. The Mayor and Mayor pro tem are elected by the City Council from amongst its members and serve a one-year term. The City Council appoints the City Manager who serves as the chief administrative officer of the City.

The City of Excelsior Springs provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, and emergency medical service, water, sanitation service, traffic regulation and municipal court service, construction and maintenance of city streets and bridges, and recreational activities. This report presents data for the financial reporting entity, which includes all departments, funds, boards, and commissions of the primary government (the City, as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The two component units of the City include the Facilities Authority, which is a blended component unit and the City Hospital, which is a discretely presented component unit. The financial reporting entity is discussed further in note 1 to the basic financial statements.

The Excelsior Springs R-40 School District and the Excelsior Springs Housing Authority do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity and, accordingly, are not presented in this report.

The City Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Excelsior Springs financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund (e.g., general fund), function (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the City Council.

# Local Economy

Excelsior Springs' location provides some unique opportunities as we are located close enough to Kansas City that many of our citizens both work and shop in Kansas City metropolitan area while our businesses also draw customers and employees from areas further removed from the metropolitan area. Some of the major employers within Excelsior Springs include the Excelsior Springs School District, American Italian Pasta, Magna Intier Auto Interiors (a just-in-time supplier of auto interior parts to the Claycomo Ford plant), Excelsior Springs Job Corps Center, Waller Truck Company, and Gilmore Group.

Excelsior Springs is home to a state-of-the-art manufacturing facility operated by American Italian Pasta and to the corporate headquarters of Waller Truck Company. The Excelsior Springs School District operates two elementary schools, one middle school, and one high school within the City Limits. The district also operates the Excelsior Springs Area Career Center which offers vocational technology training to students from the surrounding area. Excelsior Springs is also home to the Crescent Lake Christian Academy. The Excelsior Springs Job Corp Center provides training in business office technology, construction-related occupations, culinary arts and health occupations to approximately 375 students.

All of these activities have given Excelsior Springs a relatively stable employment base. Clay County, which includes most of Excelsior Springs, has an unemployment rate of approximately 7.8% in September 2011, which is slightly below the state and national average of approximately 8.3% and 8.8%, respectively. During the past ten years the Clay County unemployment rate has varied from a low of 4.3% to a high of 8.7%.

During the past ten years, the government's expenses related to public safety have increased not only in amount, but also as a percentage of total expenses (a ten-year increase of 13 percent). Much of the increase reflects a trend that has seen the salaries and benefits of police officers and firefighters growing at a faster rate than those of other categories of public-sector employees. This increase is also associated with the increased quantity and types of specialized equipment required by the public safety professions.

During the past ten years, the government's total tax revenues have increased by approximately \$2,895,000, or 49.9%. The largest single contributor in this increase was general sales and use tax which increased by approximately \$1,639,606, or 49.7%. Property tax revenues also increased by approximately \$623,000, or 46.9 percent, during this ten-year period. Utility franchise fees increased by approximately \$615,000, or 60.9 percent, during this ten-year period. The increase in sales and use tax revenues was driven by the addition of a one-half cent sales tax for public safety as well as a growth in underlying sales. The increase in property tax revenues was driven primarily by the growth in assessed value. The increase in utility franchise fees was driven by the collection of these fees on wireless telephones.

# Long-term financial planning

The unassigned fund balance in the general fund (34.7 percent of total general fund revenues) falls within the policy guidelines set by the City Council and exceeds the minimum recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association (a fund balance in their general fund of no less than five to 15 percent of regular general fund operating revenues).

In December 2010, the City issued approximately thirty-five million dollars in certificates of participation to fund 1) refunding of the outstanding water bonds, 2) rehabilitation of the water distribution system, 3) construction of a new sewer plant, and 4) rehabilitation of the sewer collection system.

### Major Initiatives

On August 25, 2006 the City obtained a new five-year operating permit for the Wastewater Treatment Plant. As the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued updated water quality standards for those entities discharging wastewater effluent into "full-body contact" streams, the City anticipates not being able to qualify for renewal of the Wastewater Discharge Permit without first completing substantial upgrades and improvements. The City has contracted for design of a new sewer plant and rehabilitation of the sewer collection system. It is anticipated that these projects will be completed during fiscal year 2013 or 2014.

The City has hired an engineering firm to redesign components of the water distribution system. These improvements should improve flows and pressure to the affected areas. It is anticipated that this project will be completed during fiscal year 2013 or 2014.

During the current fiscal year, the City started construction of a new animal control center, funded from the Capital Improvements Sales Tax Fund. Construction on this project will be completed during fiscal year 2012.

During the current fiscal year, the City solicited bids for the manufacture of a new fire apparatus. The City anticipates completing the purchase of this apparatus during fiscal year 2012. This purchase will be funded from the Public Safety Sales Tax Fund.

# Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Excelsior Springs for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. This was the fifth consecutive year that the government received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

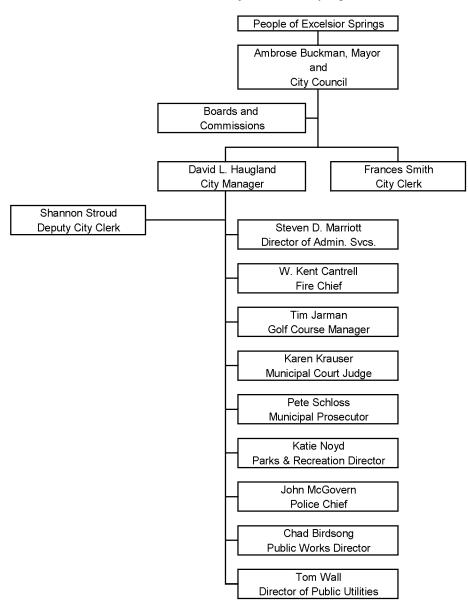
A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department and the assistance of other departments. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Excelsior Springs' finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Steven D. Marriott

Director of Administrative Services



# Principal Officials September 30, 2011

# **Elected Officials**

MayorAmbrose BuckmanMayor Pro TemChad TaylorCouncilmanJames C. NelsonCouncilmanBrent McElweeCouncilwomanCarolyn Schutte

# **Appointed Officials**

David L. Haugland City Manager Frances Smith City Clerk Deputy City Clerk Shannon Stroud Steven D. Marriott Director of Administrative Services W. Kent Cantrell Fire Chief Golf Course Manager Tim Jarmin Karen Krauser Municipal Court Judge Pete Schloss Municipal Prosecutor Katie Noyd Parks and Recreation Director Police Chief John McGovern Chad Birdsong Public Works Director Tom Wall Director of Public Utilities

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Excelsior Springs Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
September 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

Linka C. Handson

President

**Executive Director** 



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri Excelsior Springs, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City Hospital, the discretely presented component unit of the City, which represents all of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit opinion unit and 46 percent and 0 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information for the Hospital's agency fund. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City Hospital, a discretely presented component unit and Hospital agency fund, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri, as of September 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund and Capital Improvements Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As explained in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which changed its classifications of governmental funds' fund balances and restated the General Fund and aggregate remaining fund's beginning fund balance.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2012 on our consideration of the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 15, the pension plan schedule of funding progress and schedule of employer contributions on page 67 and schedule of funding progress for other postemployment benefit plan on page 68 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Kansas City, Missouri February 2, 2012

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

2

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

As management of the City of Excelsior Springs, we offer readers of the City of Excelsior Springs' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Excelsior Springs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City of Excelsior Springs (primary government only) exceeded its liabilities at the
  close of the most recent fiscal year by \$36,215,432. Of this amount, \$7,425,549 may be used to
  meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. For fiscal year 2010, assets
  exceeded liabilities by \$33,164,344 of which \$7,773,669 was unrestricted.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$3,051,088 and \$1,861,475 for fiscal years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Analysis is included in the overview of the financial statements.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Excelsior Springs' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,491,240, an increase of \$1,345,033.
   Approximately \$2,414,707 of this amount is available for spending at the government's discretion.
   Total governmental funds combined ending fund balances in fiscal year 2010 were \$10,146,207.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,503,528 or 36 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City of Excelsior Springs total debt (excluding compensated absences) increased by \$31,796,114 (467 percent) during the current fiscal year.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Excelsior Springs' basic financial statements. The City of Excelsior Springs' basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Excelsior Springs' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Excelsior Springs' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Excelsior Springs is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Excelsior Springs that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Excelsior Springs include general government, public safety, transportation (or OMNI), public works, health and welfare, cemetery operations, recreational activities and community betterment.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Excelsior Springs itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate hospital for which the City of Excelsior Springs is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Excelsior Springs, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Excelsior Springs can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds**. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Excelsior Springs maintains 18 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund and Capital Improvements Special Revenue Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 15 funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-28 of this report.

**Proprietary funds**. The City of Excelsior Springs maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Excelsior Springs uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, golf, airport and refuse operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for water and sewer operations, both of which are considered major funds of the City of Excelsior Springs. Conversely, airport, refuse and golf operations are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-33 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Excelsior Springs' own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 34 of this report.

**Notes to basic financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 35-66 of this report.

**Other information**. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds and combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 69-90 of this report.

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Excelsior Springs, primary governmental assets exceeded liabilities by \$36,215,432 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the City of Excelsior Springs' net assets (56 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt issued to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Excelsior Springs uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Excelsior Springs' investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

			Cit	ty of Excelsior S	prin	gs' Net Assets			
	Government	al Activities		Business-Ty	ре А	ctivities	То	tal	
	2011	2010		2011		2010	2011		2010
Current and other assets	\$ 13,178,539	\$ 12,100,579	\$	37,186,447	\$	4,949,197	\$ 50,364,986	\$	17,049,776
Capital assets	14,916,179	14,948,517		12,513,974		11,138,930	27,430,153		26,087,447
Total assets	28,094,718	27,049,096		49,700,421		16,088,127	77,795,139		43,137,223
Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,436,522	1,985,679		35,959,425		3,555,623	37,395,947		5,541,302
Other liabilities	2,831,505	3,257,503		1,352,255		1,174,074	4,183,760		4,431,577
Total liabilities	4,268,027	5,243,182		37,311,680		4,729,697	41,579,707		9,972,879
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt	12,996,356	12,241,755		7,360,002		7,033,568	20,356,358		19,275,323
Restricted	8,196,025	5,493,852		237,500		621,500	8,433,525		6,115,352
Unrestricted	 2,634,310	4,070,307		4,791,239		3,703,362	7,425,549		7,773,669
Total net assets	\$ 23,826,691	\$ 21,805,914	\$	12,388,741	\$	11,358,430	\$ 36,215,432	\$	33,164,344

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

A portion of the City of Excelsior Springs' net assets (23 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$7,425,549 or 21 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of 2011 and 2010, the City of Excelsior Springs is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for the governmental activities and business-type activities.

There was an increase of \$2,702,173 in restricted net assets reported in connection with the City of Excelsior Springs' governmental activities. This increase was caused primarily by an increase in public safety sales tax funds on hand and capital project funds on hand.

There was a decrease of \$384,000 in restricted net assets reported in connection with the City of Excelsior Springs' business-type activities. This decrease resulted primarily from the release of collateral pledged by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources related to the 1992 Sewerage Revenue Bonds.

The government's net assets increased by \$3,051,088 during the current fiscal year. The changes in net assets are highlighted in the following table, which shows the City's revenue and expenses for the fiscal year. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net assets.

Revenue is further divided into two major components: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for sales and services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes, investment income and other unrestricted revenue sources.

A summary of the City's changes in net assets is as follows:

		City of E	xcelsi	or Springs' Cha	nges	in Net Assets		
	overnmental ctivities 2011	Business-Type Activities 2011		2011 Total		overnmental ctivities 2010	usiness-Type ctivities 2010	2010 Total
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 2,226,935	\$ 5,765,995	\$	7,992,930	\$	1,813,830	\$ 5,066,766	\$ 6,880,596
Operating grants and								
contributions	1,123,580	12,577		1,136,157		1,515,557	16,483	1,532,040
Capital grants and								
contributions	-	15,300		15,300		-	-	-
General revenues:								
Property taxes	1,955,284	-		1,955,284		1,880,348	-	1,880,348
General sales and use tax	4,998,485	-		4,998,485		4,917,024	-	4,917,024
Franchise tax	1,625,117	-		1,625,117		1,530,424	-	1,530,424
Cigarette tax	116,058	-		116,058		117,079	-	117,079
Railroad and utility/financial								
institution tax	60,219	-		60,219		52,715	-	52,715
Investment earnings	157,789	125,120		282,909		148,491	84,269	232,760
Miscellaneous	73,369	-		73,369		48,620	-	48,620
Gain on sale of capital assets	 -	-		-		21,295	-	21,295
Total revenues	12,336,836	5,918,992		18,255,828		12,045,383	5,167,518	17,212,901

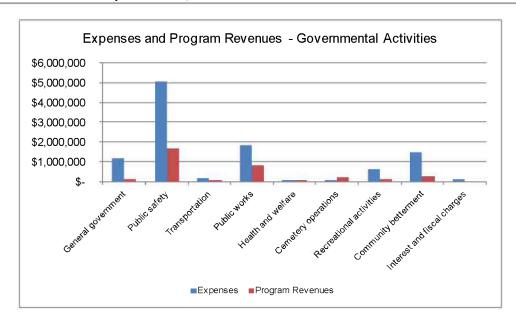
# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

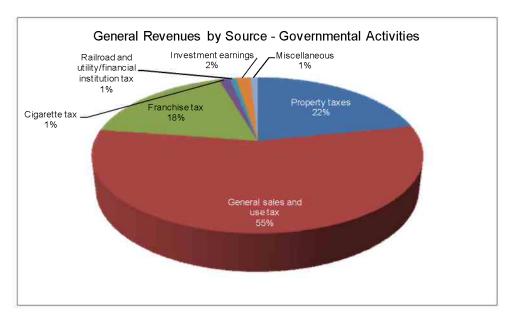
		City of Excelsion	r Spr	ings' Changes i	n Net Assets (Cont	inued)	
	overnmental ctivities 2011	iness-Type ivities 2011		2011 Total	Governmental Activities 2010	Business-Type Activities 2010	2010 Total
Expenses:							
General government	1,161,049	-		1,161,049	1,128,823	=	1,128,823
Public safety	5,055,440	-		5,055,440	5,361,872	-	5,361,872
Transportation	152,676	-		152,676	143,981	-	143,981
Public works	1,840,211	-		1,840,211	1,929,547	=	1,929,547
Health and welfare	55,520	-		55,520	51,887	-	51,887
Cemetery operations	17,810	-		17,810	-	-	-
Recreational activities	634,316	-		634,316	528,013	-	528,013
Community betterment	1,508,422	-		1,508,422	1,728,610	-	1,728,610
Interest and fiscal charges	102,165	-		102,165	137,029	-	137,029
Water	-	1,892,942		1,892,942	-	1,660,959	1,660,959
Sewer	-	1,330,063		1,330,063	-	1,204,401	1,204,401
Golf	-	765,508		765,508	-	792,062	792,062
Airport	-	50,282		50,282	-	16,958	16,958
Refuse	-	638,336		638,336	-	667,284	667,284
Total expenses	10,527,609	4,677,131		15,204,740	11,009,762	4,341,664	15,351,426
Excess before transfers	1,809,227	1,241,861		3,051,088	1,035,621	825,854	1,861,475
Transfers	 211,550	(211,550)		_	(638,842)	638,842	
Change in net assets	2,020,777	1,030,311		3,051,088	396,779	1,464,696	1,861,475
Net assets, beginning	21,805,914	 11,358,430		33,164,344	21,409,135	9,893,734	31,302,869
Net assets, ending	\$ 23,826,691	\$ 12,388,741	\$	36,215,432	\$ 21,805,914	\$ 11,358,430	\$ 33,164,344

**Governmental activities**. Governmental activities increased the City of Excelsior Springs' net assets by \$2,020,777, accounting for 66 percent of the increase in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services increased by \$413,105 (23 percent) during the fiscal year. This increase was
  caused by an increase in the amounts billed for capital projects as well as an increase in the
  number of Park and Recreation program participants.
- Operating grants and contribution revenues decreased by \$391,977 (26 percent) during the fiscal
  year. This decrease was caused by a decrease in federal grant monies received for street and
  bridge rehabilitation projects as well as a decrease in federal grant monies received for law
  enforcement activities.
- Franchise tax revenues increased by \$94,693 (6 percent) during the fiscal year. This increase was driven by increased electric franchise taxes received during the current year due to increased usage and to electric rate increases which occurred during the year.
- Public safety expenses decreased by \$306,432 (6 percent) during the fiscal year. This decrease is
  primarily related to decreased grant expenses associated with the Clay County Drug Task Force
  and decreased expenses associated with the operation of traffic enforcement cameras.
- Community betterment expenses decreased by \$220,188 (13 percent) during the fiscal year. This
  decrease is attributable primarily to decreased expenses related to Community Development
  Block Grant (CDBG) programs.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

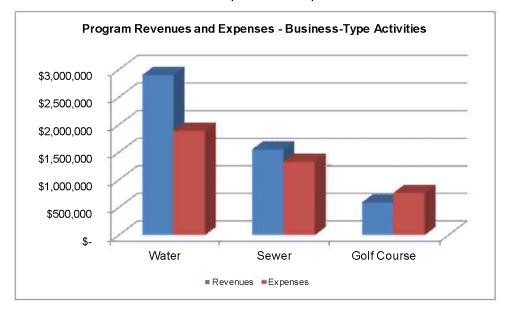




# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

**Business-type activities**. Business-type activities increased the City of Excelsior Springs' net assets by \$1,030,311, accounting for 34 percent of the increase in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services for business-type activities increased by \$699,229 (14 percent). This increase was driven by a \$373,122 (15 percent) increase in water revenues and a \$356,315 (30 percent) increase in sewer revenues. The increases in water and sewer revenues were caused by rate increases of 15 percent and 33 percent, respectively.
- Interest income for business-type activities increased by \$40,851 (48 percent), primarily due to increased cash balances due to the deposit of bond proceeds.



# Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Excelsior Springs uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

**Governmental funds**. The focus of the City of Excelsior Springs' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Excelsior Springs' financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Excelsior Springs' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,491,240, an increase of \$1,345,033 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$2,414,707 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Excelsior Springs. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,503,528. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 36 percent of General Fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 50 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Excelsior Springs' General Fund increased by \$478,715 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this growth are as follows:

- Total revenues increased by \$467,141 (7 percent). This increase was caused primarily by a \$199,160 increase in tax revenues, a \$355,137 increase in intergovernmental revenues, an \$83,404 increase in charges for services, a \$70,306 decrease in fines and forfeitures and an \$84,482 decrease in other revenues.
- Total expenditures increased by \$143,016 (2 percent). This increase was caused by a \$30,538 (2.9 percent) decrease in general government expenditures, a \$23,752 (2.5 percent) decrease in public works expenditures, a \$41,896 (0.9 percent) increase in public safety expenditures and a \$129,795 (441 percent) increase in capital outlay expenditures. The decrease in general government expenditures was driven by consulting fees associated with the DREAM initiative which were paid during the prior fiscal year. The increase in public safety expenditures was driven by increases in salary and benefit expenditures related to pay increases given during the year. The increase in capital outlay expenditures was due to the purchase of a vibratory compactor, one truck and one police cruiser.
- Other financing sources decreased by \$333,844 (28.1 percent). This decrease was driven by a decrease in transfers from the Transportation Trust Fund as the current year's street overlay program was not begun until after year-end.
- Other financing uses decreased by \$825,679 (59.9 percent). This decrease was caused by the City Council making a conscious decision to forgive amounts owed to the General Fund by the Golf Course and Airport Funds during the prior fiscal year.

The Parks and Recreation Fund has a total fund balance of \$521,056. Funding sources for the Parks and Recreation Fund include property tax revenues and program revenue. The fund balance of the Parks and Recreation Fund decreased by \$53,250 during the fiscal year. Key factors of this decrease are as follows:

- Total revenues increased by \$64,018 (10.2 percent) from the prior fiscal year. The largest factor in this increase was the receipt of \$32,692 in grant proceeds related to the Siloam Mountain walk trail.
- Total expenditures increased by \$221,419 (45 percent). This increase was caused by a \$42,800 increase in personnel costs related to an increase in the number of part-time employees used, a \$32,809 increase in operational costs, a \$44,879 increase in administrative costs, and a \$99,584 increase in capital outlay expenditures. All of these increases were driven by a change in the Park Board philosophy which resulted in an increase in the programs offered, etc.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

The Capital Improvements Fund has a total fund balance of \$2,189,720. Funding sources for the Capital Improvements Fund include sales and use tax revenues as well as interest proceeds. The fund balance of the Capital Improvements Fund increased by \$34,906 during the fiscal year. Key factors of this increase include the following:

- Total revenues increased by \$47,082 (6 percent). This increase was caused by an increase in sales and use tax revenues.
- Total expenditures increased by \$220,045 (69 percent). This increase occurred because of a \$353,395 (305 percent) increase in capital outlay expenditures offset by a decrease in other expenditures. The increase in capital outlay expenditures was driven by construction of a new animal shelter facility.
- Transfers out decreased by \$263,165 (52 percent). This decrease is related to match provided on the Hall of Waters Terrace project during the prior fiscal year.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City of Excelsior Springs' proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water Fund and the Pollution Control (Sewer) Fund at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$3,444,858 and \$1,407,131, respectively. The increase in net assets for these funds was \$897,187 and \$203,559, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Excelsior Springs' business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

General Fund Revenue: This budgetary analysis does not include those funds consolidated with the General Fund. The original 2011 revenue budget was \$7,017,624 including transfers of \$736,430 and proceeds from the sale of capital assets of \$5,000. The amended 2011 revenue budget was \$7,264,939 including transfers of \$753,529 and proceeds from the sale of capital assets of \$11,500. Actual revenue, including transfers and proceeds from the sale of capital assets was \$7,473,740 and included the following variances:

Taxes, including property tax, franchise fees, sales and use tax and other miscellaneous taxes comprise 58 percent of the total General Fund revenue. In total, General Fund tax revenues exceeded the original and amended budget by approximately 9 percent and 1.5 percent, respectively. Some elements of this difference include the following:

- Property tax collections grew by 3 percent over fiscal year 2010 and exceeded the original and amended budget by 3.9 percent and 0.3 percent, respectively.
- Sales and use tax collections grew by 4.5 percent over fiscal year 2010 and exceeded the original and amended budget by 6 percent and 1.6 percent, respectively.
- Total franchise fees grew by 6.2 percent over fiscal year 2010 and exceeded the original and amended budget by 15.7 percent and 2.8 percent, respectively. Electric franchise fees increased by \$85,561 (12.4 percent) over fiscal year 2010 primarily due to increases in electric rates and increased usage as the summer was unusually warm. All other franchise fees were fairly consistent.
- Licenses and permit revenues exceeded the original budget by 1.2 percent, fell short of the amended budget by 4.5 percent and decreased by 2.7 percent from fiscal year 2010.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

- Charges for services exceeded the original and amended budget by 3.4 percent and 23.2 percent, respectively, and grew by 12 percent from fiscal year 2010. These differences are attributable to changes in net ambulance billings due in part to an increase in the number of ambulance calls.
- Fines and forfeitures exceeded the original and amended budget by 1.4 percent and 2.5 percent, respectively, and decreased by 12 percent from fiscal year 2010. Traffic enforcement cameras were added late in fiscal year 2009 and the revenues from these cameras has begun to decline as is typical.
- Investment earnings fell short of the original and amended budget by 9.6 percent and 0.03
  percent, respectively, and decreased by 3.6 percent from fiscal year 2010. The continued decline
  in interest rates is the driving force in this decrease.
- Other revenues exceeded the original and amended budget by 45.8 percent and 1.3 percent, respectively, and grew by 24 percent from fiscal year 2010.

General Fund Expenditures: This budgetary analysis does not include those funds consolidated with the General Fund. The original 2011 expenditure budget was \$7,017,583 including transfers of \$414,900. The amended 2011 expenditure budget was \$7,256,838 including transfers of \$440,515. Actual expenditures, including transfers, were \$6,939,957 and declined by 8.3 percent from fiscal year 2010. Salary and benefit expenditures increased by \$127,383, or 2.8 percent, from fiscal year 2010. Other details of the changes are as follows:

- General government expenditures exceeded the original budget by 0.3 percent and declined by 1.3 percent from fiscal year 2010. Some elements of this difference are:
  - City manager and City council expenditures exceeded the original budget by 4.7 percent and decreased by 14 percent from fiscal year 2010. The largest factor in this decrease was a 99 percent decrease in professional fees as \$42,510 was expended in the prior fiscal year on the DREAM program, while those expenditures were not replicated in the current year.
  - ✓ Finance department expenditures fell short of the original budget by 2.4 percent although they grew by 5 percent over fiscal year 2010. The largest factor in this increase was a 5 percent increase in personnel expenditures.
  - ✓ Human Resources expenditures fell short of the original budget by 0.5 percent and increased by 5 percent over fiscal year 2010. The largest factor in this increase was a 4 percent increase in personnel expenditures.
  - ✓ Building operations expenditures exceeded the original budget by 3 percent and grew by 27 percent from fiscal year 2010. The largest factor in this increase was a 23 percent increase in building maintenance expenditures.
- Public works expenditures exceeded the original budget by 1.2 percent and increased by 5.5
  percent over fiscal year 2010. Some of the factors of this increase include a 46 percent increase in
  operational and maintenance expenditures.
- Public safety expenditures fell short of the original budget by 1 percent although they grew by 1
  percent from fiscal year 2010. Some elements of this difference are:
  - ✓ Police department expenditures fell short of the original budget by 4 percent and decreased by 2 percent over fiscal year 2010. The largest factor in this decrease was a 16.2 percent decrease in operational expenditures driven by a decrease in payments to the subcontractor that operates the City's traffic enforcement cameras.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

- ✓ Municipal court expenditures exceeded the original budget by 1 percent and grew by 21 percent from fiscal year 2010. The largest single factor in this increase was a 9.9 percent increase in personnel expenditures related to employing two court clerks for part of the current fiscal year.
- ✓ Fire department expenditures exceeded the original budget by 4 percent and grew by 3 percent from fiscal year 2010. The largest factor in this increase was a 2.7 percent increase in personnel expenditures.
- Community betterment expenditures increased by 6 percent from fiscal year 2010 and fell short of
  the original budget and the amended budget by 10.5 percent and 10.7 percent, respectively. The
  increase in community betterment expenditures was caused by a 4.5 percent increase in
  community development department expenditures, a 7 percent increase in senior center
  expenditures and an 8.6 percent increase in transportation expenditures.
- Capital outlay expenditures increased by 431 percent from fiscal year 2010 and fell short of the
  original budget and the amended budget by 3 percent and 6 percent, respectively. The increase in
  capital outlay expenditures was driven by the purchase of a vibratory roller and a truck for the
  street department.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City of Excelsior Springs' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of the end of the current fiscal year amounts to \$27,430,153 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets. The total increase in the City of Excelsior Springs' investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.1 percent (business-type capital assets increased by 12.3 percent while governmental capital assets decreased by 0.2 percent).

Additional information on the City of Excelsior Springs' capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

City of Excelsior Springs' Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	ре А	ctivities	Total				
	2011		2010	2011		2010	2011		2010		
Land	\$ 1,566,614	\$	1,523,144	\$ 1,136,537	\$	1,036,813	\$ 2,703,151	\$	2,559,957		
Land improvements	-		-	220,792		263,246	220,792		263,246		
Construction-in-progress	8 <b>75</b> ,8 <b>69</b>		653,522	2,211,224		74,712	3,087,093		728,234		
Buildings and improvements	1,008,836		937,146	2,101,610		2,328,553	3,110,446		3,265,699		
Operating equipment	972,183		1,048,363	110,037		215,379	1,082,220		1,263,742		
Furniture and office equipment	152,981		71,440	25,474		15,649	178,455		87,089		
Vehicles	830,436		777,536	132,969		126,659	963,405		904,195		
Infrastructure	 9,509,260		9,937,366	6,575,331		7,077,919	16,084,591		17,015,285		
	\$ 14,916,179	\$	14,948,517	\$ 12,513,974	\$	11,138,930	\$ 27,430,153	\$	26,087,447		

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

**Long-term debt**. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Excelsior Springs had total capital leases, bonded debt, certificates of participation and long-term loans payable outstanding of \$337,405, \$2,243,333, \$35,790,000 and \$237,500, respectively, for a total of \$38,608,238. Of this amount, \$2,243,333 represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds). The remainder of the City of Excelsior Springs' debt represents capital lease agreements, certificates of participation and long-term loans payable.

City of Excelsior Springs' Outstanding Debt

	 Ca	ıpital	l Leases, Ger	eral (	Obligation Bond	ls, R	evenue Bond	s and	l Long-Term De	bt	
	Government	al A	ctivities		Business-Ty	ре А	ctivities		Tot	al	
	2011		2010		2011		2010		2011		2010
Capital leases	\$ 74,823	\$	146,762	\$	262,582	\$	359,112	\$	337,405	\$	505,874
Special assessment debt with governmental commitment	_		140.000		_		_		_		140.000
Revenue bonds	1,845,000		2,420,000		398,333		3,401,250		2,243,333		5,821,250
Certificates of participation	-		-		35,790,000		-		35,790,000		-
Long-term loans payable	 -		-		237,500		345,000		237,500		345,000
	\$ 1,919,823	\$	2,706,762	\$	36,688,415	\$	4,105,362	\$	38,608,238	\$	6,812,124

The City of Excelsior Springs' total debt increased by \$31,796,114 (467 percent) during the current fiscal year. This increase resulted from the issuance of certificates of participation during the year of \$2,305,000, \$13,280,000, \$20,205,000 and scheduled principal payments.

The City of Excelsior Springs maintains an "A+" rating from Standard and Poor's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue up to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Excelsior Springs is \$27.140 million. As the City of Excelsior Springs has no outstanding general obligation debt, this entire amount is available for issuance with voter approval.

Additional information on the City of Excelsior Springs' long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The unemployment rate for Clay County, which includes the City of Excelsior Springs, is currently 7.8 percent, which is 0.7 percent lower than it was one year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 8.3 percent and the national average of 8.8 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- Real estate values and related assessed values have experienced a slight decline over the past year, although the decline in this area is not as substantial as the declines seen in other parts of the nation.

These factors were considered in preparing the City of Excelsior Springs' budget for the 2012 fiscal year:

- During the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund increased to \$2,503,528.
   The City of Excelsior Springs passed a balanced budget for the 2012 fiscal year.
- Water and sewer rate increases of 12.8 percent and 28.1 percent, respectively were included in the 2011 budget.
- Construction of a new wastewater plant is expected to start during fiscal year 2012 and continue into fiscal year 2013.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Excelsior Springs' finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Administrative Services, City of Excelsior Springs, 201 East Broadway, Excelsior Springs, Missouri 64024.

# Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2011

			Component Unit			
	'	Governmental	Business-Type			
Assets		Activities	Activities	Total		Hospital
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,448,631	\$ 2,389,704	\$ 7,838,335	\$	4,867,903
Investments		3,385,000	2,085,000	5,470,000		-
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$219,304:						
Property taxes		1,391,101	-	1,391,101		-
Franchise taxes		170,958	-	170,958		-
Utility accounts		-	636,796	636,796		-
Patient accounts		-	-	-		2,580,954
Other		217,824	-	217,824		665,528
Due from other governmental units		690,858	-	690,858		-
Inventory		-	2,500	2,500		-
Prepaid items		164,422	12,030	176,452		456,037
Assets held for sale		23,000	-	23,000		-
Internal balances		356,052	(356,052)	-		-
Supplies		-	-	-		423,106
Total current assets		11,847,846	4,769,978	16,617,824		8,993,528
Noncurrent assets:						
Nondepreciable:						
Land		1,566,614	1,136,537	2,703,151		-
Construction-in-progress		875,869	2,211,224	3,087,093		-
Depreciable:						
Land improvements		39,831	809,585	849,416		1,318,881
Buildings and improvements		4,433,797	5,107,018	9,540,815		15,120,671
Operating equipment		2,189,867	1,170,872	3,360,739		6,856,870
Furniture and office equipment		340,559	141,704	482,263		7,142,661
Vehicles		2,769,896	831,934	3,601,830		-
Infrastructure		46,269,168	16,872,788	63,141,956		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(43,569,422)	(15,767,688)	(59,337,110)		(15,493,146)
Total capital assets		14,916,179	12,513,974	27,430,153		14,945,937
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		931,485	31,899,702	32,831,187		=
Restricted investments		399,208	-	399,208		-
Cash and deposits held under bond						
indenture, due from primary						
government agency fund		-	-	-		1,020,814
Bond issuance costs		-	516,767	516,767		-
Other		-	-	-		122,163
Total noncurrent assets		16,246,872	44,930,443	61,177,315		16,088,914
Total assets	\$	28,094,718	\$ 49,700,421	\$ 77,795,139	\$	25,082,442

			F	rimary Government		С	omponent Unit
	G	overnmental		Business-Type			
Liabilities		Activities		Activities	Total		Hospital
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	341,310	\$	159,208	\$ 500,518	\$	723,461
Unearned revenue		1,345,989		-	1,345,989		-
Customer deposits		-		296,098	296,098		-
Accrued interest		35,244		199,177	234,421		63,804
Current portion of long-term							
obligations:							
Compensated absences		419,139		87,337	506,476		491,962
Capital lease obligations		74,823		55,852	130,675		507,423
Revenue bonds payable		615,000		214,583	829,583		260,877
Certificates of participation		-		340,000	340,000		-
Total current liabilities		2,831,505		1,352,255	4,183,760		2,047,527
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:							
Other postemployment benefits obligation		86,126		20,474	106,600		-
LAGERS pension obligation		120,396		29,310	149,706		=
Capital lease obligations		-		206,730	206,730		703,172
Loans payable		_		237,500	237,500		-
Revenue bonds payable		1,230,000		183,750	1,413,750		11,341,554
Certificates of participation		_		35,281,661	35,281,661		-
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,436,522		35,959,425	37,395,947		12,044,726
Total liabilities		4,268,027		37,311,680	41,579,707		14,092,253
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		12,996,356		7,360,002	20,356,358		2,132,911
Restricted for:		12,990,000		7,300,002	20,000,000		2,102,911
Renewal and replacement		_		237,500	237,500		_
Debt service		1,020,607			1,020,607		736,584
Parks and recreation		521,056		_	521,056		-
Capital projects		3,816,203		_	3,816,203		150,972
Planning and development		1,197,748		_	1,197,748		-
Public safety		1,640,411		_	1,640,411		-
Other		-		_	-		120,932
Unrestricted		2,634,310		4,791,239	7,425,549		7,848,790
Total net assets		23,826,691		12,388,741	36,215,432		10,990,189
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	28,094,718	\$	49,700,421	\$ 77,795,139	\$	25,082,442

# Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2011

		Program Revenues								
			Charges for		Operating		Capital			
			Services		Grants and		Grants and			
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		and Sales		Contributions		Contributions			
Primary Government										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ (1,161,049)	\$	115,858	\$	-	\$	-			
Public safety	(5,055,440)		1,406,395		274,758		-			
Transportation	(152,676)		30,767		61,309		-			
Public works	(1,840,211)		333,091		492,908		-			
Health and welfare	(55,520)		-		16,500		-			
Cemetery operations	(17,810)		10,095		208,596		-			
Recreational activities	(634,316)		127,279		-		-			
Community betterment	(1,508,422)		203,450		69,509		-			
Interest and fiscal charges	(102,165)		-		-		-			
Total governmental										
activities	(10,527,609)		2,226,935		1,123,580		-			
Business-type activities:										
Water	(1,892,942)		2,887,962		-		15,300			
Sewer	(1,330,063)		1,555,214		-		-			
Golf	(765,508)		583,241		12,577		-			
Airport	(50,282)		33,729		-		-			
Refuse	(638,336)		705,849		-		-			
Total business-type activities	(4,677,131)		5,765,995		12,577		15,300			
Total primary government	\$ (15,204,740)	\$	7,992,930	\$	1,136,157	\$	15,300			
Component unit - hospital	\$ (22,477,061)	\$	22,798,257	\$	162,107	\$	9,192			

### **General Revenues**

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

General sales and use tax

Franchise tax

Cigarette tax

Railroad and utility/financial institution tax

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net assets

Net assets, beginning

Net assets, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		C	Component Unit			
C	Governmental		<del></del>			
	Activities	Activities	Total		Hospital	
\$	(1,045,191)	\$ - \$	(1,045,191)	\$	_	
	(3,374,287)	-	(3,374,287)		-	
	(60,600)	-	(60,600)		=	
	(1,014,212)	-	(1,014,212)		-	
	(39,020)	-	(39,020)		-	
	200,881	-	200,881		-	
	(507,037)	-	(507,037)		-	
	(1,235,463)	-	(1,235,463)		-	
	(102,165)	-	(102,165)		-	
	(7,177,094)	-	(7,177,094)		-	
	-	1,010,320	1,010,320		-	
	-	225,151	225,151		-	
	-	(169,690)	(169,690)		-	
	-	(16,553)	(16,553)		-	
		67,513 1,116,741	67,513 1,116,741		<u> </u>	
	-	1,110,741	1,110,141			
	(7,177,094)	1,116,741	(6,060,353)		-	
	-	-	-		492,495	
	1,955,284	-	1,955,284		262,756	
	4,998,485	-	4,998,485		-	
	1,625,117	-	1,625,117		-	
	116,058	-	116,058		-	
	60,219	-	60,219		-	
	157,789	125,120	282,909		-	
	73,369	-	73,369		80,665	
	211,550	(211,550)	-		-	
	9,197,871	(86,430)	9,111,441		343,421	
	2,020,777	1,030,311	3,051,088		835,916	
	21,805,914	11,358,430	33,164,344		10,154,273	
<b>\$</b>	23,826,691	\$ 12,388,741 \$	36,215,432	\$	10,990,189	

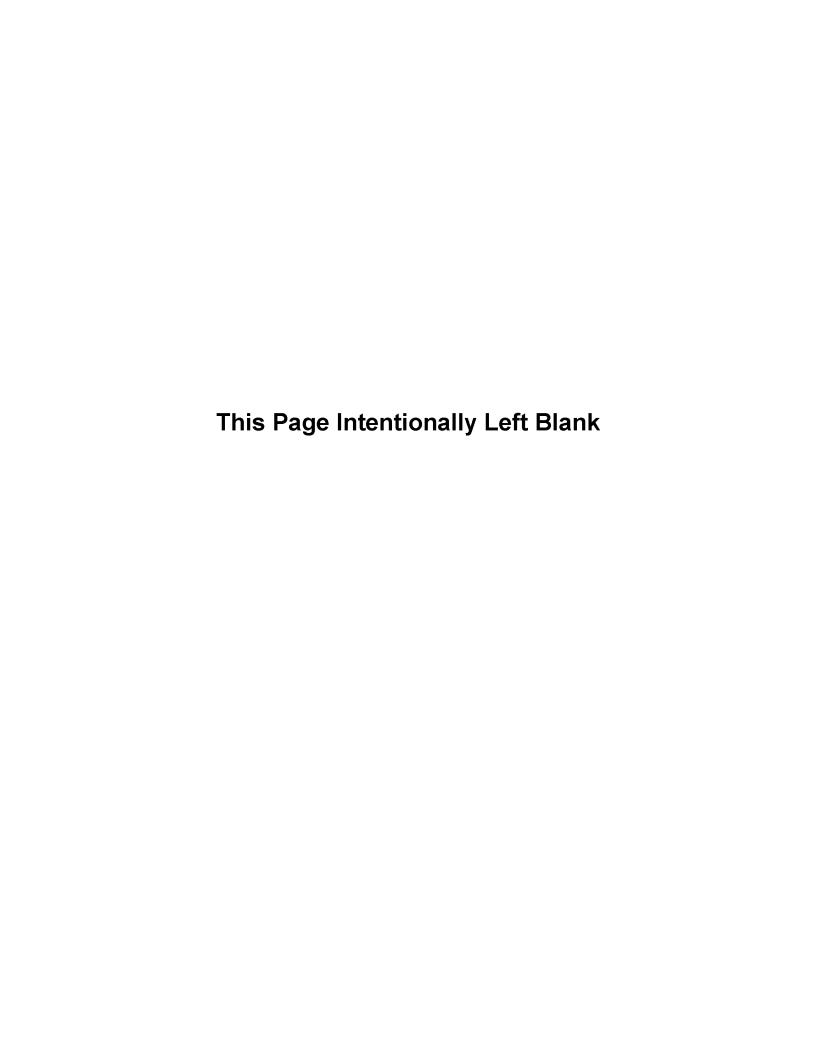
# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2011

Assets		General		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	541,776	\$	502,239
Investments		1,495,000		-
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$194,962:				
Property taxes		858,926		475,914
Franchise taxes		160,498		-
Other		213,990		3,713
Due from other governments		290,992		571
Prepaid items		164,422		-
Assets held for sale		-		-
Advances to other funds		444,873		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		124,916		-
Restricted investments		250,000		-
Total assets	\$	4,545,393	\$	982,437
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	224,683	\$	4,624
Deferred revenue		832,971		456,757
Advances from other funds		-		-
Total liabilities		1,057,654		461,381
Fund balance (deficit):				
Nonspendable		609,295		-
Restricted		374,916		521,056
Assigned		-		-
Unassigned		2,503,528		-
Total fund balance		3,487,739		521,056
Total liabilities and fund balance	_\$	4,545,393	\$	982,437

Capital			Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental		
	Improvements		Funds		Funds		
\$	1,122,731	\$	3,281,885	\$	5,448,631		
	990,000		900,000		3,385,000		
	-		56,261		1,391,101		
	-		10,460		170,958		
	121		-		217,824		
	93,903		305,392		690,858		
	-		-		164,422		
	23,000		-		23,000		
	-		-		444,873		
	-		806,569		931,485		
	-		149,208		399,208		
\$	2,229,755	\$	5,509,775	\$	13,267,360		
\$	40,035	\$	71,968	\$	341,310		
	-		56,261		1,345,989		
	-		88,821		88,821		
	40,035		217,050		1,776,120		
	23,000		156,349		788,644		
	2,166,720		5,168,577		8,231,269		
	-		56,620		56,620		
	-		(88,821)		2,414,707		
	2,189,720		5,292,725		11,491,240		
\$	2,229,755	\$	5,509,775	\$	13,267,360		

# Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities September 30, 2011

Total governmental fund balances	\$	11,491,240
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds		14,916,179
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in		
the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of the following:		
Accrued compensated absences \$ (419,13)	9)	
Accrued interest on long-term debt (35,24	4)	
Other postemployment benefits obligation (86,12	6)	
LAGERS pension obligation (120,38	6)	
Capital leases payable (74,82	3)	
Bonds payable (1,845,00	0)	(2,580,728)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	23,826,691



# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Governmental Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2011

	General	Parks and Recreation
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$ 4,347,796	\$ 569,810
Licenses, permits and fees	162,592	-
Intergovernmental	914,710	-
Charges for services	779,284	68,032
Fines and forfeitures	513,521	-
Special assessment fees	116,249	2,393
Investment earnings	99,224	11,048
Other	277,928	42,295
Total revenues	7,211,304	693,578
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government:		
Administration	65,278	-
City manager/council	367,416	-
Finance administration	415,980	-
Human resources	57,175	_
Building operations	116,044	-
Public works, street operations	922,105	_
Public safety:	,	
Police department	2,524,598	-
Municipal courts	160,286	-
Fire department	1,771,668	_
Cemetery operations	-	_
Recreational activities, parks and recreation	_	599,528
Community betterment:		000,020
Transportation activities	109,819	_
Community development	307,037	
Senior center	55,520	_
Capital outlay	159,212	- 115,419
Debt service:	139,212	115,419
Principal Interest	-	-
	-	-
Trustee fees	7,022,428	714 047
Total expenditures	7,032,138	714,947
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	179,166	(21,369)
Other financing sources (uses):	11.500	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	11,500	-
Contribution of assets	<del>-</del>	-
Transfers in	840,831	-
Transfers out	(552,782)	(31,881)
Total other financing sources (uses)	299,549	(31,881)
Net change in fund balance	478,715	(53,250)
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	3,009,024	574,306
Fund balances, ending	\$ 3,487,739	\$ 521,056

			Nonmajor		Total
	Capital		Governmental		Governmental
Imp	rovements		Funds		Funds
\$	795,093	\$	2,985,873	\$	8,698,572
Ψ	755,055	Ψ	2,303,013	Ψ	162,592
	_		335,683		1,250,393
	-		10,095		857,411
	_		-		513,521
	_		46,711		165,353
	21,538		25,979		157,789
	1,848		538		322,609
	818,479		3,404,879		12,128,240
	-		2,365		67,643
	-		-		367,416
	-		-		415,980
	-		-		57,175
	12,307		-		128,351
	-		211,925		1,134,030
	345		240,899		2,765,842
	-		-		160,286
	14,352		-		1,786,020
	-		17,810		17,810
	569		-		600,097
	-		-		109,819
	44,117		1,151,437		1,502,591
	-		-		55,520
	469,104		404,003		1,147,738
	-		786,939		786,939
	=		115,270		115,270
	-		4,826		4,826
	540,794		2,935,474		11,223,353
	277,685		469,405		904,887
	_		8,500		20,000
	_		208,596		208,596
	_		1,112,407		1,953,238
	(242,779)		(914,246)		(1,741,688)
	(242,779)		415,257		440,146
	34,906		884,662		1,345,033
	2,154,814		4,408,063		10,146,207
\$	2,189,720	\$	5,292,725	\$	11,491,240

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2011

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,345,033
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in	
governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental	
activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and	
allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation	
expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which	
capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period:	
Depreciation	(1,119,381)
Capital outlays	1,145,089
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to increase/decrease	
net assets:	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(38,046)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(20,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use	
of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Change in compensated absences	43,878
Change in other postemployment benefits obligation	(20,270)
Change in LAGERS pension obligation	(120,396)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loans, leases) provides current	
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of	
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental	
funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also,	
governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts	
and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred	
and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest	
is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest	
expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of	
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Repayment of principal of long-term debt	786,939
Interest	 17,931
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 2,020,777

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2011

	General Fund							
	Original Final						Variance With	
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Final Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	3,991,121	\$	4,282,939	\$	4,347,796	\$	64,857
Licenses, permits and fees		160,650		170,219		162,592		(7,627)
Intergovernmental		584,773		569,558		578,763		9,205
Charges for services		753,650		632,450		779,284		146,834
Fines and forfeitures		506,500		501,154		513,521		12,367
Investment earnings		109,500		99,029		99,000		(29)
Other		170,000		244,561		225,773		(18,788)
Total revenues		6,276,194		6,499,910		6,706,729		206,819
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		970,080		1,022,661		973,082		49,579
Public works		447,549		477,550		452,697		24,853
Public safety		4,496,384		4,620,039		4,456,552		163,487
Community betterment		527,697		529,061		472,376		56,685
Capital outlay		160,973		167,012		156,255		10,757
Total expenditures		6,602,683		6,816,323		6,510,962		305,361
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(326,489)		(316,413)		195,767		512,180
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,000		11,500		11,500		_
Transfers in		736,430		753,529		755,511		1,982
Transfers out		(414,900)		(440,515)		(428,995)		11,520
Total other financing sources		326,530		324,514		338,016		13,502
Net change in fund balance	\$	41	\$	8,101		533,783	\$	525,682
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:								
Activities reported within the Construction Services	s Fund. Ne	iahborhood Impr	ovemer	nt				
District Fund and Elms Hotel Event Fees Fund	•							
Total Revenue	(040 141140	J. 1115 <b>J</b> . 1111 1	u			504,575		
Total Expenditures						(521,176)		
Total other financing sources (uses)						(38,467)		
Total reconciling items						(55,068)	_	
Net change in fund balance						478,715	-	
						0.000.00		
Fund balances, beginning						3,009,024	_	
Fund balances, ending					\$	3,487,739	_	

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Parks and Recreation Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Original			Final				Variance With
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Final Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	537,000	\$	566,556	\$	569,810	\$	3,254
Charges for services		25,000		53,000		68,032		15,032
Special assessment fees		-		-		2,393		2,393
Investment earnings		4,500		9,100		11,048		1,948
Other		8,900		9,277		42,295		33,018
Total revenues		575,400		637,933		693,578		55,645
Expenditures:								
Current, recreational activities		463,208		611,831		599,528		12,303
Capital outlay		25,000		103,000		115,419		(12,419)
Total expenditures		488,208		714,831		714,947		(116)
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		87,192		(76,898)		(21,369)		55,529
Other financing (uses), transfers out		(45,000)		(40,000)		(31,881)		8,119
Net change in fund								
balance	\$	42,192	\$	(116,898)	=	(53,250)	\$	63,648
Fund balances, beginning						574,306		
Fund balances, ending					\$	521,056	_	

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Improvements Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Original			Final				Variance With
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Final Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	690,000	\$	725,136	\$	795,093	\$	69,957
Investment earnings		14,000		18,957		21,538		2,581
Other		-		-		1,848		1,848
Total revenues		704,000		744,093		818,479		74,386
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		174,000		74,428		12,307		62,121
Public safety		57,000		224,785		14,697		210,088
Public works		-		125,000		-		125,000
Recreational activities		-		73,825		569		73,256
Community betterment		-		5,000		44,117		(39,117)
Capital outlay		400,000		529,616		469,104		60,512
Total expenditures		631,000		1,032,654		540,794		491,860
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		73,000		(288,561)		277,685		566,246
Other financing (uses), transfers out		(125,000)		(258,619)		(242,779)		15,840
Net change in fund balance	\$	(52,000)	\$	(547,180)	=	34,906	\$	582,086
Fund balances, beginning						2,154,814		
Fund balances, ending					\$	2,189,720	=	

## Statement of Net Assets Enterprise Funds September 30, 2011

Assets		Water	Pollution Control	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Current assets:	_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,145,549	\$ 1,115,047	\$ 129,108	\$ 2,389,704
Investments		1,935,000	-	150,000	2,085,000
Accounts receivable, utility accounts net of					
allowance for uncollectibles of \$24,342		321,273	242,061	73,462	636,796
Inventory		-	-	2,500	2,500
Prepaids		2,850	-	9,180	12,030
Total current assets		3,404,672	1,357,108	364,250	5,126,030
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash		13,277,562	18,622,140	_	31,899,702
Advances to other funds		-	10,000	-	10,000
Bond issuance costs		236,404	280,363	-	516,767
Capital assets:					
Land		131,849	799,000	205,688	1,136,537
Construction-in-progress		549,404	1,661,820	-	2,211,224
Land improvements		-	-	809,585	809,585
Buildings and improvements		4,754,843	9,280	342,895	5,107,018
Operating equipment		243,303	219,184	708,385	1,170,872
Furniture and office equipment		56,200	77,437	8,067	141,704
Vehicles		393,105	436,579	2,250	831,934
Infrastructure		7,221,179	9,651,609	-	16,872,788
Total capital assets		13,349,883	12,854,909	2,076,870	28,281,662
Less accumulated depreciation		7,239,717	 7,019,705	1,508,266	15,767,688
Net capital assets		6,110,166	5,835,204	568,604	12,513,974
Total noncurrent assets		19,624,132	24,747,707	568,604	44,940,443
Total assets	\$	23,028,804	\$ 26,104,815	\$ 932,854	\$ 50,066,473

Liabilities and Fund Equity (Deficit)	 Water	Pollution Control	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 57,078	\$ 89,582	\$ 12,548 \$	159,208
Compensated absences	38,296	13,567	35,474	87,337
Customer deposits and bonds, restricted	296,098	-	-	296,098
Accrued interest	81,187	116,687	1,303	199,177
Current portion of:				
Capital lease obligations	-	-	55,852	55,852
Revenue bonds payable	-	214,583	-	214,583
Certificates of participation	 340,000	-	-	340,000
Total current liabilities	812,659	434,419	105,177	1,352,255
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Advances from other funds	-	-	366,052	366,052
Other postemployment benefits obligation	8,533	8,021	3,920	20,474
LAGERS pension obligation	11,124	12,483	5,703	29,310
Capital lease obligations	-	-	206,730	206,730
Loans payable	-	237,500	-	237,500
Revenue bonds payable	-	183,750	-	183,750
Certificates of participation	15,187,825	20,093,836	-	35,281,661
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,207,482	20,535,590	582,405	36,325,477
Total liabilities	16,020,141	20,970,009	687,582	37,677,732
Net assets (deficit):				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,563,805	3,490,175	306,022	7,360,002
Restricted for renewal and replacement	-	237,500	-	237,500
Unrestricted	3,444,858	1,407,131	(60,750)	4,791,239
Total net assets	7,008,663	5,134,806	245,272	12,388,741
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 23,028,804	\$ 26,104,815	\$ 932,854 \$	50,066,473

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets (Deficit) Enterprise Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2011

	\	Vater	Pollution Control		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,820,840	\$ 1,544,622	\$	1,265,612	\$ 5,631,074
Rental income		43,351	6,820		21,000	71,171
Other		23,771	3,772		48,784	76,327
Total operating revenues		2,887,962	1,555,214		1,335,396	5,778,572
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services		514,529	536,849		337,341	1,388,719
Contractual and professional services		4,258	15,994		608,090	628,342
Utilities		169,152	179,382		46,279	394,813
Maintenance and repairs		390,434	66,837		97,002	554,273
Cost of goods sold		-	-		94,148	94,148
Insurance		24,677	34,478		7,915	67,070
Supplies and materials (administrative)		218,405	67,427		128,136	413,968
Depreciation		459,641	366,019		124,678	950,338
Total operating expenses		1,781,096	1,266,986		1,443,589	4,491,671
Operating income (loss)		1,106,866	288,228		(108,193)	1,286,901
Nonoperating revenue (expense):						
Investment earnings		58,506	64,740		1,874	125,120
Gain on disposal of capital assets		15,300	-		-	15,300
Interest expense		(111,846)	(63,077)	ı	(10,537)	(185,460)
Total nonoperating						
revenue (expense)		(38,040)	1,663		(8,663)	(45,040)
Income (loss) before						
transfers		1,068,826	289,891		(116,856)	1,241,861
Transfers in		_	6,436		119,971	126,407
Transfers out		(171,639)	(92,768)	ı	(73,550)	(337,957)
		(171,639)	(86,332)	1	46,421	(211,550)
Change in net assets		897,187	203,559		(70,435)	1,030,311
Total net assets, beginning		6,111,476	 4,931,247		315,707	 11,358,430
Total net assets, ending	\$	7,008,663	\$ 5,134,806	\$	245,272	\$ 12,388,741

## Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Water	Pollution Control	Non	major Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash collected from customers	\$ 2,864,068	\$ 1,508,628	\$	1,321,483 \$	5,694,179
Cash from other operating revenue	-	-		12,577	12,577
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(849,003)	(289,842)		(997,430)	(2,136,275)
Cash paid to employees for services	(498,590)	(521,365)		(337,972)	(1,357,927)
Net cash provided by					
(used in) operating activities	 1,516,475	697,421		(1,342)	2,212,554
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Decrease in advances to other funds	-	10,000		-	10,000
Increase in advances from other funds	-	-		346,052	346,052
Interfund payments	-	-		(175,529)	(175,529)
Transfers in	-	6,436		119,971	126,407
Transfers out	(171,639)	(92,768)		(73,550)	(337,957)
Net cash provided by (used					
in) noncapital financing					
activities	(171,639)	(76,332)		216,944	(31,027)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(116,703)	(918,125)		(87,799)	(1,122,627)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	15,300	-		-	15,300
Proceeds from certificates of participation, net of					
bond issue costs of \$539,784	15,276,513	19,798,791		-	35,075,304
Principal payments on revenue bonds and					
capital leases	(2,765,000)	(345,417)		(96,530)	(3,206,947)
Interest paid	(547,278)	(662,749)		(10,660)	(1,220,687)
Net cash provided by (used					
in) capital and related					
financing activities	11,862,832	17,872,500		(194,989)	29,540,343
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of investments	(3,385,000)	-		(300,000)	(3,685,000)
Interest	60,419	64,740		1,874	127,033
Proceeds from sales and maturities					
of investments	3,395,000	-		150,000	3,545,000
Net cash provided by (used					
in) investing activities	 70,419	64,740		(148,126)	(12,967)
Net increase (decrease) in					
cash and cash equivalents	13,278,087	18,558,329		(127,513)	31,708,903
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning	1,145,024	1,178,858		256,621	2,580,503
Ending	\$ 14,423,111	\$ 19,737,187	\$	129,108 \$	34,289,406
Displayed as:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,145,549	\$ 1,115,047	\$	129,108 \$	2,389,704
Restricted cash	 13,277,562	 18,622,140		-	31,899,702
	\$ 14,423,111	\$ 19,737,187	\$	129,108 \$	34,289,406

(Continued)

## Statement of Cash Flows - Enterprise Funds (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Water	Pollution Control	Noi	nmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,106,866	\$ 288,228	\$	(108,193)	1,286,901
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation	459,641	366,019		124,678	950,338
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(31,135)	(46,586)		(1,336)	(79,057)
Decrease in inventory	-	-		3,358	3,358
Decrease in prepaids	-	21,683		-	21,683
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and					
accrued expenses	(42,077)	52,593		(19,218)	(8,702)
Increase in other postemployment benefits					
obligation	1,872	2,101		960	4,933
Increase in LAGERS pension obligation	11,124	12,483		5,703	29,310
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	2,943	900		(7,294)	(3,451)
Increase in customer deposits and bonds	 7,241	-		-	7,241
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	\$ 1,516,475	\$ 697,421	\$	(1,342)	2,212,554
Schedule of noncash items, capital and related					
financing activities, capitalized interest	\$ 471,714	\$ 731,041	\$	- 5	1,202,755

## Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds September 30, 2011

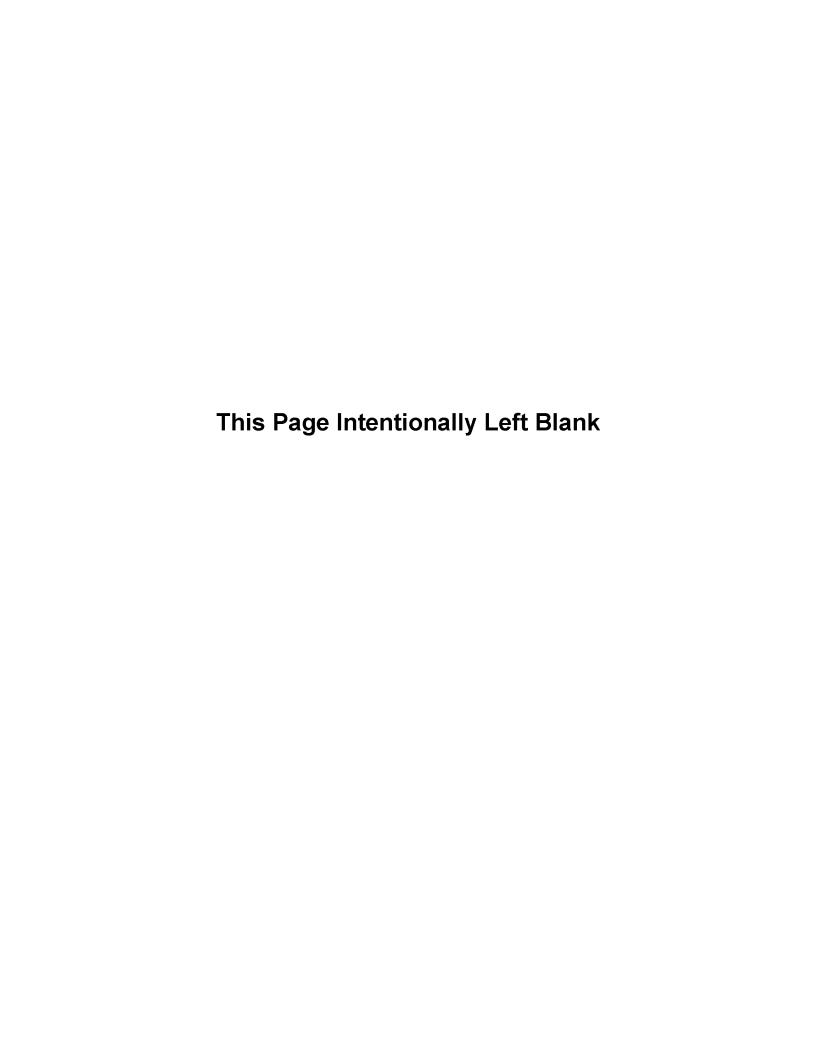
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,564,7
Taxes receivable	 245,2
	\$ 6,810,0
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 97,8
Due to component unit	6,149,6

562,518

6,810,008

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Due to other governments



#### Reporting entity:

The City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri (the City) was formed in 1880 and covers an area of approximately 16 square miles in Clay and Ray Counties, Missouri. Excelsior Springs is a city of the third class and operates under the council-manager form of government. The City Manager is the chief administrative officer of the City. The City provides services to its estimated 11,500 residents in many areas, including law enforcement, fire protection, a hospital, paramedic services, water and sewer services, community enrichment and development, and various social services. Elementary, secondary and junior college education services are provided by various school districts, all of which are separate governmental entities.

The City's reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the possibility the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

The accompanying financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The financial data of the component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. The component units have September 30 year-ends.

Blended component unit: The Facilities Authority serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a self-perpetuating five-member board established by the City Council. The Authority was established to promote, acquire, develop, construct, own, operate, maintain and lease facilities within the City, which are approved by the City Council for the purpose of promoting the economic, social, industrial, cultural and commercial growth and for the general benefit of the City and its residents. Administration of its various programs is performed by City employees. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its Board is substantively the same as the City Council and the Administration, and its sole purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings. The Facilities Authority is reported as the Debt Service Fund.

<u>Discretely presented component unit</u>: The City Hospital is a municipally owned hospital controlled by the Hospital Board, which is appointed by the City Council. City Council must approve bond issuances, but they do not take action on user charges or budget approvals. The financial statements of the City Hospital are audited by other auditors and may be obtained at the Hospital's administrative offices located at 1700 Rainbow Blvd., Excelsior Springs, Missouri 64024.

#### **Basis of presentation:**

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

<u>Fund accounting</u>: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance/net assets, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The City has the following fund types:

**Governmental Fund Types:** Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund:** The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

**Parks and Recreation Fund:** A Special Revenue Fund, accounts for parks and recreation activities of the City.

**Capital Improvements Fund:** A Special Revenue Fund, accounts for sales tax proceeds restricted for capital improvements of the City.

The Parks and Recreation Fund and Capital Improvements Fund are presented as major funds for public interest purposes.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

Special Revenue Funds: Accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The nonmajor special revenue funds account for the activities of the Transportation Trust Fund, E-911 Phone Tax Fund, Capital Improvements E-911 Tax Fund, Tax Increment Financing-Paradise Playhouse Fund, Tax Increment Financing-Vintage Development Fund, Public Safety Sales Tax Fund, Equitable Sharing Fund, Tax Increment Financing-Elms Hotel Fund, Tax Increment Financing-Wal-Mart Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund and the Tax Increment Financing – Vintage Development II Fund.

**Debt Service Funds:** Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The nonmajor debt service funds are the Debt Service Fund and Tax Increment Financing Wal-Mart/Elms Fund.

**Capital Projects Fund:** Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The nonmajor capital projects fund is the Capital Equipment Fund.

**Permanent Fund:** Accounts for and reports resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs. The nonmajor permanent fund is the Cemetery Fund.

**Proprietary Fund Types:** Proprietary fund types are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise funds: Are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the City has elected to apply all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance, issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for guidance which conflicts with or contradicts GASB pronouncements. The City has elected not to follow FASB guidance issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

**Water Fund:** Accounts for the activities of the Water Department which operates the City's water plant and provides for the distribution of safe drinking water to the City's residential and commercial customers as well as surrounding communities.

**Pollution Control Fund:** Accounts for the activities of the Pollution Control (or Sewer) Department which is responsible for maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system.

The other enterprise funds of the City are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

**Airport Fund:** Accounts for the activities of the City's airport.

**Refuse Fund:** Accounts for the activities of the City's hazardous waste and other refuse collection.

Gold Fund: Accounts for the activities of the Excelsior Springs Municipal Golf Course.

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund. The agency funds have no measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Charges for sales and services (other than utility), and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they become an enforceable legal claim. The current taxes receivable represent the 2011 levy plus any uncollected amounts from the 2010 levy. Property taxes that are not available for current year operations are shown as deferred revenue. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real and personal property in the City. The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. Property taxes are billed in total by November 1 following the levy date and considered delinquent after January 1. On January 1, a lien attaches to all property for which taxes are unpaid.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies followed by the City include the following:

**Budgets and budgetary accounting:** The City Council annually adopts budgets for the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds and Capital Projects Fund of the primary government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the individual funds. On September 20, 2010, the City Council formally approved the original adopted budget and on September 8, 2011, approved the revised budget reflected in the financial statements.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed operating expenditures, capital expenditures and the means for financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments from all interested parties.
- The budget for the coming year is formally adopted on or before the last day of the current fiscal year.
- The City Manager is authorized to make changes within departments, between departments and between functions within each fund. Changes or transfers at the fund level require approval by the City Council.
- Under Missouri law, expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. If expenditures for a fund exceed the budget, either the budget must be amended or the City Council must pass a resolution authorizing the expenditures in excess of the budget.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Statement for the General Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund and Capital Improvements Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Encumbrances are reappropriated for the ensuing year's budget. The Parks and Recreation Fund, Tax Increment Financing-Vintage Development Fund, Tax Increment Financing – Elms Hotel Fund and Tax Increment Financing – Wal-Mart Fund exceeded the final budget of expenditures by \$116, \$2,702, \$2 and \$2, respectively.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statements of net assets or balance sheets as "Cash and Cash Equivalents." In addition, certain resources set aside are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The bond reserve account is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the capital projects and special revenue fund's operations that could adversely affect debt service payments. The amount available in Debt Service Fund is used to report resources accumulated for future debt service payments and construction.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. For U.S. government securities and bankers' acceptances with maturity dates of less than one year, the investments are valued at amortized cost. Because the City uses the pooled cash investment method, individual fund overdrafts are reclassified as due to/due from other funds or internal balances for financial statement purposes. Income from the investment of pooled cash is allocated to the various funds based on the percentage of cash and temporary investments of each fund to the total pooled cash and temporary investments.

<u>Statement of cash flows</u>: For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary fund type funds, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable: Balances result primarily from miscellaneous services provided to citizens and are accounted for in the General Fund and nonmajor governmental funds. Water and sewer services are accounted for in the Water Fund and Pollution Control Fund. All are net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis.

<u>Prepaid items</u>: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

<u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets, which include land, construction-in-progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000 for equipment and vehicles and \$25,000 for buildings and improvements and infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All land purchases are capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Capitalized interest was \$471,714 in the Water Fund and \$731,041 in the Pollution Control Fund.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	10 to 20 years
Building and improvements	7 to 30 years
Infrastructure	20 to 40 years
Operating equipment	3 to 5 years
Furniture and office equipment	3 to 5 years
Vehicles	4 to 10 years

Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

<u>Deferred and unearned revenue</u>: Deferred revenue in the governmental funds and unearned revenue in the statement of net assets primarily represents property tax levied for future fiscal years.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Under terms of the City's personnel policy, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts, based on length of service. In the event of termination or separation, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation up to the maximum he/she can earn over a two-year period. Employees are also paid for accumulated sick leave upon termination in an amount equal to one day for every four days in excess of 30 days that have been accrued.

For governmental activities and proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities in the fiscal year earned. For governmental fund types, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which is payable from available resources, is recorded as a liability of the respective fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and resignations.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: Interfund transactions are defined as transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government and are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions, which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" and "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

<u>Deficit fund balances</u>: The City has a deficit fund balance in the Tax Increment Financing-Elms Hotel Fund of \$88,721, the Tax Increment Financing-Vintage Development II Fund of \$100, both special revenue funds and a net deficit balance in the Golf Fund of \$164,928, an enterprise fund.

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using a method which approximates the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Noncurrent cash and deposits: Noncurrent cash and deposits include (1) assets externally restricted by donors, (2) assets held under bond indentures, (3) assets held by the City Hospital Foundation and (4) certificates of deposit.

<u>Patient accounts receivable</u>: The City Hospital reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients and others. The City Hospital provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

<u>Charity care</u>: The City Hospital provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Charity care is not included in net patient service revenue. Charges excluded from revenue under the City Hospital's charity care policy were \$191,893 for 2011.

<u>Fund balance</u>: In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable: Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the City Council through ordinance or resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u>: Amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Director of Administrative Services.

<u>Unassigned</u>: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's procedure is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net assets: Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Unspent debt proceeds for the Water and Pollution Control enterprise funds were \$12,981,464 and \$18,384,640, respectively. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted through enabling legislation consist of \$1,020,607 for debt service, \$521,056 for parks and recreation, \$3,688,912 for capital projects, \$1,197,748 for tax increment financing projects and \$1,505,588 for public safety.

The City first applied restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2011, the City had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)										
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less	ess Than 1		1 - 5	1 - 5 6 - 1		Mor	e Than 10			
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 5,720,000	\$	_	\$	5,720,000	\$	_	\$				

As of September 30, 2011, the City has \$149,208 in Mutual funds which are not subject to interest rate risk

*Interest Rate Risk:* The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing market rates.

Credit Risk: Missouri State Statutes authorize the City, with certain restrictions, to deposit funds in open accounts, time deposits and certificates of deposit. Statutes also required that collateral pledged have a fair market value equal to 100 percent of the funds on deposit, less insured amounts. Collateral securities must be held by the City or a disinterested third party and must be of the kind prescribed by state statutes and approved by the State. The City may purchase any investments allowed by the State Treasurer. These include (a) obligations of the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof maturing and becoming payable not more than three years from the date of purchase or (b) repurchase agreements maturing and becoming payable within 90 days secured by U.S. Treasury obligations or obligations of U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities of any maturity, as provided by law.

As of September 30, 2011, the City's investments consisted of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes and Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes, all of which were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Service and Standard & Poor's.

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments shall be made with the exercise of that judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which individuals of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital, as well as the probable income to be derived.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy is to diversify its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. As of September 30, 2011 the City's investments are invested in FHLMC, FNMA, FHLB and FFCB, which represents 7, 25, 42 and 26 percent, respectively, of total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of another party. As of September 30, 2011, the City's investments were not exposed to custodial risk. It is the City's policy to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. As of September 30, 2011, none of the City's bank balance of \$39,456,138, which excludes the Hospital agency fund, was exposed to custodial credit risk.

The bank balance of deposits for the Excelsior Springs City Hospital, including the Hospital agency fund, was \$6,420,910. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Hospital's agent in the Hospital's name.

Excelsior Springs City Hospital, the discretely presented component unit, had no investments as of September 30, 2011.

A summary of deposits and investments of the City, along with the financial statement classification, is as follows:

Deposits and cash on hand	\$ 47,383,481
Investments	5,720,000
	\$ 53,103,481
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,838,335
Investments	5,470,000
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	32,831,187
Restricted investments	399,208
Cash and cash equivalents, fiduciary funds	6,564,751
	\$ 53,103,481

#### Note 3. Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value of the prior January 1 for all property located in the City. Property taxes are due in total by December 31 following the levy date and are collected by the Finance Office. The City records property tax receivable when levied, net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

### Note 3. Property Taxes (Continued)

Assessed values are established by County Assessors subject to review by the County's Board of Equalization and State Tax Commission. The assessed value for property, excluding railroad and utility properties located in the City as of January 1, 2010, on which the fiscal year 2011 levy was based, was \$128,922,979 and \$125,413,919 for the General Fund and other funds, respectively. The assessed value of railroad and utility properties as of January 1, 2010 was \$4,768,784 and \$4,768,784 for the General Fund and other funds, respectively. During the year ended September 30, 2011, the City collected 99 percent of property taxes, excluding interest and penalty which were levied in the period.

The City is permitted by Missouri State Statutes to levy taxes in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. Property tax levies per \$100 assessed valuation for the year ended September 30, 2011 are as follows:

Fund	Levy
General	\$ 0.6229
Parks/recreation	0.3504
Total primary government	 0.9733
Component unit - City Hospital	 0.1752
Total reporting entity	\$ 1.1485

#### Note 4. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2011:

	2010 Balance			Additions	Retirements	2	011 Balance
Governmental activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,523,144	\$	43,470	\$ -	\$	1,566,614
Construction-in-progress		653,522		440,486	218,139		875,869
Total capital assets, not							
being depreciated		2,176,666		483,956	218,139		2,442,483
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements		39,831		-	=		39,831
Buildings and improvements		4,244,024		189,773	-		4,433,797
Operating equipment		2,107,994		109,073	27,200		2,189,867
Furniture and office equipment		235,437		105,122	-		340,559
Vehicles		2,651,337		267,171	148,612		2,769,896
Infrastructure		46,110,380		158,788	-		46,269,168
Total capital assets, being depreciated		55,389,003		829,927	175,812		56,043,118
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements		39,831		-	-		39,831
Buildings and improvements		3,306,878		118,083	-		3,424,961
Operating equipment		1,059,631		185,253	27,200		1,217,684
Furniture and office equipment		163,997		23,581	-		187,578
Vehicles		1,873,801		205,570	139,911		1,939,460
Infrastructure		36,173,014		586,894	-		36,759,908
Total accumulated depreciation		42,617,152		1,119,381	167,111		43,569,422
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net		12,771,851		(289,454)	8,701		12,473,696
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$	14,948,517	\$	194,502	\$ 226,840	\$	14,916,179

## **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

## Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	2	010 Balance	Additions	Retirements			011 Balance
Business-Type Activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,036,813	\$ 99,724	\$	-	\$	1,136,537
Construction-in-progress		74,712	2,160,087		23,575		2,211,224
Total capital assets, not							
being depreciated		1,111,525	2,259,811		23,575		3,347,761
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements		809,585	-		-		809,585
Buildings and improvements		5,107,018	-		-		5,107,018
Operating equipment		1,153,069	17,803		-		1,170,872
Furniture and office equipment		131,704	10,000		-		141,704
Vehicles		796,661	61,343		26,070		831,934
Infrastructure		16,872,788	-		-		16,872,788
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated		24,870,825	89,146		26,070		24,933,901
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements		546,339	42,454		-		588,793
Buildings and improvements		2,778,465	226,943		-		3,005,408
Operating equipment		937,690	123,145		-		1,060,835
Furniture and office equipment		116,055	175		-		116,230
Vehicles		670,002	55,033		26,070		698,965
Infrastructure		9,794,869	502,588		-		10,297,457
Total accumulated							
depreciation		14,843,420	950,338		26,070		15,767,688
Total capital assets, being							
depreciated, net		10,027,405	(861,192)		-		9,166,213
Business-type activities							
capital assets, net	\$	11,138,930	\$ 1,398,619	\$	23,575	\$	12,513,974

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

### Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 8,097
Public safety	305,246
Transportation	42,857
Public works	706,181
Recreation activities	51,169
Community betterment	 5,831
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 1,119,381
Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$ 459,641
Pollution control	366,019
Golf	121,168
Airport	 3,510
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$ 950,338

Activity for the Hospital for the year ended September 30, 2011 was as follows:

	2010 Ba	2010 Balance		Additions	Retirements		Transfers		2011 Balance	
Component Unit: Hospital										
Capital assets, not being depreciated,										
construction-in-progress	\$ 23	3,194	\$	159,131	\$	-	\$	(182,325)	\$	-
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Land and improvements	1,25	1,298		64,583		-		-		1,318,881
Buildings and improvements	15,04	1,392		52,888		(3,815)		27,206		15,120,671
Operating equipment	6,39	5,320		408,179		(1,198)		54,569		6,856,870
Furniture and office equipment	6,10	,675		1,014,885		(74,449)		100,550		7,142,661
Total capital assets, being										
depreciated, Hospital	28,79	5,685		1,540,535		(79,462)		182,325		30,439,083
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Land and improvements	(56	7,586)		(73,108)		-		-		(640,694)
Buildings and improvements	(4,88	7,149)		(686,665)		-		-		(5,573,814)
Operating equipment	(3,84	5,443)		(455,145)		1,198		-		(4,299,390)
Furniture and office equipment	(4,50	7,664)		(545,766)		74,182		-		(4,979,248)
Total accumulated										
depreciation	(13,80	7,842)		(1,760,684)		75,380		-	(	15,493,146)
Total capital assets, being										
depreciated, Hospital, net	14,98	7,843		(220,149)		(4,082)		182,325		14,945,937
Hospital capital assets, net	\$ 15,01	,037	\$	(61,018)	\$	(4,082)	\$	_	\$	14,945,937

Note 5. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended September 30, 2011 were as follows:

	s	Balance eptember 30, 2010	Additions	Retirements	;	Balance September 30, 2011	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:									
Capital leases	\$	146,762	\$ -	\$ 71,939	\$	74,823	\$	74,823	
Revenue bonds		2,420,000	-	575,000		1,845,000		615,000	
Neighborhood improvement									
district bonds		140,000	-	140,000		-		=	
Compensated absences		463,017	419,139	463,017		419,139		419,139	
Other postemployment benefits									
obligation		65,856	20,270	-		86,126		-	
LAGERS pension obligation		-	120,396	=		120,396		-	
Governmental activities,								_	
long-term liabilities	\$	3,235,635	\$ 559,805	\$ 1,249,956	\$	2,545,484	\$	1,108,962	
Business-type activities:									
Long-term loans payable	\$	345,000	\$ -	\$ 107,500	\$	237,500	\$	-	
Lease purchase agreement		359,112	-	96,530		262,582		55,852	
Revenue bonds		3,401,250	-	3,002,917		398,333		214,583	
Certificates of participation		-	35,790,000	-		35,790,000		340,000	
Premiums (discounts)		-	(174,912)	(6,573)		(168,339)		-	
Compensated absences		90,788	87,337	90,788		87,337		87,337	
Other postemployment benefits									
obligation		15,541	4,933	-		20,474		-	
LAGERS pension obligation		-	29,310	-		29,310		-	
Business-type activities,									
long-term liabilities	\$	4,211,691	\$ 35,736,668	\$ 3,291,162	\$	36,657,197	\$	697,772	
Component unit:									
Revenue bonds	\$	12,544,471	\$ -	\$ 942,040	\$	11,602,431	\$	260,877	
Capital lease		903,193	749,843	442,441		1,210,595		507,423	
Compensated absences		500,073	491,962	500,073		491,962		491,962	
Component unit,									
long-term liabilities	\$	13,947,737	\$ 1,241,805	\$ 1,884,554	\$	13,304,988	\$	1,260,262	

The General Fund has generally been the fund to liquidate the liability for compensated absences, net pension obligations and other postemployment benefits obligations for the governmental activities.

### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Long-term debt payable as of September 30, 2011, is comprised of the following individual issues:

		Balance				Balance
	Se	eptember 30,			5	September 30,
		2010	Additions	Retirements		2011
Governmental activities:						
Capital leases:						
Purchase of 2007 fire truck due in bi-annual						
payments of principal and interest of						
\$77,059; interest at 3.97%	\$	146,762	\$ -	\$ 71,939	\$	74,823
Revenue bonds:						
\$3,045,000 Facilities Authority Leasehold Refunding						
Revenue Bonds Series 2001, due in annual						
installments of \$135,000 to \$295,000 through						
December 15, 2015; interest at 2.30% to 5.05%		1,545,000	-	245,000		1,300,000
\$2,520,000 of refunding bonds, due in annual						
installments of \$195,000 to \$350,000 through						
October 1, 2012; interest at 1.75% to 4.75%		875,000	-	330,000		545,000
Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds:						
\$565,000 Series 1999A Tax-Exempt Neighborhood						
Improvement District Bonds (Elms NID), due in						
annual installments of \$40,000 to \$140,000;						
interest at 6.00%		140,000	=	140,000		-
Total governmental activities	\$	2,706,762	\$ -	\$ 786,939	\$	1,919,823

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	Se	Balance ptember 30,	Se	Balance eptember 30,			
Business Type Activities		2010	Retirements	ents 2011			
Business-Type Activities:  Long-term loans payable:							
Advance from the Missouri Department of							
Natural Resources made in conjunction with							
City's advance from the Missouri Department							
of Natural Resources made in conjunction							
•							
with City's participation in State of Missouri's							
State Revolving Loan Program. Loan to be							
repaid without interest as 1992 Sewerage	¢	245.000	ď		¢ 107.500	œ	227 500
System revenue bonds mature	\$	345,000	\$	-	\$ 107,500	\$	237,500
Lease purchase agreements:							
\$950,000 Series 2001 Lease Purchase							
Agreement, due in annual installments of \$20,164 to \$77,268 through							
September 1, 2016; interest at 5.75%		297,624		-	44,177		253,447
\$243,079 Series 2007 Lease Purchase							
Agreement, due in annual installments of							
\$41,596 to \$53,118 through							
October 15, 2011; interest at 5.82%		61,488		-	52,353		9,135
Revenue bonds:							
\$2,870,000 1992 Sewerage System revenue							
bonds (State Revolving Fund Program), due							
in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$245,000							
starting on July 1, 1994 through July 1, 2013;							
interest at 4.50% to 6.55%		636,250		-	237,917		398,333
\$4,875,000 1998 Waterworks Refunding Bonds,							
due in annual installments of \$155,000							
to \$375,000 starting on November 1,							
1999 through November 1, 2018;							
interest at 4.00% to 5.25%		2,765,000		-	2,765,000		-
Certificates of participation:							
\$2,305,000 2010 Water Series A certificates of							
participation, due in annual installments of							
\$305,000 to \$360,000 starting on							
starting on September 1, 2012 through							
September 1, 2018; interest at 2.00% to 4.00%		-		2,305,000	-		2,305,000
\$13,280,000 2010 Water Series B certificates of							
participation, due in annual installments of							
\$35,000 to \$4,045,000 starting on							
starting on September 1, 2012 through							
September 1, 2028; interest at 2.50% to 7.60%		-		13,280,000	-		13,280,000
\$20,205,000 2010 Sewer Series D certificates of							
participation, due in annual installments of							
\$290,000 to \$9,800,000 starting on							
March 1, 2013 through March 1, 2031;							
interest at 3.125% to 7.80%		-		20,205,000	-		20,205,000
Total business-type activities	\$	4,105,362	\$	35,790,000	\$ 3,206,947	\$	36,688,415

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2010	Additions	Retirements	S	Balance September 30, 2011
Component Unit:						
Revenue bonds:						
Hospital revenue bonds, Series B-R2, payable in						
monthly installments of \$10,183 through March						
2013, including interest at 5%	\$	134,352	\$ -	\$ 134,352	\$	-
Hospital revenue bonds, Series C-R1; maturing						
April 2026; 5.75% interest; interest payments of						
\$4,045 payable monthly through March 1999,						
then principal and interest of \$5,113 thereafter		597,645	_	597,645		-
Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, maturing						
October 2030; 5.125% interest; interest payments						
annually through October 2002, annual principal						
and interest payments of \$100,734 thereafter;						
collateralized by a deed of trust on the Independent						
Living Facility		1,222,674	_	41,343		1,181,331
Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, maturing						
October 2030; 5.0% interest; interest payments						
annually through October 2002, annual principal						
and interest payments of \$50,348 thereafter;						
collateralized by a deed of trust on the						
Independent Living Facility		618,847	-	17,573		601,274
Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A and						
Series 2007B, maturity October 1, 2038;						
4.125% interest; interest annually through						
September 30, 2011, monthly principal						
and interest thereafter		7,970,953	-	146,874		7,824,079
Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2009,						
maturing October 1, 2040; 4.5% interest;						
interest only through September 30, 2013,						
monthly principal and interest thereafter		2,000,000	-	4,253		1,995,747
Capital leases		903,193	749,843	442,441		1,210,595
Total component unit	\$	13,447,664	\$ 749,843	\$ 1,384,481	\$	12,813,026

General obligation debt limit: The state constitution permits a city, by vote of two thirds of the voting electorate, to incur general obligation indebtedness for "city purposes" not to exceed 10 percent of the assessed value of taxable tangible property and to incur additional general obligation indebtedness not exceeding, in the aggregate, an additional 10 percent of the assessed value of taxable tangible property, for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending and improving streets and avenues and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems, and purchasing or constructing waterworks and electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed 20 percent of the assessed valuation of taxable property.

### Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

During 1992, the City issued \$2,870,000 in Sewerage System Revenue Bonds through the State Revolving Fund to fund expenses related to the extension and improvements of the sewer system. These revenue bonds under Missouri law are payable solely from net revenues derived from operation of the sewer system. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 36 percent of net revenues. These bonds are not general obligations of the City. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$437,715 payable through 2013. For the current year, principal and interest paid and net revenues generated were \$282,184 and \$714,424, respectively. In conjunction with this issuance, the City entered into an agreement with the Missouri Department of Natural Resources whereby the state of Missouri will advance monies to establish a reserve fund in an amount up to 50 percent of the outstanding bonds.

This reserve fund will serve as collateral on the Sewerage System Revenue Bonds in the event of default and interest earnings on the reserve fund will be used to reduce the City's interest payment on the outstanding bonds. As of September 30, 2011, the balance of the advances from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to the City is \$237,500. The revenue bonds contain certain covenants. The covenants require that net revenues available for debt service provide for a minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.10.

During 1998, the City issued \$4,875,000 in Waterworks System Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds to fund expenses related to extending and improving the waterworks system. These revenue bonds under Missouri law are payable solely from waterworks system net revenues. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 49 percent of net revenues. These bonds are not general obligations of the City. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is none. For the current year, principal and interest paid and net revenues generated were \$2,861,842 and \$1,598,377, respectively. The difference was paid from the net assets in the Water Fund.

During 1999, the City issued \$565,000 in Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds to fund expenses related to construction of the Elms Public Improvement Project. These neighborhood improvement district bonds under Missouri law are payable solely from special assessments against those properties within the district which in this case is limited to the Elms Hotel. Special assessments were projected to produce \$851,873 or 100 percent of the debt service requirements for the life of the bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is none. For the current year, principal and interest paid and special assessment revenues were \$148,400 and \$149,289, respectively.

During 2001, the Excelsior Springs Facilities Authority, a blended component unit, issued \$3,045,000 in Leasehold Refunding Revenue Bonds to fund the advance repayment of a series of 1994 Leasehold Refunding and Improvement Revenue bonds. These leasehold refunding revenue bonds under Missouri law are payable solely from rental payments derived by the Corporation from the lease of the Fire and Police facilities. The rental payments were projected to produce \$4,196,625 or 100 percent of the debt service requirements for the life of the bonds. These bonds are not general obligations of the City. It is not considered a default if there are insufficient rental payments to pay the full amount of principal and interest on the bonds. If the rental payments are insufficient to pay the full amount of principal and interest at maturity, the bonds will be deemed satisfied and paid in full. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$1,453,340 payable through 2016. For the current year, principal and interest paid and rental payments generated were \$314,890 and \$317,165, respectively.

#### Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

During 2003, the City issued \$2,520,000 in Tax Increment Refunding Revenue bonds to fund the advance repayment of a series of 1997 Tax Increment Revenue bonds. These tax increment refunding revenue bonds under Missouri law are payable solely from property tax and economic activity tax increments with respect to the financed project. Combined, incremental property taxes and economic activity taxes were projected to produce \$4,841,703 or 55 percent of the debt service requirements for the life of the bonds. These bonds are not general obligations of the City. It is not considered a default if there is insufficient tax increment to pay the full amount of principal and interest on the bonds. If the tax increment is insufficient to pay the full amount of principal and interest at maturity, the bonds will be deemed satisfied and paid in full. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$566,768 payable through 2013. For the current year, principal and interest paid was \$361,860. Total incremental property tax and economic activity taxes generated during the current year were \$289,158 and \$845,471, respectively.

During 2011, the City issued \$13,280,000 (Series 2010B) in Certificates of Participation to fund water system improvements. These certificates are payable solely from basic payments from the lease of the property. Payments under the lease, if appropriated by the City for the maximum renewal term, are intended to be sufficient, together with other funds available for such purpose, to pay the debt service requirements for the life of the certificates. Total principal and interest remaining on the certificates is \$23,844,000 payable through 2028. For the current year, principal and interest paid and lease revenues were \$609,878 and \$609,878, respectively.

During 2011, the City issued \$20,205,000 (Series 2010D) in Certificates of Participation to fund sewer system improvements. These certificates are payable solely from basic payments from the lease of the property. Payments under the lease, if appropriated by the City for the maximum renewal term, are intended to be sufficient, together with other funds available for such purpose, to pay the debt service requirements for the life of the certificates. Total principal and interest remaining on the certificates is \$38,851,000 payable through 2031. For the current year, principal and interest paid and lease revenues were \$945,161 and \$945,161, respectively.

During 2011, the City issued \$2,305,000 (Series 2010A) in Certificates of Participation. The proceeds of this issue were used to complete a current refunding of the 1998 Waterworks Refunding Bonds. Neither the economic gain/loss nor the increase/decrease in future debt service payments is known since the debt refunded had variable interest rates. These certificates are payable solely from basic payments from the lease of the property. Payments under the lease, if appropriated by the City for the maximum renewal term, are intended to be sufficient, together with other funds available for such purpose, to pay the debt service requirements for the life of the certificates. Total principal and interest remaining on the certificates is \$2,623,000 payable through 2018. For the current year, principal and interest paid and lease revenues were \$47,739 and \$47,739, respectively.

#### Component unit

During 1999, the City Hospital issued \$2,230,000 (Series A & B) in revenue bonds to fund expenses relating to the construction of the independent living facility. These revenue bonds are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2030. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 1 percent of net patient service revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,726,097. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$121,256 and \$1,043,893, respectively.

#### Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

During 1983, the City Hospital issued \$5,020,000 (Series B–R2) in revenue bonds to fund expenses relating to the refunding of prior hospital revenue bonds and constructing and equipping a nursing home facility. These revenue bond are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2013. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 1 percent of net patient service revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is none. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$134,352 and \$1,043,893 respectively.

During 1997, the City Hospital issued \$ 844,000 (Series C–R1) in revenue bonds to fund expenses relating to the construction of the residential care facility. These revenue bonds are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2026. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 1 percent of net patient service revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is none. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$615,598 and \$1,043,893 respectively.

During 2007, the City Hospital issued \$8,000,000 (Series A & B) in revenue bonds to fund expenses relating to the Outpatient Services Building. These revenue bonds are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2038. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 2 percent of net patient service revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$7,824,079 and \$5,035,243 as of September 30, 2038, respectively. Principal is not due on the revenue bonds until 2011 and interest paid for the current year and total net operating revenues were \$460,285 and \$1,043,893, respectively.

During 2009, the City Hospital issued \$2,000,000 (Series 2009) in revenue bonds to pay for construction through a temporary loan from the Department of Agriculture Rural Development until the bonds are issued final upon project completion. These revenue bonds are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2040. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than one percent of net patient service revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,196,661. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$172,440 and \$1,043,893, respectively.

Reserve accounts on debt: The Sewerage System revenue bond ordinance requires that the system be accounted for in a separate account within the enterprise fund. It also requires that after sufficient current assets have been set aside to operate the system, all remaining monies held in the fund be segregated and restricted in separate special reserves. The ordinance also contains a requirement for a minimum bond coverage. Additionally, the bond ordinances authorizing the hospital revenue bonds require that certain funds from the City Hospital's operations be set aside for future debt service requirements, major repairs and other contingencies. The funds are managed by the City in an agency fund.

These special reserves and accounts consist of cash and investments and are reported in the basic financial statements as restricted assets.

				Reporting				
	Pollution			Activities		City		Entity
	Control		Total			Hospital		Total
Reserve account	\$	237,500	\$	237,500	\$	950,796	\$	1,188,296

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

#### Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Under the terms of the hospital bond ordinance, \$250,000 of investments are restricted in the General Fund as a reserve to be used to retire City Hospital revenue bonds should other City Hospital monies not be available. Interest earnings on this amount are restricted until bond payments are made, at which time these amounts can be released for use in the General Fund. The bonds are secured by the revenue of the City Hospital and Convalescent Center, a mortgage on the facility, and the funds in the Hospital Agency Fund. The bonds are subject to redemption by the City in whole or in part at par plus accrued interest.

<u>Capital leases</u>: In prior years, the City entered into various cancellable leases as lessee to finance the purchase of vehicles and equipment.

Summary of principal and interest maturities:

Annual debt service requirements to service all outstanding indebtedness as of September 30, 2011, are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

		2001 Leasehold			Wal-Mart/Elms TIF					2007 Fire Truck			
Year ending	Refunding Bonds			2003 Refunding Bonds				Capital Lease					
September 30:		Principal		Interest		Principal Interest				Principal		Interest	
2012	\$	265,000	\$	57,875	\$	350,000	\$	17,138	\$	74,823	\$	2,235	
2013		275,000		44,375		195,000		4,630		-		-	
2014		285,000		30,375		-		-		-		-	
2015		295,000		16,170		-		-		-		-	
2016		180,000		4,545		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	1,300,000	\$	153,340	\$	545,000	\$	21,768	\$	74,823	\$	2,235	

## **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### Business-Type Activities:

Year ending		1992 Sewer Bonds MDNR				1992 Sewe Reveni	•		Golf Course Capital Lease				
September 30:		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2012	\$	_	\$	-	\$	214,583	\$	27,346	\$	46,717	\$	14,57	
2013		-		-		183,750		12,036		49,404		11,88	
2014		237,500		-		-		-		52,244		9,04	
2015		-		-		-		-		55,249		6,04	
2016		-		-		-		-		49,833		2,86	
Total	\$	237,500	\$	-	\$	398,333	\$	39,382	\$	253,447	\$	44,41	
	2007 Golf Equipment				2010 Water Series A				2010 Water Series B				
Year ending		Capita	al Lea	se		Certificates of	of Pa	rticipation		Certificates	of Par	ticipation	
September 30:		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2012	\$	9,135	\$	44	\$	305,000	\$	70,725	\$	35,000	\$	903,52	
2013		_		-		310,000		64,625		35,000		902,64	
2014		-		-		320,000		56,875		35,000		901,55	
2015		-		-		330,000		47,275		235,000		900,24	
2016		-		-		335,000		37,375		245,000		890,13	
2017-2021		-		-		705,000		41,306		4,065,000		4,003,74	
2022-2026		-		-		-		-		5,870,000		2,061,80	
2027-2031		-		-		-		-		2,760,000			
Total	\$	9,135	\$	44	\$	2,305,000	\$	318,181	\$	13,280,000	\$	10,563,65	

2010 Sewer Series [	)
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Year ending	Certificates of	ficates of Participation				
September 30:	Principal		Interest			
			_			
2012	\$ -	\$	945,161			
2013	290,000		1,400,239			
2014	530,000		1,381,239			
2015	570,000		1,359,046			
2016	615,000		1,331,801			
2017-2021	3,940,000		6,050,473			
2022-2026	5,805,000		4,433,040			
2027-2031	8,455,000		1,745,055			
Total	\$ 20,205,000	\$	18,646,054			

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### Component Unit:

Year ending	Long-Term Debt				Capital Lease Obligations				
September 30:	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2012	\$	260,876	\$	481,232	\$	507,424	\$	274,235	
2013		279,352		475,347		503,643		271,168	
2014		291,900		462,799		140,378		51,860	
2015		305,017		449,682		59,150		906	
2016		317,476		437,223		-		-	
2017-2021		1,819,461		1,954,034		-		-	
2022-2026		2,269,359		1,504,136		-		-	
2027-2031		2,533,248		957,096		-		-	
2032-2036		2,585,575		432,460		-		-	
2037-2039		940,167		23,746		-		-	
Total	\$	11,602,431	\$	7,177,755	\$	1,210,595	\$	598,169	

Capital leases shown in long-term debt for the City and the discretely presented component unit include leases for movable equipment at varying rates of imputed interest from 4 percent to 9 percent, maturing through 2015 and collateralized by the lease equipment. Property and equipment as of September 30, 2011 include the following assets under capital lease:

Movable equipment	\$ 2,204,452
Less accumulated depreciation	874,121
	\$ 1,330,331

#### Note 6. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The following is a schedule of transfers included in the basic financial statements of the City:

		Transfers In	Т	ransfers Out
Governmental activities:				
General	\$	840,831	\$	552,782
Parks and Recreation Fund		-		31,881
Capital Improvements Fund		-		242,779
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,112,407		914,246
Total governmental activities		1,953,238		1,741,688
Business-type activities:				
Water		_		171,639
Pollution control		6,436		92,768
Nonmajor enterprise funds		119,971		73,550
Total business-type activities		126,407		337,957
Total	_\$	2,079,645	\$	2,079,645

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due; (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### Note 6. Interfund Balances and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund advances as of September 30, 2011, were as follows:

	Advance Receivables		
Governmental activities:			
General Fund	\$ 444,873	\$	-
Nonmajor governmental funds	-		88,821
Business-type activities:			
Pollution control	10,000		-
Nonmajor enterprise funds	 =		366,052
	\$ 454,873	\$	454,873

Advances are long-term interfund receivables/payables that are not expected to be fully paid within one year.

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement Systems

<u>Plan description</u>: The City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri.

LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. LAGERS was created and is governed by statute, Section RSMO. 70.600 – 70.755. As such, it is the system's responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401a and it is tax exempt.

LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 or by calling 1.800.477.4334.

<u>Funding status</u>: The City of Excelsior Spring's full-time employees do not contribute to the pension plan. The political subdivision is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 4.5 percent (general), 4.5 percent (police) and 6.8 percent (fire) of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the political subdivision. The contribution provisions of the political subdivision are established by state statute.

As of February 28, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 91 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$9,564,899 and the actuarial value of assets was \$8,657,972, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$906,927. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,434,533 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 20 percent.

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

<u>Annual pension cost</u>: The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution/Annual pension cost	\$ 361,609
Actual contributions	211,903
Increase in LAGERS pension obligation	149,706
Net LAGERS pension obligation, beginning of year	 
Net LAGERS pension obligation, end of year	\$ 149,706

The annual required contribution (ARC) was determined as part of the February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2009 annual actuarial valuations using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions as of February 28, 2011 included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.25 percent per year, compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 3.5 percent per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0 percent to 6.0 percent per year, depending on age and division, attributable to seniority/merit, (d) preretirement mortality based on 75 percent of the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table set back 0 years for men and 0 years for women and (e) post-retirement mortality based on 105 percent of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back 0 years for men and 0 years for women. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The amortization period as of February 29, 2008 was 15 years for the General division, 15 years for the Police division and 15 years for the Fire division. The amortization period as of February 28, 2009 was 30 years for the General division, 30 years for the Police division and 30 years for the Fire division.

	 Thre	e-Year Trend Inform	nation	
	Annual	Percentage		
	Pension	of APC		Net Pension
Fiscal Year Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed		Obligation
09/30/2009	\$ 206,627	100%	\$	-
09/30/2010	185,607	100		-
09/30/2011	361,609	59		149,706

#### Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides medical, dental and vision benefits to all active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. Police and fire retirees must have completed five years of service as well as be at least 55 years old for normal retirement or have completed 5 years of service as well as be at least 50 years old for early retirement. All other employees must have completed five years of service as well as be at least 60 years old for normal retirement or have completed 5 years of service as well as be at least 55 years old for early retirement. Retirees and their dependents are allowed to remain on the plan until they are Medicare eligible at age 65. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

#### Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

<u>Funding policy</u>: Management develops the health insurance plan contributions based on expected claims. The current funding policy of the City is to pay health claims as they occur. Retirees pay the full premium.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2011, the City contributed \$20,097. Retiree and active members receiving benefits have required monthly contributions of:

	Ind	ividual	Family	Two-Party
Medical Plan A	\$	419.88	\$ 1,087.46	N/A
Medical Plan B		418.12	1,082.90	N/A
Medical Plan C		446.40	1,156.18	N/A
Dental		29.20	84.47	55.33
Vision		3.64	9.24	N/A

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance to the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actuarially contributed to the plan and changes in the City's annual OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	44,900
Interest on net OPEB obligation		1,796
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(1,396)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	'	45,300
Contributions and payments made		20,097
Increase in net OPEB obligation		25,203
Net OPEB obligation - September 30, 2010		81,397
Net OPEB obligation - September 30, 2011	\$	106,600

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligations for 2010 and the two preceding years follows. Fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 was the adoption year of GASB Statement No. 45.

		Percentage of							
	A	Annual	Annual OPEB		Net OPEB				
Fiscal Year Ended	OF	PEB Cost	Cost Contributed		Obligation				
September 30, 2009	\$	39.900	- %	•	39.900				
September 30, 2009 September 30, 2010	Φ	39,900 41.497	- %	\$	39,900 81.397				
September 30, 2011		45.300	- 44.4		106.600				

#### Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

<u>Funded status and funding progress</u>: As of September 30, 2011, the most recent valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$377,200 and the actuarial value of assets is none resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$377,200. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,304,174 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 9 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents only the initial year trend information.

Actuarial methods and assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and included in the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the September 30, 2011 actuarial valuation, projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent annual discount rate, a healthcare cost trend rate of 7.20 percent initially decreasing each year until reaching the ultimate trend rate of 4.70 percent, a dental/vision cost trend rate of 5 percent initially with an ultimate rate of 4.7 percent, and an annual salary increase of 4 percent due to inflation. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at September 30, 2011 was 30 years.

#### Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Legal matters</u>: There are a number of claims and/or lawsuits to which the City is, or may be, a party as a result of certain law enforcement activities, injuries and various other matters and complaints arising in the ordinary course of City activities. The City's management and legal counsel anticipate that the potential claims against the City, if any, which are not covered by insurance, resulting from such matters would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

<u>Construction projects</u>: The Hall of Waters Terrace rehabilitation project, the Animal Shelter design and construction project, the East Valley Park electrical improvements project and the Wornall Street culvert replacement project were in process at year-end. Total costs related to these projects are expected to be \$1,277,480, of which \$875,869 had been expended through September 30, 2011. In January 2012, the City approved an approximate \$12.4 million contract for construction of the new sewer plant.

<u>Professional malpractice insurance</u>: The City Hospital is insured for medical malpractice claims under a commercial claims-made policy. City Hospital management does not believe there are any unreported claims as of September 30, 2011 for which the City Hospital could be ultimately responsible if it did not renew its commercial claims-made policy.

<u>Hospital net patient service revenues</u>: The City Hospital is reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the City Hospital and audits by the Medicare Fiscal Intermediary and the Medicaid Program. Estimated settlements have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

#### Note 10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of litigation and casualties. The City is insured for automobile liability, general liability, property damage, health claims and workers' compensation through a commercial carrier. Claims did not exceed coverage for the year ended September 30, 2011, and for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 11. Net Patient Service Revenue

The City Hospital has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the City Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include:

<u>Medicare</u>: Inpatient acute care services and outpatient services and defined capital assets related to Medicare Program beneficiaries are paid on a cost reimbursement methodology. The Hospital is reimbursed for certain services at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital and audits thereof by the Medicare Administrative Contractor. Estimated settlements have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Medicaid</u>: Inpatient and long-term care services rendered to Medicaid Program beneficiaries are reimbursed based upon a prospectively established per diem rate. Medicaid outpatient reimbursement is based on a prospective percentage payment rate determined from the fourth, fifth and sixth prior cost reports regressed forward.

Approximately 54 percent of net patient service revenues are from participation in Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the year ended September 30, 2011.

The City Hospital has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the City Hospital under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

#### Note 12. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City Hospital is located in Excelsior Springs, Missouri. The City Hospital grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payers as of September 30, 2011 was:

Medicare	\$ 967,188
Medicaid	263,222
Other third-party payers	728,490
Patients	 1,523,732
	 3,482,632
Less allowances for uncollectible accounts	 901,678
	\$ 2,580,954

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

#### Note 13. Restatement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, was implemented during the year ended September 30, 2011. The effect of fund type reclassification was as follows:

		Nonmajor
 General	G	overnmental
\$ 2,975,020	\$	4,445,592
34,004		(34,004)
-		(3,525)
\$ 3,009,024	\$	4,408,063
\$	\$ 2,975,020 34,004 -	\$ 2,975,020 \$ 34,004

#### Note 14. Fund Balances

In fiscal year 2011, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The statement establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. The details for the City's fund balance are as follows:

				Nonmajor		Total
		Parks and	Capital	Governmental	(	Governmental
Fund Balances:	 General	Recreation	Improvements	Funds		Funds
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	\$ 164,422	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	164,422
Assets held for sale	-	-	23,000	=		23,000
Advances	444,873	-	-	-		444,873
Perpetual maintenance fund	 -	-	-	156,349		156,349
Total Nonspendable	609,295	-	23,000	156,349		788,644
Restricted:						
Debt service	256,423	-	-	799,428		1,055,851
Capital projects	44,011	-	2,166,720	1,605,472		3,816,203
Parks and recreation	-	521,056	-	-		521,056
Planning and development	-	-	-	1,197,748		1,197,748
Public safety	74,482	-	-	1,565,929		1,640,411
Total Restricted	374,916	521,056	2,166,720	5,168,577		8,231,269
Assigned:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	11,362		11,362
Cemetery maintenance	-	-	-	45,258		45,258
Total Assigned	-	-	-	56,620		56,620
Unassigned	2,503,528	-	-	(88,821)		2,414,707
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,487,739	\$ 521,056	\$ 2,189,720	\$ 5,292,725	\$	11,491,240

#### Note 15. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The City implemented the following GASB statements during the year ended September 30, 2011:

- GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement is intended to improve the usefulness of information provided to financial report users about fund balances by providing clearer, more structured fund balance classifications, and by clarifying the definitions of existing governmental fund types. Fund balance information is among the most widely and frequently used information in state and local government financial reports. The GASB developed this standard to address the diversity of practice and the resulting lack of consistency that had evolved in fund balance reporting. To reduce confusion, the new standard establishes a hierarchy of fund balance classification based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe spending constraints. As explained in Notes 13 and 14 to the basic financial statements, the City reclassified the fund balances for all governmental funds and restated the General fund by \$34,004 and aggregate remaining funds by \$(34,004).
- GASB Statement No. 59, Financial Instruments Omnibus. This Statement is intended to update and improve existing standards regarding financial reporting of certain financial instruments and external investment pools. Specifically, this Statement provides financial reporting guidance by emphasizing the applicability of SEC requirements to certain external investment pools, addressing the applicability of GASB 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, and applying the reporting provisions for interest-earning investment contracts of GASB 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The adoption of this Statement had no effect on the City's financial statements in the current year.

The GASB has issued several statements not yet implemented by the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri. The statements which might impact the City are as follows:

- GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 43 and No. 45, issued January 2010, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending September 30, 2012. This Statement addresses issues related to measurement of OPEB obligations by certain employers participating in agent multiple-employer OPEB plans.
- GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, issued November 2010, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending September 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to service concession arrangement (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. Specifically, this Statement improves financial reporting by establishing recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements for SCAs for both transferors and governmental operators, requiring governments to account for and report SCAs in the same manner, which improves the comparability of financial statements. This Statement also improves the decision usefulness of financial reporting by requiring that specific relevant disclosures be made by transferors and governmental operators about SCAs.

#### Note 15. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

- GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, issued November 2010, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending September 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by improving guidance for including, presenting and disclosing information about component units and equity interest transactions of a financial reporting entity. The amendments to the criteria for including component units allow users of financial statements to better assess the accountability of elected officials by ensuring that the financial reporting entity includes only organizations for which the elected officials are financially accountable or that are determined by the government to be misleading to exclude. The amendments to the criteria for blending also improve the focus of a financial reporting entity on the primary government by ensuring that the primary government includes only those component units that are so intertwined with the primary government that they are essentially the same as the primary government, and by clarifying which component units have that characteristic.
- GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, issued January 2011, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending September 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to enhance the usefulness of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards by incorporating guidance that previously could only be found in certain FASB and AICPA pronouncements. This Statement incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature the applicable guidance previously presented in the following pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989: FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the AICPA's Committee on Accounting Procedure. By incorporating and maintaining this guidance in a single source, the GASB believes that GASB 62 reduces the complexity of locating and using authoritative literature needed to prepare state and local government financial reports.
- GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, issued July 2011, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending September 30, 2013. This Statement is intended to improve financial reporting by providing citizens and other users of state and local government financial reports with information about how past transactions will continue to impact a government's financial statements in the future. This Statement provides a new statement of net position format to report all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities deferred inflows of resources, and net position (which is the net residual amount of the other elements). The Statement requires that deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources be reported separately from assets and liabilities. This Statement also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and related pronouncements to reflect the residual measure in the statement of financial position as net position, rather than net assets.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

#### Note 15. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

• GASB Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions* (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53), issued July 2011, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending September 30, 2012. This Statement clarifies that when certain conditions are met, the use of hedge accounting should not be terminated. Those conditions are: (a) the collectibility of swap payments is considered to be probable, (b) the replacement of the counterparty or credit support provider meets the criteria of an assignment or in-substance assignment as described in the Statement, and (c) the counterparty or counterparty credit support provider (and not the government) has committed the act of default or termination event. When all of these conditions exist, the GASB believes that the hedging relationship continues and hedge accounting should continue to be applied.

The City's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the City's financial statements.

# Required Supplementary Information Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System

				SCHEDULE OF	FUN	DING PROGRESS			
		(2)		(b)		(b-a)		(2)	[(b-a)/c]
	Actuarial	(a) Actuarial		Entry Age Actuarial		Unfunded Accrued	(a/b)	(c) Annual	UAL as a Percentage
	Valuation	Value	Accrued			Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
_	Date	of Assets		Liability		(UAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
	02/28/2009	\$ 7,774,174	\$	8,054,684	\$	280,510	96.52% \$	4,026,922	6.97%
	02/28/2010	8,158,302		8,677,474		519,172	94.02	4,412,392	11.77
	02/28/2011	8,657,972		9,564,899		906,927	90.52	4,434,533	20.45

Note: The above assets and actuarial liability do not include the assets and present value of benefits associated with the Benefit Reserve Fund and the Casualty Reserve Fund. The actuarial assumptions were changed in conjunction with the February 28, 2011 annual actuarial valuations. For a complete description of the actuarial assumptions used in the annual valuations, please contact the LAGERS office in Jefferson City.

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

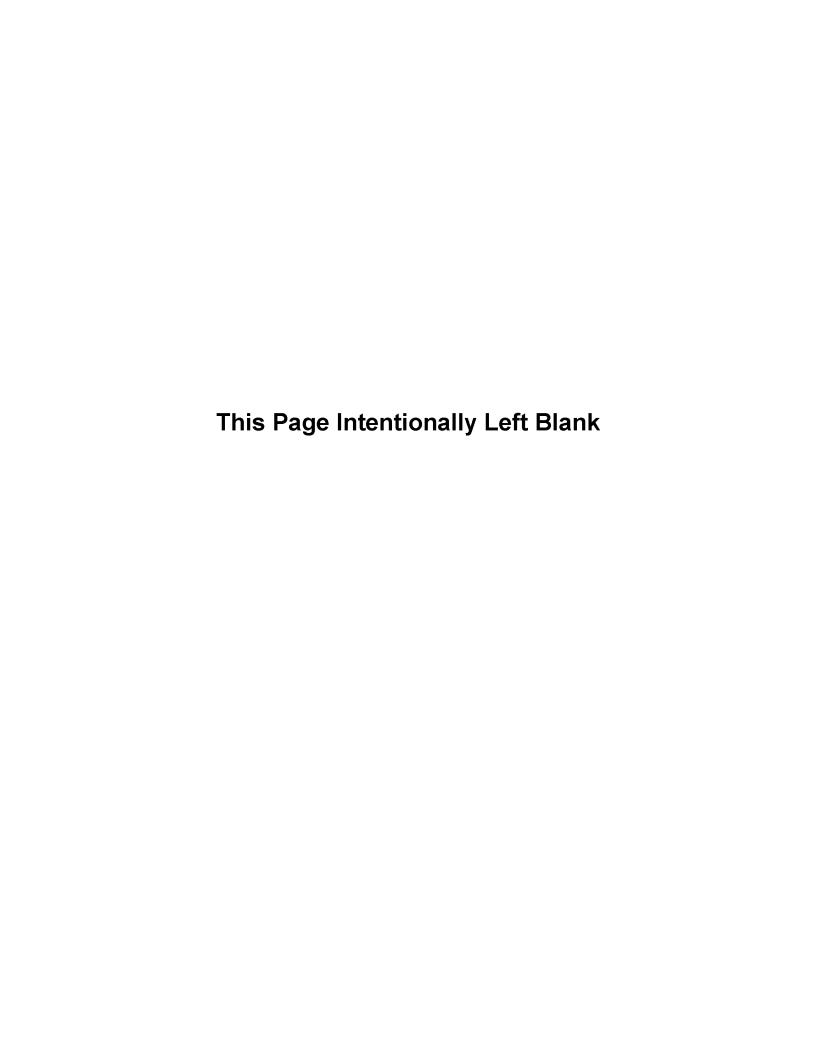
The required contribution was determined as part of the February 29, 2008 and February 28, 2009 annual actuarial valuations using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions as of February 28, 2011 included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.25 percent per year, compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 3.5 percent per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 6.0 percent per year depending on age and division, attributable to seniority/merit, (d) preretirement mortality based on 75 percent of the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table set back 0 years for men and 0 years for women and (e) postretirement mortality based on 105 percent of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back 0 years for men and 0 years for women. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The amortization period as of February 29, 2008 was 15 years and the amortization period as of February 28, 2009 was 30 years.

# Required Supplementary Information Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

			SCH	EDIII	E OF FUNDING	S PR	OGRESS			
			0011	LDOL	L OI TONDIN	<u> </u>	OGNEGO			
							Unfunded			
					Actuarial		(Over			UAAL as a
		Actu	arial		Accrued		funded)			Percentage
Fiscal	Actuarial	Valu	e of		Liability		AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Year	Valuation	Net A	ssets		(AAL)		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Ended	Date	(8	1)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]
2009	10/1/08	\$	_	\$	304,400	\$	304,400	- %	\$ 4,172,000	7%
2010	10/1/09		-		304,400		304,400	-	4,182,418	7
2011	9/30/11		-		377,200		377,200	-	4,304,174	9

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuation date as of September 30, 2011. Additional information follows:

- a. The actuarial method used to determine the ARC is the projected unit credit method.
- b. There are no plan assets.
- c. The actuarial assumptions included: a) 4 percent annual discount rate, b) a healthcare cost trend rate of 7.20 percent initially, decreasing each year until reaching the ultimate trend rate of 4.70 percent, c) a dental/vision cost trend rate of 5 percent initially with an ultimate rate of 4.7 percent and d) an annual salary increase of 4 percent, due to inflation.
- d. The amortization method is level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over 30 years.



# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2011

		Special Revenue Funds				Capital Projects Fund, Capital Equipment	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,222,716	\$	-	\$	11,362	
Investments		900,000		-		-	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:							
Property taxes		56,261		-		-	
Franchise taxes		10,460		-		-	
Due from other governments		305,392		-		-	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		799,428		-	
Restricted investments		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	4,494,829	\$	799,428	\$	11,362	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue Advances from other funds	\$	69,419 56,261 88,821	\$		\$	- -	
Total liabilities		214,501		-		-	
Fund balance:							
Nonspendable		-		-		-	
Restricted		4,369,149		799,428		-	
Assigned		-		-		11,362	
Unassigned	_	(88,821)					
Total fund balance		4,280,328		799,428		11,362	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	4,494,829	\$	799,428	\$	11,362	

			Total
			Nonmajor
	Permanent Fund,		Governmental
	Cemetery		Funds
\$	47,807	\$	3,281,885
	-		900,000
	-		56,261
	-		10,460
	-		305,392
	7,141		806,569
	149,208		149,208
\$	204,156	\$	5,509,775
•	0.540	•	74.000
\$	2,549	\$	71,968
	-		56,261
_	- 0.540		88,821
_	2,549		217,050
	156,349		156,349
	-		5,168,577
	45,258		56,620
_			(88,821)
	201,607		5,292,725
\$	204,156	\$	5,509,775

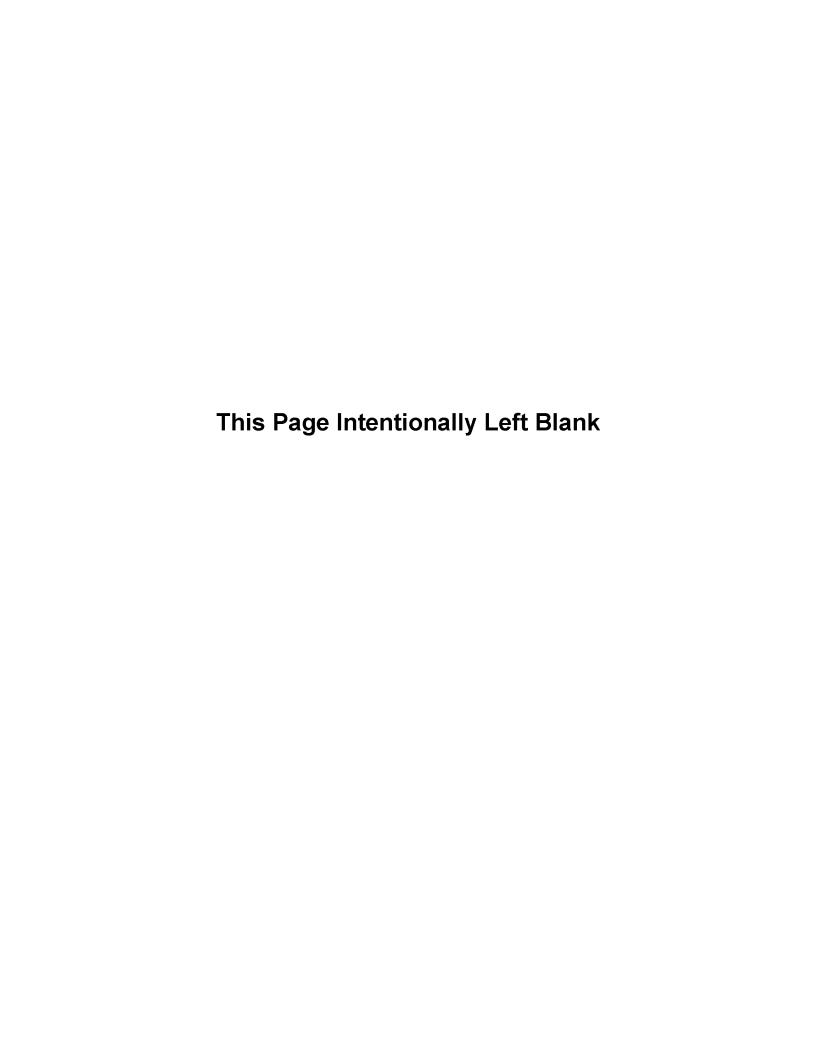
# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds September 30, 2011

	Transportation Trust		E-911 Phone Tax		Capital Improvements E-911 Tax		Tax Increment Financing- Paradise Playhouse		Tax Increment Financing- Vintage Development	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	968,441	\$ 314,819	\$	10,271	\$	-	\$	19,604	
Investments		500,000	-		-		-		-	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:										
Property taxes		-	-		-		1,858		16,819	
Franchise taxes		-	10,460		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		88,497	-		-		-		12,155	
Total assets	\$	1,556,938	\$ 325,279	\$	10,271	\$	1,858	\$	48,578	
Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit) Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue Advances from other funds	\$	34,746 - -	\$ 2,534 - -	\$	- - -	\$	- 1,858 -	\$	24,535 16,819 -	
Total liabilities		34,746	2,534		-		1,858		41,354	
Fund balance (deficit):										
Restricted		1,522,192	322,745		10,271		-		7,224	
Unassigned		-	-		-		-		-	
Total fund balance (deficit)		1,522,192	322,745		10,271		-		7,224	
Total liabilities and										
fund balance (deficit)	\$	1,556,938	\$ 325,279	\$	10,271	\$	1,858	\$	48,578	

F	Public Safety Sales Tax	Equitable Sharing	Tax Increment Financing- Elms Hotel	Tax Increment Financing- Wal-Mart	Community Development Block Grant	Tax Increment Financing- Vintage Development II	Total
\$	701,950 400,000	\$ 60,341 -	\$ -	\$ 1,074,281 -	\$ 73,009	\$ - : -	\$ 3,222,716 900,000
	-	-	-	37,584 -	-	-	56,261 10,460
	88,497	-	_	116,243	-	-	305,392
\$	1,190,447	\$ 60,341	\$ _	\$ 1,228,108	\$ 73,009	\$ - :	\$ 4,494,829
\$	7,604	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ - :	\$ 69,419
	-	-	-	37,584	-	-	56,261
	-	-	88,721	-	-	100	88,821
	7,604	-	88,721	37,584	-	100	214,501
	1,182,843	60,341	_	1,190,524	73,009	-	4,369,149
	-	-	(88,721)	-	-	(100)	(88,821)
	1,182,843	60,341	(88,721)	1,190,524	73,009	(100)	4,280,328
\$	1,190,447	\$ 60,341	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,228,108	\$ 73,009	\$ :	\$ 4,494,829

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds September 30, 2011

		Total			
Assets, restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	436,927	\$ 362,501	\$	799,428
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities, accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Fund balance, restricted  Total liabilities and fund balance		436,927 436,927	\$ 362,501 362,501	\$	799,428 799,428



# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2011

Devenue		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Fund, Capital Equipment		
Revenues:	•	2 005 072	•		•		
Taxes	\$	2,985,873	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	-	
Intergovernmental revenues		335,683		-		-	
Charges for services		-		-		-	
Special assessment fees		46,711		-		-	
Investment earnings		25,226		22		5	
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		538	
Total revenues		3,393,493		22		543	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		2,365		-		-	
Public safety		240,899		-		-	
Public works		211,925		-		-	
Cemetery operations		-		-		-	
Community betterment		1,151,437		-		-	
Capital outlay		404,003		-		-	
Debt service:							
Principal		-		786,939		-	
Interest		_		115,270		-	
Trustee fees		_		4,826		-	
Total expenditures		2,010,629		907,035		-	
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		1,382,864		(907,013)		543	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		8,500		_		_	
Contribution of assets		, <u>-</u>		_		_	
Transfers in		159,972		952,435		_	
Transfers out		(914,246)		, <u>-</u>		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(745,774)		952,435		-	
Net change in fund balances		637,090		45,422		543	
Fund balances, beginning, as restated		3,643,238		754,006		10,819	
Fund balances, beginning, as restated	\$	4,280,328	\$	799,428	\$	11,362	
. and balances, onding	Ψ	4,200,320	Ψ	133,420	Ψ	11,302	

		Total
		Nonmajor
Permar	nent Fund,	Governmental
Cer	metery	Funds
\$	-	\$ 2,985,873
	-	335,683
	10,095	10,095
	-	46,711
	726	25,979
	-	538
	10,821	3,404,879
	-	2,365
	-	240,899
	-	211,925
	17,810	17,810
	-	1,151,437
	-	404,003
	-	786,939
	-	115,270
	-	4,826
	17,810	2,935,474
	(0.000)	100 105
	(6,989)	469,405
		0 500
	200 506	8,500
	208,596	208,596
	-	1,112,407
	208,596	(914,246) 415,257
	200,590	410,207
	201,607	884,662
	201,001	004,002
	<u>-</u>	4,408,063
\$	201,607	\$ 5,292,725

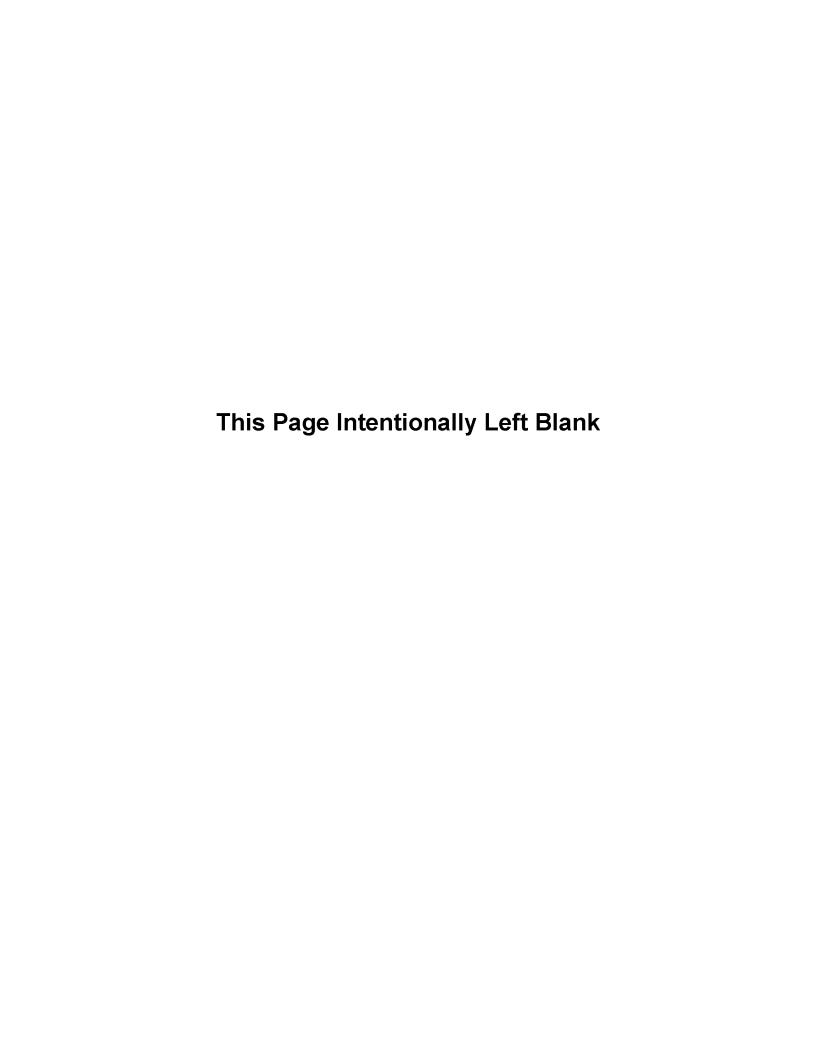
#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Transportation Trust		E-911 Phone Tax		Capital Improvements E-911 Tax		Tax Increment Financing- Paradise Playhouse		Tax Increment Financing- Vintage Development	
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	753,454	\$	127,344	\$	-	\$	32,066	\$	184,963
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessment fees		-		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		6,515		2,435		161		-		242
Total revenues		759,969		129,779		161		32,066		185,205
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		983		521		_		_		_
Public safety		-		33,342		2,472		_		_
Public works		211,925		=		-		-		-
Community betterment		-		-		-		32,066		188,822
Capital outlay		2,850		-		17,589		_		-
Total expenditures		215,758		33,863		20,061		32,066		188,822
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		544,211		95,916		(19,900)		-		(3,617)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		_		-		-
Transfers out		(8,300)		(149,148)		_		-		-
Total other financing (uses)		(8,300)		(149,148)		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		535,911		(53,232)		(19,900)		-		(3,617)
Fund balances, beginning, as restated		986,281		375,977		30,171		-		10,841
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$	1,522,192	\$	322,745	\$	10,271	\$	-	\$	7,224

ublic Safety Sales Tax	Equitable Sharing	Tax Increment Financing- Elms Hotel	Tax Increment Financing- Wal-Mart	C	Community Development Block Grant	F	x Increment Financing- Vintage velopment II	Total
\$ 753,403	\$ -	\$ 14	\$ 1,134,629	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,985,873
-	37,226	-	-		298,457		-	335,683
-	-	46,711	-		-		-	46,711
5,539	-	_	10,334		-		-	25,226
758,942	37,226	46,725	1,144,963		298,457		-	3,393,493
861 10,152	- 21,782	-	<u>-</u>		- 173,151		-	2,365 240,899
-	-	_	_		-		_	211,925
_	_	85,465	793,642		51,342		100	1,151,437
226,162	_	-	-		157,402		-	404,003
 237,175	21,782	85,465	793,642		381,895		100	2,010,629
521,767	15,444	(38,740)	351,321		(83,438)		(100)	1,382,864
8,500	_	_	_		_		_	8,500
-	_	_	-		159,972		_	159,972
(380,538)	-	_	(376,260)		-		-	(914,246)
(372,038)	-		(376,260)		159,972		-	(745,774)
149,729	15,444	(38,740)	(24,939)		76,534		(100)	637,090
 1,033,114	44,897	(49,981)	1,215,463		(3,525)		_	3,643,238
\$ 1,182,843	\$ 60,341	\$ (88,721)	\$ 1,190,524	\$	73,009	\$	(100)	\$ 4,280,328

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Year Ended September 30, 2011

			Tax	
		I	ncrement	
	Debt	F	inancing-	
	 Service	Wa	l-Mart/Elms	Total
Revenues, investment earnings	\$ 19	\$	3	\$ 22
Expenditures, debt service:				
Principal	456,939		330,000	786,939
Interest	83,410		31,860	115,270
Trustee fees	3,576		1,250	4,826
Total expenditures	543,925		363,110	907,035
Excess of revenues				
(under) expenditures	 (543,906)		(363,107)	(907,013)
Other financing sources, transfers in	 576,175		376,260	952,435
Net change in fund balance	32,269		13,153	45,422
Fund balances, beginning	404,658		349,348	754,006
Fund balances, ending	\$ 436,927	\$	362,501	\$ 799,428



Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - General Fund Sub-Funds -**Budget to Actual** 

Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Construction	n Servic	es
	 Budget		Actual
Revenues:			
Licenses, permits and fees	\$ 4,000	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues	417,750		335,947
Special assessment fees	-		-
Investment earnings	-		-
Miscellaneous	 21,000		9,236
Total revenues	442,750		345,183
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	-		-
Public works	566,700		469,408
Community betterment	-		-
Capital outlay	2,850		2,957
Total expenditures	569,550		472,365
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (126,800)		(127,182)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	163,000		135,485
Transfers out	(26,100)		(25,000)
Total other financing (uses)	 136,900		110,485
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	\$ 10,100		(16,697)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning			(32,505)
Fund balances (deficit), ending	•	\$	(49,202)

Ne	eighborhood Imp			Elms Hotel Event Fees					
	Budget		Actual		Budget Actual				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		-		-		-		
	116,249		116,249		-		-		
	1		4		300		220		
	-		-		48,000		42,919		
	116,250		116,253		48,300		43,139		
	-		_		59,250		48,811		
	-		-		_		_		
	-		-		75,195		_		
	-		-		_		_		
	-		-		134,445		48,811		
	116,250		116,253		(86,145)		(5,672		
	-		-		-		-		
	(148,952)		(148,952)		-		-		
	(148,952)	_	(148,952)		-	_	-		
	(32,702)		(32,699)	\$	(86,145)		(5,672		
			35,664				30,845		
	-	\$	2,965		-	\$	25,173		

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Budget to Actual

Revenues:         Budget         Actual         Budget         Actual           Taxes         \$ 700,136         \$ 753,454         \$ 130,000         \$ 127,344           Licenses, permits and fees         9.2         9.2         9.2         9.2           Intergovernmental revenues         9.2         9.2         9.2         9.2           Special assessment fees         9.2         9.2         2.435           Investment earnings         10,000         6,515         2,400         2,435           Miscellaneous         710,136         759,969         132,400         2,435           Miscellaneous         710,136         759,969         132,400         2,435           Miscellaneous         710,136         759,969         132,400         129,779           Expenditures           Current         2,000         983         1,400         521           Public safety         2,000         211,925         35,000         33,342           Public works         887,000         211,925         36,000         33,863           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Ch		Transport	ation Ti	rust		E-911 P	hone <sup>-</sup>	one Tax		
Taxes         \$ 700,136         \$ 753,454         \$ 130,000         \$ 127,344           Licenses, permits and fees         - <th></th> <th>Budget</th> <th></th> <th>Actual</th> <th></th> <th>Budget</th> <th></th> <th>Actual</th>		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		
Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental revenues         -	Revenues:									
Intergovernmental revenues   -   -   -   -   -     -	Taxes	\$ 700,136	\$	753,454	\$	130,000	\$	127,344		
Special assessment fees Investment earnings         1 0,000         6,515         2,400         2,435           Miscellaneous         7 10,136         759,969         132,400         129,779           Expenditures:           Current:           General government         2,000         983         1,400         521           Public safety         2         2         35,000         33,342           Public works         887,000         211,925         -         -           Community betterment         2,850         2,850         -         -           Capital outlay         2,850         2,850         -         -           Total expenditures         891,850         215,758         36,400         33,863           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):         Proceeds from sale of capital assets         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers out         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Total other financing (uses)         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Net change in	Licenses, permits and fees	-		-		-		-		
Investment earnings   10,000   6,515   2,400   2,435     Miscellaneous   -   -   -   -   -     Total revenues   710,136   759,969   132,400   129,779     Expenditures:	Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous         -         <	•	-		-		-		-		
Total revenues         710,136         759,969         132,400         129,779           Expenditures:         Current:           General government         2,000         983         1,400         521           Public safety         -         -         35,000         33,342           Public works         887,000         211,925         -         -           Community betterment         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         2,850         2,850         -         -         -           Total expenditures         891,850         215,758         36,400         33,863           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers in         -         -         -         -         -         -           Total other financing (uses)         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ (188,714)         5	<del>-</del>	10,000		6,515		2,400		2,435		
Expenditures:   Current:   General government   2,000   983   1,400   521     Public safety   -   -   35,000   33,342     Public works   887,000   211,925   -   -     Community betterment   -   -   -   -     Capital outlay   2,850   2,850   -     -     Total expenditures   891,850   215,758   36,400   33.863     Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures   (181,714)   544,211   96,000   95,916     Other financing sources (uses):   -   -   -     Proceeds from sale of capital assets   -   -   -     Transfers in   -   -   -     Transfers out   (7,000)   (8,300)   (149,148)   (149,148)     Total other financing (uses)   (7,000)   (8,300)   (149,148)   (149,148)     Net change in fund balance (deficit)   \$ (188,714)   535,911   \$ (53,148)   (53,232)     Fund balances (deficit)   \$ (188,714)   986,281   375,977				-		-		-		
Current:         Current General government         2,000         983         1,400         521           Public safety         -         -         35,000         33,342           Public works         887,000         211,925         -         -           Community betterment         -         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         2,850         2,850         -         -         -           Total expenditures         891,850         215,758         36,400         33,863           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers in         -         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers out         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ (188,714)         535,911         \$ (53,148)         (53,232)           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         986,281         375,977 <th>Total revenues</th> <th> 710,136</th> <th></th> <th>759,969</th> <th></th> <th>132,400</th> <th></th> <th>129,779</th>	Total revenues	 710,136		759,969		132,400		129,779		
General government         2,000         983         1,400         521           Public safety         -         -         35,000         33,342           Public works         887,000         211,925         -         -           Community betterment         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         2,850         2,850         -         -           Total expenditures         891,850         215,758         36,400         33,863           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         -         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers out         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         (188,714)         535,911         (53,148)         (53,232)           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         986,281         375,977	Expenditures:									
Public safety         -         -         35,000         33,342           Public works         887,000         211,925         -         -           Community betterment         -         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         2,850         2,850         -	Current:									
Public works         887,000         211,925         -         -           Community betterment         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         2,850         2,850         -         -           Total expenditures         891,850         215,758         36,400         33,863           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):         -         -         -         -         -         -           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         - </th <th>General government</th> <th>2,000</th> <th></th> <th>983</th> <th></th> <th>1,400</th> <th></th> <th>521</th>	General government	2,000		983		1,400		521		
Community betterment         -	•	-		-		35,000		33,342		
Capital outlay         2,850         2,850         -	Public works	887,000		211,925		-		-		
Total expenditures         891,850         215,758         36,400         33,863           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):         -	Community betterment	-		-		-		-		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):         Proceeds from sale of capital assets           Transfers in         -	,					-		-		
(under) expenditures         (181,714)         544,211         96,000         95,916           Other financing sources (uses):           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         - </th <th>Total expenditures</th> <th> 891,850</th> <th></th> <th>215,758</th> <th></th> <th>36,400</th> <th></th> <th>33,863</th>	Total expenditures	 891,850		215,758		36,400		33,863		
Other financing sources (uses):  Proceeds from sale of capital assets	Excess of revenues over									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets         -	(under) expenditures	 (181,714)		544,211		96,000		95,916		
Transfers in         - <t< td=""><td>Other financing sources (uses):</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers out         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Total other financing (uses)         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ (188,714)         535,911         \$ (53,148)         (53,232)           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         986,281         375,977	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		-		-		-		
Total other financing (uses) (7,000) (8,300) (149,148) (149,148)  Net change in fund balance (deficit) \$ (188,714) 535,911 \$ (53,148) (53,232)  Fund balances (deficit), beginning 986,281 375,977	Transfers in	-		-		-		-		
(uses)         (7,000)         (8,300)         (149,148)         (149,148)           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ (188,714)         535,911         \$ (53,148)         (53,232)           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         986,281         375,977	Transfers out	(7,000)		(8,300)		(149,148)		(149,148)		
Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ (188,714)         535,911         \$ (53,148)         (53,232)           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         986,281         375,977	Total other financing									
balance (deficit)         \$ (188,714)         535,911         \$ (53,148)         (53,232)           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         986,281         375,977	(uses)	(7,000)		(8,300)		(149,148)		(149,148)		
balance (deficit)         \$ (188,714)         535,911         \$ (53,148)         (53,232)           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         986,281         375,977	Net change in fund									
	balance (deficit)	\$ (188,714)	=	535,911	\$	(53,148)	:	(53,232)		
Fund balances (deficit), ending         \$ 1,522,192         \$ 322,745	Fund balances (deficit), beginning			986,281				375,977		
	Fund balances (deficit), ending		\$	1,522,192	- =		\$	322,745		

				Tax Inc	reme	nt		Tax Increment				
		ments E-911 Tax		Financing - Para	adise			Financing - Vinta				
	Budget	Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	34,066	\$	32,066	\$	175,037	\$	184,963		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	200	161		-		-		242		242		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	200	161		34,066		32,066		175,279		185,205		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	797	2,472		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		34,066		32,066		186,120		188,822		
	22,000	17,589		-		-		-		-		
	22,797	20,061		34,066		32,066		186,120		188,822		
	(22,597)	(19,900)		-		-		(10,841)		(3,617)		
		,						, ,		•		
	_	_		-		-		_		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	-	-		-		-		-		-		
	/									(2.2.1-)		
<u>\$</u>	(22,597)	= (19,900)	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>		-	<u>\$</u>	(10,841)		(3,617)		
		30,171	_			-	_	_		10,841		
		\$ 10,271	_		\$	-	_	-	\$	7,224		

# Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds -Budget to Actual (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2011

Revenues:         Budget         Actual         Budget         Actual           Taxes         \$ 745,136         \$ 753,403         \$		Public Safe	ty Sale	s Tax	Equitable Sharing				
Taxes         \$ 745,136         753,403         \$ - \$         \$           Licenses, permits and fees         40,000         37,226           Special assessment fees		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual	
Licenses, permits and fees   -   -   -	Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenues   -   -   40,000   37,226     Special assessment fees   -   -   -   -   -     Investment earnings   4,300   5,539   -   -     Miscellaneous   -   -   -   -     Total revenues   749,436   758,942   40,000   37,226      Expenditures:	Taxes	\$ 745,136	\$	753,403	\$	-	\$	-	
Special assessment fees	Licenses, permits and fees	-		-		-		-	
Investment earnings   4,300   5,539	Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		40,000		37,226	
Total revenues	Special assessment fees	-		-		-		-	
Total revenues   749,436   758,942   40,000   37,226	<del>-</del>	4,300		5,539		-		-	
Expenditures: Current:  General government 1,500 861	Miscellaneous	 -		-		-			
Current:         General government         1,500         861         -         -           Public safety         90,000         10,152         30,250         21,782           Public works         -         -         -         -         -         -           Community betterment         -	Total revenues	 749,436		758,942		40,000		37,226	
General government         1,500         861         -         -           Public safety         90,000         10,152         30,250         21,782           Public works         -         -         -         -         -           Community betterment         -         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         179,414         226,162         -         -         -           Total expenditures         270,914         237,175         30,250         21,782           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         478,522         521,767         9,750         15,444           Other financing sources (uses):         8,500         8,500         -         -         -           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -         -         -           Transfers out         (386,460)         (380,538)         -         -         -           Total other financing (uses)         (377,960)         (372,038)         -         -         -           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         (30,562)         149,729         9,750         15,444	Expenditures:								
Public safety         90,000         10,152         30,250         21,782           Public works         -         -         -         -         -           Community betterment         -         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         179,414         226,162         -         -         -           Total expenditures         270,914         237,175         30,250         21,782           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         478,522         521,767         9,750         15,444           Other financing sources (uses):         Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -         -           Transfers out         (386,460)         (380,538)         -         -         -         -           Total other financing (uses)         (377,960)         (372,038)         -         -         -         -           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	Current:								
Public works         - <t< th=""><th>General government</th><th>1,500</th><th></th><th>861</th><th></th><th>-</th><th></th><th>-</th></t<>	General government	1,500		861		-		-	
Community betterment         -	Public safety	90,000		10,152		30,250		21,782	
Capital outlay         179,414         226,162         - </th <th>Public works</th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th>-</th>	Public works	-		-		-		-	
Total expenditures         270,914         237,175         30,250         21,782           Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         478,522         521,767         9,750         15,444           Other financing sources (uses):         Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -           Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -         -           Transfers in         -	Community betterment	-		-		-		-	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures         478,522         521,767         9,750         15,444           Other financing sources (uses):         Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -         -           Transfers in         -	Capital outlay	 179,414		226,162		-		-	
(under) expenditures         478,522         521,767         9,750         15,444           Other financing sources (uses):         Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -         -           Transfers in         -         -         -         -         -         -           Transfers out         (386,460)         (380,538)         -         -         -           Total other financing (uses)         (377,960)         (372,038)         -         -         -           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	Total expenditures	 270,914		237,175		30,250		21,782	
Other financing sources (uses):         Proceeds from sale of capital assets       8,500       8,500       -       -       -         Transfers in       -	Excess of revenues over								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -           Transfers in         -         -         -         -           Transfers out         (386,460)         (380,538)         -         -           Total other financing (uses)         (377,960)         (372,038)         -         -           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	(under) expenditures	 478,522		521,767		9,750		15,444	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets         8,500         8,500         -         -           Transfers in         -         -         -         -           Transfers out         (386,460)         (380,538)         -         -           Total other financing (uses)         (377,960)         (372,038)         -         -           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in         - <t< th=""><th><del>-</del></th><th>8,500</th><th></th><th>8,500</th><th></th><th>_</th><th></th><th>_</th></t<>	<del>-</del>	8,500		8,500		_		_	
Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		-		-		-	
(uses)         (377,960)         (372,038)         -         -           Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	Transfers out	(386,460)		(380,538)		-		-	
Net change in fund balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	Total other financing								
balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	(uses)	 (377,960)		(372,038)		-			
balance (deficit)         \$ 100,562         149,729         \$ 9,750         15,444           Fund balances (deficit), beginning         1,033,114         44,897	Net change in fund								
	<del>-</del>	\$ 100,562	=	149,729	\$	9,750		15,444	
	Fund balances (deficit), beginning			1,033,114				44,897	
	Fund balances (deficit), ending		\$	1,182,843	- -		\$	60,341	

	Tax In	cremen	t		Tax In	creme	nt		Community Development				
	Financing	- Elms I			Financing	- Wal-		Block Grant					
	Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual		
\$	2	\$	14	\$	1,169,158	\$	1,134,629	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		401,342		298,457		
	43,000		46,711		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		11,972		10,334		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	43,002		46,725		1,181,130		1,144,963		401,342		298,457		
	-		-		-		-		163,648		-		
	-		-		-		-		300,000		173,151		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	85,463		85,465		793,640		793,642		101,342		51,342		
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		157,402		
	85,463		85,465		793,640		793,642		564,990		381,895		
	(42,461)		(38,740)		387,490		351,321		(163,648)		(83,438)		
	_		_		_		_		-		_		
	-		-		_		-		175,813		159,972		
	-		-		(386,360)		(376,260)		-				
	-		-		(386,360)		(376,260)		175,813		159,972		
_		_											
\$	(42,461)	=	(38,740)	\$	1,130	•	(24,939)	\$	12,165		76,534		
			(49,981)				1,215,463	_	_		(3,525)		
		\$	(88,721)	=		\$	1,190,524	=	=	\$	73,009		

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds - Budget to Actual

Year Ended September 30, 2011

					Tax In	creme	nt
	 Debt	Servic	е		Financing - \	Nal-M	art/Elms
	Budget		Actual	Budget		Actual	
Revenues, investment earnings	\$ 75	\$	19	\$	3	\$	3
Expenditures, debt service:							
Principal	456,939		456,939		330,000		330,000
Interest	83,410		83,410		31,860		31,860
Trustee fees	3,576		3,576		4,500		1,250
Total expenditures	543,925		543,925		366,360		363,110
Excess of revenues							
(under) expenditures	(543,850)		(543,906)		(366,357)		(363,107)
Other financing sources, transfers in	576,175		576,175		386,360		376,260
Net change in fund balance	\$ 32,325	=	32,269	\$	20,003	=	13,153
Fund balances, beginning			404,658				349,348
Fund balances, ending		\$	436,927	=		\$	362,501

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund -Budget to Actual Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Capital I	Equipme	ent
	 Budget		Actual
Revenues:			
Investment earnings	\$ 5	\$	5
Miscellaneous	125		538
Total revenues	 130		543
Expenditures:			
Current, public safety	9,262		-
Capital outlay	1,687		-
Total expenditures	 10,949		-
Net change in fund balance	\$ (10,819)	=	543
Fund balances, beginning			10,819
Fund balances, ending		\$	11,362

# Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds September 30, 2011

Assets		Airport		Refuse		Golf		Total
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	98,808	\$	30,300	\$	129,108
Investments		-		150,000		-		150,000
Accounts receivable, net of allowance								
for uncollectibles		4,575		68,887		-		73,462
Inventory		2,500		-		-		2,500
Prepaids		-		-		9,180		9,180
Total current assets		7,075		317,695		39,480		364,250
Noncurrent assets:								
Land		50,000		-		155,688		205,688
Land improvements		-		-		809,585		809,585
Buildings and improvements		48,624		-		294,271		342,895
Operating equipment		52,247		-		656,138		708,385
Furniture and office equipment		-		-		8,067		8,067
Vehicles		-		-		2,250		2,250
Total capital assets		150,871		-		1,925,999		2,076,870
Less accumulated depreciation		42,619		-		1,465,647		1,508,266
Total noncurrent assets		108,252		-		460,352		568,604
Total assets	\$	115,327	\$	317,695	\$	499,832	\$	932,854
Liabilities and Fund Equity								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	3,205	\$	6,232	\$	3,111	\$	12,548
Compensated absences	•	-	*	-	*	35,474	*	35,474
Accrued interest		_		_		1,303		1,303
Capital lease obligations		_		_		55,852		55,852
Total current liabilities		3,205		6,232		95,740		105,177
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Advances from other funds		13,385		_		352,667		366,052
Other postemployment benefits obligation		-		_		3,920		3,920
LAGERS pension obligation		_		_		5,703		5,703
Capital lease obligations		_		_		206,730		206,730
Total noncurrent liabilities		13,385		-		569,020		582,405
Total liabilities		16,590		6,232		664,760		687,582
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt		108,252		-		197,770		306,022
Unrestricted		(9,515)		311,463		(362,698)		(60,750)
Total net assets (deficit)		98,737		311,463		(164,928)		245,272
Total liabilities and net								
assets (deficit)	\$	115,327	\$	317,695	\$	499,832	\$	932,854

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets (Deficit) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Airport	Refuse	Golf	Total
Operating revenues:				_
Charges for services	\$ 12,729	\$ 669,642	\$ 583,241	\$ 1,265,612
Rental income	21,000	-	-	21,000
Other	 -	36,207	12,577	48,784
Total operating revenues	 33,729	705,849	595,818	1,335,396
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	-	5,799	331,542	337,341
Contractual and professional services	1,596	604,564	1,930	608,090
Utilities	5,879	8,920	31,480	46,279
Maintenance and repairs	18,687	-	78,315	97,002
Cost of goods sold	12,031	-	82,117	94,148
Insurance	2,185	-	5,730	7,915
Supplies and materials (administrative)	6,394	19,053	102,689	128,136
Depreciation	3,510	-	121,168	124,678
Total operating expenses	50,282	638,336	754,971	1,443,589
Operating income (loss)	(16,553)	67,513	(159,153)	(108,193)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):				
Investment earnings	-	1,863	11	1,874
Interest expense	-	-	(10,537)	(10,537)
Total nonoperating				
revenue (expense)	 -	1,863	(10,526)	(8,663)
Income (loss) before transfers	(16,553)	69,376	(169,679)	(116,856)
Transfers in	1,703	<del>-</del>	118,268	119,971
Transfers out	_	(57,114)	(16,436)	(73,550)
	1,703	(57,114)	101,832	46,421
Change in net assets	(14,850)	12,262	(67,847)	(70,435)
Total net assets (deficit), beginning	 113,587	 299,201	 (97,081)	 315,707
Total net assets (deficit), ending	\$ 98,737	\$ 311,463	\$ (164,928)	\$ 245,272

# Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended September 30, 2011

		Airport	Refuse	Golf	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash collected from customers	\$	30,954	\$ 707,288	\$ 583,241	\$ 1,321,483
Cash from other operating revenue		-	-	12,577	12,577
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(47,814)	(634,564)	(315,052)	(997,430)
Cash paid to employees for services		-	(5,799)	(332,173)	(337,972)
Net cash provided by					
(used in) operating activities		(16,860)	66,925	(51,407)	(1,342)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Increase in advances from other funds		13,385	-	332,667	346,052
Interfund payments		-	-	(175,529)	(175,529)
Transfers in		1,703	-	118,268	119,971
Transfers out		-	(57,114)	(16,436)	(73,550)
Net cash provided by	-				
(used in) noncapital					
financing activities		15,088	(57,114)	258,970	216,944
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-	-	(87,799)	(87,799)
Principal payments on capital leases		-	-	(96,530)	(96,530)
Interest paid		-	-	(10,660)	(10,660)
Net cash (used in) capital					
and related financing activities		-	-	(194,989)	(194,989)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of investments		-	(300,000)	-	(300,000)
Interest income		-	1,863	11	1,874
Proceeds from maturity of investment		-	150,000	-	150,000
Net cash provided by (used in)					
investing activities		-	(148,137)	11	(148,126)
Net increase (decrease)					
in cash and cash equivalents		(1,772)	(138,326)	12,585	(127,513)
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning		1,772	237,134	17,715	256,621
Ending	\$	-	\$ 98,808	\$ 30,300	\$ 129,108

# Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2011

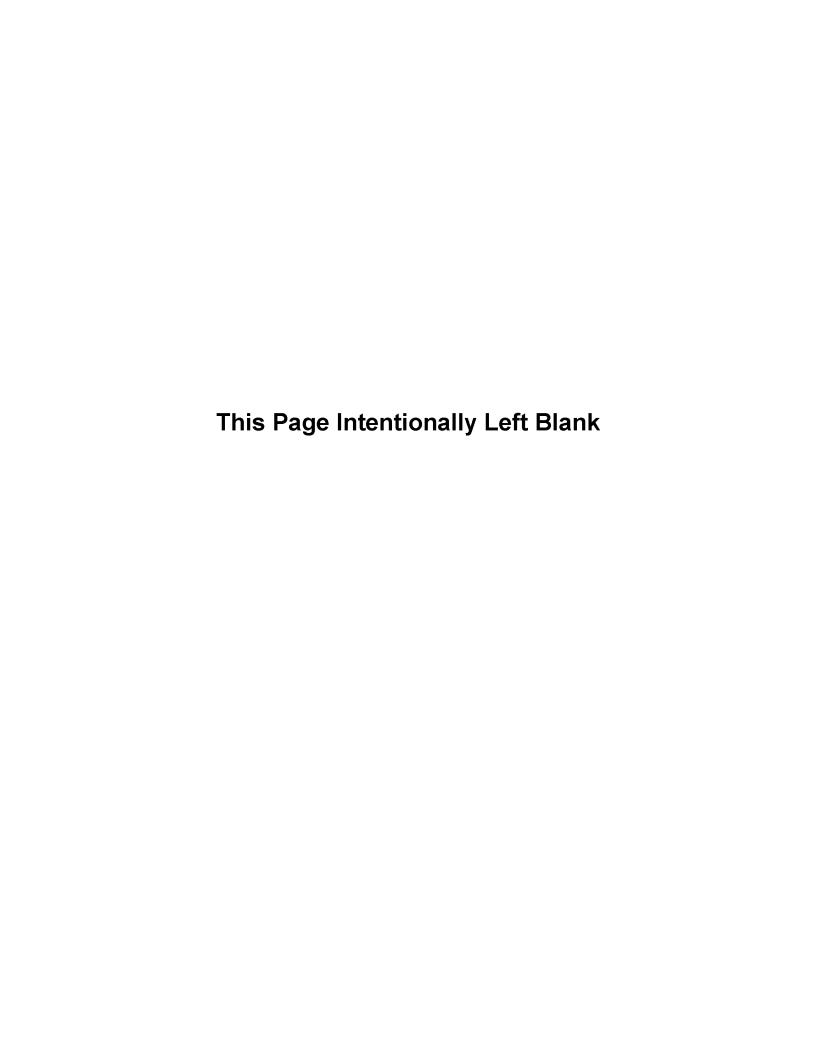
	Airport	Refuse	Golf	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (16,553)	\$ 67,513	\$ (159,153) \$	(108,193)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	3,510	-	121,168	124,678
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2,775)	1,439	-	(1,336)
Decrease in inventory	3,358	-	-	3,358
(Decrease) in accounts payable and				
accrued expenses	(4,400)	(2,027)	(12,791)	(19,218)
Increase in other postemployment benefits				
obligation	-	-	960	960
Increase in LAGERS pension obligation	-	-	5,703	5,703
(Decrease) in compensated absences	-	-	(7,294)	(7,294)
Net cash provided by	 -		-	-
(used in) operating activities	\$ (16,860)	\$ 66,925	\$ (51,407) \$	(1,342)

# Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds September 30, 2011

	 Hospital	Payroll	Road District	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,904,372	\$ 97,861	\$ 562,518	\$ 6,564,751
Taxes receivable	245,257	-	=	245,257
Total assets	\$ 6,149,629	\$ 97,861	\$ 562,518	\$ 6,810,008
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 97,861	\$ -	\$ 97,861
Due to component unit	6,149,629	-	-	6,149,629
Due to other governments	-	-	562,518	562,518
Total liabilities	\$ 6,149,629	\$ 97,861	\$ 562,518	\$ 6,810,008

## Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Year Ended September 30, 2011

Name		Se	Balance ptember 30, 2010		Additions		Deletions	s	Balance eptember 30, 2011
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Taxes receivable Total assets         \$ 5,776,776   \$ 228,379   221,720   245,257	Hospital Fund								
Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,015,374         \$ 1,801,785         \$ 1,667,530         \$ 6,149,629           Liabilities, due to component unit         \$ 6,015,374         \$ 1,801,785         \$ 1,667,530         \$ 6,149,629           Payroll Fund           Assets, cash and cash equivalents         \$ 71,002         \$ 6,833,086         \$ 6,805,227         \$ 97,861           Liabilities, accounts payable         \$ 71,002         \$ 6,979,073         \$ 6,952,214         \$ 97,861           Road District Fund         \$ 595,061         \$ 143,503         \$ 176,046         \$ 562,518           Assets, cash and cash equivalents         \$ 595,061         \$ 148,050         \$ 59,621         \$ 562,518           Accounts payable         \$ 11,617         \$ 48,004         \$ 59,621         \$ 6,251           Accounts payable         \$ 11,617         \$ 48,004         \$ 59,621         \$ 6,251           Due to other governments         \$ 595,061         \$ 167,817         \$ 200,360         \$ 562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,0	Assets:								
Total assets   \$ 6,015,374   \$ 1,801,785   \$ 1,667,530   \$ 6,149,629	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,776,776	\$	1,573,406	\$	1,445,810	\$	5,904,372
Payroll Fund   S	Taxes receivable		238,598		228,379		221,720		245,257
Payroll Fund           Assets, cash and cash equivalents         \$ 71,002         \$ 6,833,086         \$ 6,806,227         \$ 97,861           Liabilities, accounts payable         \$ 71,002         \$ 6,979,073         \$ 6,952,214         \$ 97,861           Road District Fund           Assets, cash and cash equivalents         \$ 595,061         \$ 143,503         \$ 176,046         \$ 562,518           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 11,617         \$ 48,004         \$ 59,621         \$ -           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets:         Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,783,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governme	Total assets	\$	6,015,374	\$	1,801,785	\$	1,667,530	\$	6,149,629
Assets, cash and cash equivalents   \$ 71,002	Liabilities, due to component unit	\$	6,015,374	\$	1,801,785	\$	1,667,530	\$	6,149,629
Assets, cash and cash equivalents   \$ 71,002	Payroll Fund								
Road District Fund           Assets, cash and cash equivalents         \$ 595,061         \$ 143,503         \$ 176,046         \$ 562,518           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 11,617         \$ 48,004         \$ 59,621         \$ -           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518           Total liabilities         \$ 595,061         \$ 167,817         \$ 200,360         \$ 562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets:         Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518	•	\$	71,002	\$	6,833,086	\$	6,806,227	\$	97,861
Assets, cash and cash equivalents         \$ 595,061         \$ 143,503         \$ 176,046         \$ 562,518           Liabilities:         Accounts payable         \$ 11,617         \$ 48,004         \$ 59,621         \$ -           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518           Total liabilities         \$ 595,061         \$ 167,817         \$ 200,360         \$ 562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518	Liabilities, accounts payable	\$	71,002	\$	6,979,073	\$	6,952,214	\$	97,861
Liabilities:         Accounts payable       \$ 11,617       \$ 48,004       \$ 59,621       \$ -         Due to other governments       583,444       119,813       140,739       562,518         Total liabilities       \$ 595,061       \$ 167,817       \$ 200,360       \$ 562,518         Total Agency Funds         Assets:         Cash and cash equivalents       \$ 6,442,839       \$ 8,549,995       \$ 8,428,083       \$ 6,564,751         Taxes receivable       238,598       228,379       221,720       245,257         Total assets       \$ 6,681,437       \$ 8,778,374       \$ 8,649,803       \$ 6,810,008         Liabilities:         Accounts payable       \$ 82,619       \$ 7,027,077       \$ 7,011,835       \$ 97,861         Due to component unit       6,015,374       1,801,785       1,667,530       6,149,629         Due to other governments       583,444       119,813       140,739       562,518	Road District Fund								
Accounts payable         \$ 11,617         \$ 48,004         \$ 59,621         \$ -           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518           Total liabilities         \$ 595,061         \$ 167,817         \$ 200,360         \$ 562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518	Assets, cash and cash equivalents	\$	595,061	\$	143,503	\$	176,046	\$	562,518
Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518           Total liabilities         \$ 595,061         \$ 167,817         \$ 200,360         \$ 562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518	Liabilities:								
Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518           Total liabilities         \$ 595,061         \$ 167,817         \$ 200,360         \$ 562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets:           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518		\$	11.617	\$	48.004	\$	59.621	\$	_
Total liabilities         \$ 595,061         \$ 167,817         \$ 200,360         \$ 562,518           Total Agency Funds           Assets:         Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518		•	•	_	•	•	,	•	562.518
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,442,839 \$ 8,549,995 \$ 8,428,083 \$ 6,564,751    Taxes receivable 238,598 228,379 221,720 245,257    Total assets \$ 6,681,437 \$ 8,778,374 \$ 8,649,803 \$ 6,810,008    Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 82,619 \$ 7,027,077 \$ 7,011,835 \$ 97,861    Due to component unit 6,015,374 1,801,785 1,667,530 6,149,629    Due to other governments 583,444 119,813 140,739 562,518	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,442,839 \$ 8,549,995 \$ 8,428,083 \$ 6,564,751    Taxes receivable 238,598 228,379 221,720 245,257    Total assets \$ 6,681,437 \$ 8,778,374 \$ 8,649,803 \$ 6,810,008    Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 82,619 \$ 7,027,077 \$ 7,011,835 \$ 97,861    Due to component unit 6,015,374 1,801,785 1,667,530 6,149,629    Due to other governments 583,444 119,813 140,739 562,518	Total Agency Funds								
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 6,442,839         \$ 8,549,995         \$ 8,428,083         \$ 6,564,751           Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:         Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518									
Taxes receivable         238,598         228,379         221,720         245,257           Total assets         \$ 6,681,437         \$ 8,778,374         \$ 8,649,803         \$ 6,810,008           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 82,619         \$ 7,027,077         \$ 7,011,835         \$ 97,861           Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518		\$	6.442.839	\$	8.549.995	\$	8.428.083	\$	6.564.751
Liabilities:         Accounts payable       \$ 82,619       \$ 7,027,077       \$ 7,011,835       \$ 97,861         Due to component unit       6,015,374       1,801,785       1,667,530       6,149,629         Due to other governments       583,444       119,813       140,739       562,518	·						, ,		, ,
Accounts payable       \$ 82,619       \$ 7,027,077       \$ 7,011,835       \$ 97,861         Due to component unit       6,015,374       1,801,785       1,667,530       6,149,629         Due to other governments       583,444       119,813       140,739       562,518	Total assets	\$	6,681,437	\$	8,778,374	\$	8,649,803	\$	6,810,008
Accounts payable       \$ 82,619       \$ 7,027,077       \$ 7,011,835       \$ 97,861         Due to component unit       6,015,374       1,801,785       1,667,530       6,149,629         Due to other governments       583,444       119,813       140,739       562,518	Liabilities:								
Due to component unit         6,015,374         1,801,785         1,667,530         6,149,629           Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518	Accounts payable	\$	82,619	\$	7,027,077	\$	7,011,835	\$	97,861
Due to other governments         583,444         119,813         140,739         562,518		•	6,015,374	•	1,801,785	•	1,667,530	•	6,149,629
Total liabilities \$ 6.681,437 \$ 8.948.675 \$ 8.820,104 \$ 6.810,008	•								
	Total liabilities	\$	6,681,437	\$	8,948,675	\$	8,820,104	\$	6,810,008



## **Statistical Section Contents**

The statistical section of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	94 - 99
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the	100 - 105
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt	106 - 109
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	110 - 111
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and	112 - 118

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB 34 in fiscal year 2003: schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental Activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	(3,067,523) 3,168,513 3,378,558	(1,264,482) 2,673,855 3,419,935	(102,176) 3,565,220 2,568,358	[a] 8,215,502 3,915,524 2,889,439	8,920,357 4,443,656 3,035,103	9,600,400 5,066,289	11,453,475 5,375,415 4 580 245	12,241,755 5,493,852 4 070 307	12,996,356 8,196,025 2,634,310
Total governmental activities net assets	3,479,248	4,829,308	6,031,402	15,020,465	16,399,116	19,274,680	21,409,135	21,805,914	23,826,691
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	5,359,584 1,607,783 1,692,813	5,423,336 1,255,000 1,714,642	5,455,222 1,172,000 1,793,565	5,502,722 1,101,621 1,915,682	5,752,386 1,004,472 2,090,881	6,876,597 896,282 1,675,923	6,951,927 797,019 2,144,788	7,033,568 621,500 3,703,362	7,360,002 237,500 4,791,239
Total business-type activities net assets	8,660,180	8,392,978	8,420,787	8,520,025	8,847,739	9,448,802	9,893,734	11,358,430	12,388,741
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	2,292,061 4,776,296 8,154,554	4,158,854 3,928,855 7,348,790	5,353,046 4,737,220 7,305,578	13,718,224 5,017,145 4,805,121	14,672,743 5,448,128 5,125,984	16,476,997 5,962,571 6,283,914	18,405,402 6,172,434 6,725,033	19,275,323 6,115,352 7,773,669	20,356,358 8,433,525 7,425,549
Total primary government net assets	15,222,911	15,436,499	17,395,844	23,540,490	25,246,855	28,723,482	31,302,869	33,164,344	36,215,432

GASB Statement No. 34 Implemented in Fiscal Year 2003. [a] As restated for the addition of governmental infrastructure assets.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Communication of the content of th		0000	,	1000	0000	Fiscal Year			0.00	7,00
1,20,201   2,10,202   2,201		2003	2004	conz	2000	7007	2008	8002	01.07	70.1.1
1,120,781   2,124,771   2,12	Expenses:									
151,275   156,755   156,755   166,	Governmental activities. General Government	734 877								
1,500,713   1,50	Public Safety	3 876 293				4				
Operations         1,20,703         1,62,204         1,007,104         1,420,441         1,707,104         1,50,802         1,50,807           Operations         4,77,71         48,776         48,777         50,801         31,201         61,386         60,097         48,777         50,801           Operations         467,586         48,777         50,801         31,201         61,386         60,097         48,777         50,801           Operations         467,586         48,777         50,801         31,201         61,386         60,097         48,777         50,801           Operations         467,586         48,077         50,801         31,201         61,386         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,777         60,097         48,778         60,097         48,778 <td>Transportation</td> <td>151.273</td> <td>155,612</td> <td>118,869</td> <td>108.254</td> <td>97.584</td> <td>134,436</td> <td>143,769</td> <td>143,981</td> <td>152.676</td>	Transportation	151.273	155,612	118,869	108.254	97.584	134,436	143,769	143,981	152.676
Operations         4771         3671         51 645         22.971         51 645         22.971         51 645         22.971         51 645         52.991         51 682         52.991         51 682         52.991         51 682         51 682         52.991         51 700         17.28 610         1	Public Works	1 290 783	1 522 617	864 625	1 067 169	1 428 481	1 767 511	1 549 922	1 929 547	1 840 211
Applications         Applications<	Health and Welfare	A7 711	48 715	51,643	52 971	53, 196	40.318	52 943	51 887	55.50
Page	Decreational Activities	11,,11	110,710	383 466	311 201	511.358	504,097	450,245	528.013	637.316
1788   1788	Cemetery Operations	500,501	- '	) '	2,1	5	50.5	- '00	0.000	17.810
Total purities supervises   Total purities   Total p	Committee Defended	663 750	107 080	000 513	757 730	1 287 102	4 000 000	4 724 000	1 729 640	1 509 422
1788 746   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491   1772 491   1800 889   1772 491	International form form debt	440.05	300,721	000,000	104, 100	1,207,102	1,009,990	1,751,000	1,720,010	1,000,422
Total puriness byper entrees byper	interest on ong-term debt. Total governmental activities expenses	7,662,136	8,177,980	7,472,548	8,362,665	9,058,534	8,756,282	10,232,046	11,009,762	10,527,609
1788 746         1889 24         1724 911         1600 883         1777 12         1656 96         1677 88         1670 89         1670 89         1777 12         1650 99         1670 89         1777 12         1650 99         1670 99	Business type activities:									
1,007,643   1,007,644   1,00	Water	1 758 746	1 820 589	1 724 911	1 690 883	1 707 102	1 666 996	1 678 836	1 660 959	1 892 942
Fig. 466   Fig. 765 (204)   Fig. 666   Fig. 765 (204)   Fig. 666 (204)	Sawer	1,00,740	058,020	007 000	000,000,1	973 446	877 837	1 127 120	1,000,300	1 330 063
2 9.66         2 9.66         3 087         3 087         7 211         9 98         16 98           Total business-type activities expenses         2 9.66         3 0.44         3 0.44         3 0.44         3 0.44         3 0.44         3 0.44         6 0.7284         4 0.7	Cowaci	815.495	736 727	735 904	780.348	773 545	849,698	851,479	792,062	765 508
Total business/ype activities expenses   281,086   21,000   21,0	Aimort	2,000	2 955	3,087	3,087	3,087	7 211	0 707	16 958	50,000
Total business-type activides workness         3843 008 (a)	Refuse	281.996	314.480	321,202	352.558	376.787	439.794	537.746	667,284	638,336
Total primary government expenses		3 926 836	3 843 008	3 714 894	3 804 960	3 833 967	3 841 536	4 204 776	4 341 664	4 677 131
tor services: 174783 153.283 155.440 154.677 158.180 108.055 1.21.535 1.15.340 154.677 158.180 108.055 1.21.535 1.15.340 154.677 158.180 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.08.052 1.21.535 1.15.340 1.10.80 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.59 1.20.247 1.15.50 1.20.247 1.15.50 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.15.20 1.20.247 1.20.24 1.	Total primary government expenses	11,588,972	12,020,988	11,187,442	12,167,625	12,892,501	12,597,818	14,436,822	15,351,426	15,204,740
174,783   153,283   156,743   153,400   154,677   158,180   108,035   121,535   121,	ogram revenue:									
ment         174,783         153,283         156,743         156,740         154,677         156,180         108,035         121,536         171,536         171,536         1736,007         1,080,352         1216,136         1,216,136 <t< td=""><td>Governmental activities:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Governmental activities:									
ment         174,783         153,283         156,743         153,400         154,677         158,180         108,035         121,535         1	Charges for services:									
861,701 807,716 907,474 845,597 798,748 1,080,352 1,216,136 1,396,007 1,386,007 1,386,007 1,386,007 1,386,007 1,386,007 1,386,004 1,386,004 1,386,004 1,108	General Government	174,783	153,283	156,743	153,400	154,677	158,180	108,035	121,535	115,858
38,229 31,350 31,265 30,224 26.156 31,802 30,213 33,036 159,468 145,483 6,828 4,807 74,217 15,638 355,916 52,566 159,468 159,468 150,018 150,0	Public Safety	861,701	807,716	907,474	845,597	798,748	1,080,352	1,216,136	1,396,007	1,406,395
145,483 6,828 4,807 74,217 15,638 355,916 52,566 159,468 159,488 159,4	Transportation	38,229	31,350	31,265	30,264	26,156	31,802	30,213	33,036	30,767
11,707 35,762 23,910 32,080 31,919 23,720 36,965 50,018 50	Public Works	145,483	6,828	4,807	74,217	15,638	355,916	52,566	159,468	333,091
1,707 35,762 23,910 32,080 31,919 23,720 36,965 50,018 a.s. section 10,089 188,463 175,159 156,780 78,710 130,182 53,766 53,766 53,766 54,109 52,583 36,311 590,406 563,271 1,388,218 477,368 15,004 15,125 17,875 17,220 20,377 17,220 56,386 56,004 16,500 56,311 17,875 16,500 56,311 17,220 56,386 56,004 16,500 56,327 17,387 17,388 16,500 56,327 17,388 17,388 16,500 56,327 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,387 17,388 17,389 1	Health and Welfare	1	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•
ns:	Recreational Activities	31,707	35,762	23,910	32,080	31,919	23,720	36,965	50,018	127,279
ns: 9,553	Cemetery Operations	1	•	•	•	•	•			10,095
16.704 437.247 16.708	Community Betterment	237,340	101,089	188,463	175,159	156,780	78,710	130,182	53,766	203,450
9,553	Operating grants and contributions:									
41,109 52,863 36,319 35,882 29,067 56,385 55,079 56,004  15,125 17,815 13,750 17,220 1,220 20,377 17,220 20,377 17,323 17,738 16,500 20,377 17,220 20,377 17,220 20,384 13,111 73,723 464,910 499,170 499,170 1,02	Public Safety	9,553	•	•	23,523	19,187	•	90,704	437,247	274,758
19,127 553,718 535,311 590,406 553,271 1,388,218 477,368  15,125 17,875 13,750 19,250 12,375 21,323 17,875 16,500 12,375 17,375 16,500 12,375 17,375 16,500 12,375 17,375 16,500 12,375 17,375 16,500 12,375 16,500 12,375 17,375 16,500 12,	Transportation	41,109	52,583	36,319	35,852	29,057	56,385	55,079	56,004	61,309
15,125 17,875 19,250 12,375 21,323 17,875 16,500 29,268 29	Public Works	•	191,911	553,718	535,311	590,406	553,271	1,388,218	477,368	492,908
69,632 30,379 37,323 200,934 13,111 73,723 464,910 499,170 6,088 initiates program revenue 20,377 17,220 5,288 29,288 29,288	Health and Welfare	15,125	17,875	13,750	19,250	12,375	21,323	17,875	16,500	16,500
69,632 30,379 37,323 200,934 13,111 73,723 464,910 499,170 5,703 - 28,391 2,267 - 28,391 2,267 - 3,329,387 3,329,387 3,596,502 3,329,387 3,596,502 3,329,387 3,596,502 3,599,507	Recreational Activities				20,377	17,220		5,619	29,268	
6,703 - 28,391 2,267 462,010 499,170 69,632 30,379 37,323 200,934 13,111 73,723 464,910 499,170 499,170 1,0224,020 1,428,776 1,953,772 2,145,964 1,865,274 2,433,382 3,596,502 3,329,387 3,596,502 3,599,387 3,599,399,399,399,399,399,399,399,399,39	Cemetery Operations	1	1				i	•	1	208,596
6,703 - 28,391 2,267 - 145,964 1,865,274 2,433,382 3,596,502 3,329,387 = 1,285,274 2,433,382 3,596,502 3,329,387 = 1,285,274 =	Community Betterment	69,632	30,379	37,323	200,934	13,111	73,723	464,910	499,170	69'209
6,703 - 28,391 2,267 - 28,391 2,267 - 4,287,776 1,363,772 2,145,964 1,865,274 2,433,382 3,596,502 3,329,387	Capital grants and contributions:									
tal activities program revenue 1,624,662 1,428,776 1,953,772 2,145,964 1,865,274 2,433,382 3,596,502 3,329,387	Community Betterment	6,703	•	•	•	•	28,391	2,267	•	
1,624,662         1,428,776         1,953,772         2,145,964         1,865,274         2,433,382         3,596,502         3,329,387	Cemetery Operations		•	•	•		1	•	•	
	Total governmental activities program revenue	1,624,662	1,428,776	1,953,772	2,145,964	1,865,274	2,433,382	3,596,502	3,329,387	3,350,515

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	Fiscal Year 2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Business-type activities:									
Orlanges for services. Water	1 659 038	1 813 949	1 824 642	1 945 385	2 075 336	2 2 1 0 4 3 6	2 425 643	2 514 840	2 887 962
Sewer	933,475	938,682	910,652	963,116	1,055,082	1,087,548	1,125,837	1,198,899	1,555,214
Golf	762,814	674,806	667,310	719,440	720,394	774,704	736,047	603,071	583,241
Airport	009'9	6,003	4,800	009'6	1,200	22,055	18,985	25,074	33,729
Refuse	353,441	359,919	370,127	407,217	461,351	527,077	565,680	724,882	705,849
Operating/capital grants and contributions:									
Water	•		12,721		•	31,011			15,300
Sewer	1	•	136,115	•	•	•	•	•	•
Golf		•	1,248	'	15,250	'		16,483	12,577
Total business-type activities program revenue		3,793,359	3,927,615	4,044,758	4,328,613	4,652,831	4,872,192	5,083,249	5,793,872
Total primary government program revenues	5,340,030	5,222,135	5,881,387	6,190,722	6,193,887	7,086,213	8,468,694	8,412,636	9,144,387
Net (expense) revenue:									
Governmental activities	(6,037,474)	(6,749,204)	(5,518,776)	(6,216,701)	(7,193,260)	(6,322,900)	(6,635,544)	(7,680,375)	(7,177,094)
Business-type activities	(211,468)	(49,649)	212,721	239,798	494,646	811,295	667,416	741,585	1,116,741
Total primary government net expense	(6,248,942)	(6,798,853)	(5,306,055)	(5,976,903)	(6,698,614)	(5,511,605)	(5,968,128)	(6,938,790)	(6,060,353)
General revenues and other changes in net assets:									
Governmental activities:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	1,515,980	1,401,668	1,550,778	1,607,557	1,722,677	1,873,053	1,924,393	1,880,348	1,955,284
General sales and use tax	4,062,233	3,858,746	3,383,671	4,687,813	4,788,957	4,820,222	4,696,840	4,917,024	4,998,485
Franchise tax	1,018,137	1,121,139	1,070,849	1,047,889	1,101,815	1,481,454	1,256,515	1,530,424	1,625,117
Cigarette tax	106,606	103,656	104,224	108,050	124,716	131,389	128,419	117,079	116,058
Railroad and Utility/Financial Institution Tax	29,926	40,674	76,421	54,581	980'99	63,722	51,582	52,715	60,219
Interest and investment earnings	115,442	120,513	175,527	269,903	313,854	289,426	179,924	148,491	157,789
Miscellaneous	174,561	112,378	43,004	145,955	85,070	166,436	164,471	48,620	73,369
Gain on sale of capital assets	1		•		•	13,416	46,318	21,295	
Transfers	326,263	317,659	316,396	341,985	368,734	330,955	319,270	(638,842)	211,550
Total governmental activities	Ï	7,076,433	6,720,870	8,263,733	8,571,911	9,170,073	8,767,732	8,077,154	9,197,871
Business-type activities:									
Investment earnings	121,629	100,106	131,484	184,517	201,802	120,723	96,786	84,269	125,120
Miscellaneous	30,336	1	1	16,908	•	•	•	•	1
Transfers	(326,263)	(317,659)	(316,396)	(341,985)	(368,734)	(330,955)	(319,270)	638,842	(211,550)
Total business-type activities	(174,298)	(217,553)	(184,912)	(140,560)	(166,932)	(210,232)	(222,484)	723,111	(86,430)
Total primary government	7,174,850	6,858,880	6,535,958	8,123,173	8,404,979	8,959,841	8,545,248	8,800,265	9,111,441
Changes in net assets:				!		!		;	
Governmental activities	1,311,674	327,229	1,202,094	2,047,032	1,378,651	2,847,173	2,132,188	396,779	2,020,777
Business-type activities	(385, 766)	- 1	27,809	99,238	327,714	601,063	444,932	1,464,696	1,030,311
l otal primary government	\$ 872,8UG	\$ 60,027	\$ 1,229,900	\$ 2,146,270	\$ 1,700,300	\$ 3,448,236	UZI,1167	\$ 1,801,470	\$ 3,051,088

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities:									
General government	174,783	153,283	156,743	153,400	154,677	158,180	108,035	121,535	115,858
Public Safety	871,254	807,716	907,474	869,120	817,935	1,080,352	1,306,840	1,833,254	1,681,153
Transportation	79,338	83,933	67,584	66,116	55,213	88,187	85,292	89,040	92,076
Public works	145,483	198,739	558,525	609,528	606,044	909,187	1,440,784	636,836	825,999
Health and Welfare	15,125	17,875	13,750	19,250	12,375	21,323	17,875	16,500	16,500
Cemetery operations	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	218,691
Recreational Activities	31,707	35,762	23,910	32,080	49,139	23,720	42,584	79,286	127,279
Community Betterment	306,972	131,468	225,786	376,093	169,891	152,433	595,092	552,936	272,959
Total governmental activities	1,624,662	1,428,776	1,953,772	2,125,587	1,865,274	2,433,382	3,596,502	3,329,387	3,350,515
Business-type activities:									
Water	1,659,038	1,813,949	1,837,363	1,945,385	2,075,336	2,241,447	2,425,643	2,514,840	2,903,262
Sewer	933,475	938,682	1,046,767	963,116	1,055,082	1,087,548	1,125,837	1,198,899	1,555,214
Golf	762,814	674,806	668,558	719,440	735,644	774,704	736,047	619,554	595,818
Airport	009'9	6,003	4,800	009'6	1,200	22,055	18,985	25,074	33,729
Refuse	353,441	359,919	370,127	407,217	461,351	527,077	565,680	724,882	705,849
Total business-type activities	3,715,368	3,793,359	3,927,615	4,044,758	4,328,613	4,652,831	4,872,192	5,083,249	5,793,872
Total government	5,340,030	5,222,135	5,881,387	6,170,345	6,193,887	7,086,213	8,468,694	8,412,636	9,144,387

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Fiscal Years 2002 thru 2011 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

								Fiscal Year:	Year							
	2002	2003	က္	2004	4	2005		2006	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011	11
General Fund																
Reserved	\$ 239,895	\$ 647	47,012	\$	413,830	\$ 440,488	↔	488,887	\$ 68	680,901	\$ 523,908	↔	605,457	€	€	•
Unreserved	598,823	ñ	383,634	7	736,347	823,990		620,343	55.	552,332	1,417,833		1,539,571			
Unreserved, designated for board use	1,200,000	1,2	1,200,000	1,2	,200,000	1,200,000		1,200,000	1,20	,200,000	1,200,000		1,200,000	•		•
Nonspendable	•		٠			•		٠			•		•	473,306		609,295
Restricted	•		ı			•					•		•	533,045		374,916
Assigned	•					'		٠		,	'		•			
Unassigned	•		,		,	•		•			•		•	1,968,669		2,503,528
Total General Fund	2,038,718	2,2;	2,230,646	2,3	2,350,177	2,464,478		2,309,230	2,433,233	3,233	3,141,741		3,345,028	2,975,020		3,487,739
All Other Governmental Funds:																
Reserved	59,591	9	675,491	7	728,935	729,062		745,330	192	762,406	806,977		814,435			
Unreserved, reported in:														•		
Permanent funds	•					•		,			•		1			
Special revenue funds	2,712,534	3,2	3,212,851	2,8	2,887,648	3,050,866	7	4,035,096	4,62	4,627,324	6,235,984		6,369,183			٠
Debt Service funds	652,579					•		•			•		•			
Capital project funds	344,372	682	32,655	4	420,829	379,927		228,041	4	144,585	5,243		8,083			٠
Nonspendable	•					•		,			•			65,000		179,349
Restricted						•					•			7,205,598		7,856,353
Assigned	•					1				,	1		1	•	~	56,620
Unassigned						•					•			(99,411)	_	(88,821)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,769,076 \$ 4,570,997	\$ 4,5	70,997	\$ 4,0	4,037,412	\$ 4,159,855	€	5,008,467	\$ 5,53	5,534,315	\$ 7,048,204	<b>₩</b>	7,191,701	\$ 7,171,187	θ.	8,003,501

Source: City financial statements.

Note: GASB 54 was adopted for Fiscal Year 2011. Fund balances for 2010 were restated for comparison purposes.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues:										
Taxes	5,899,451	6,249,723	6,039,868	6,185,943	7,446,196	7,804,253	8,273,864	8,022,859	8,370,338	8,698,572
Special Assessments	000'69	37,079	62,322	95,539	149,320	69,343	96,071	116,814	137,445	165,353
Intergovernmental	1,022,737	880,494	781,976	641,110	885,109	695,535	728,967	2,000,132	1,522,091	1,250,393
Licenses and permits	159,634	197,005	192,821	198,599	246,662	198,893	187,445	156,292	167,034	162,592
Charges for services	709,153	652,079	630,232	670,407	604,883	533,340	1,100,585	689,044	739,316	857,411
Fines and forfeitures	228,104	262,168	187,345	243,367	239,717	270,671	253,044	449,262	583,827	513,521
Use of money and property	174,995	159,375	120,513	175,527	239,838	313,854	289,426	179,924	148,491	157,789
Other	158,878	86,001	174,892	143,387	255,987	182,562	358,073	377,003	366,736	322,609
Total revenues	8,421,952	8,523,924	8,189,969	8,353,879	10,067,712	10,068,451	11,287,475	11,991,330	12,035,278	12,128,240
Expenditures										
General government	1,181,660	681,847	701,629	702,222	884,157	942,909	911,771	1,152,687	1,565,011	1,036,565
Public Safety	3,468,957	4,092,510	3,642,582	3,571,854	4,422,419	4,614,695	4,263,484	4,618,281	5,006,361	4,712,148
Transportation	•	127,438	97,723	96,095	69,496	65,968	102,727	103,722	101,124	109,819
Public works	2,021,746	1,433,314	1,782,543	1,483,860	1,639,902	1,329,229	1,374,117	2,276,913	1,820,677	1,134,031
Health and Welfare	1	47,144	48,148	48,661	52,971	53,196	49,318	52,943	51,887	55,520
Recreational Activities	327,054	348,798	423,553	431,884	412,602	480,314	467,305	514,928	482,231	260,009
Cemetery operations	•	1		1	Í		•	Í	1	17,810
Community Betterment	768,493	707,236	968,736	888,899	962,414	1,284,475	1,083,373	1,723,383	1,688,209	1,502,589
Capital outlay	219,326	158,434	291,772	225,935	169,941	9,291	310,385	723,525	268,729	1,147,738
Debt service:				1	9					
Principal	3,257,000	466,076	687,020	734,708	842,496	1,120,388	670,249	661,500	684, 166	786,939
Bond issuance costs	' 6		131,488	1 6	1 1	' 6	' 1		1 6	' !
Interest	738,508	459,204	342,532	283,780	259,935	233,626	206,205	182,252	150,563	120,097
Total expenditures	11,982,744	8,522,001	9,117,726	8,437,898	9,716,333	10,134,091	9,438,934	12,010,134	11,818,958	11,223,353
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	(3,560,792)	1,923	(927,757)	(84,019)	351,379	(65,640)	1,848,541	(18,804)	216,320	904,887
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	2,960,383	2,837,642	2,974,512	2,569,781	3,197,878	2,913,768	2,392,131	2,595,875	2,587,941	1,953,238
Transfers out	(2,481,398)	(2,364,043)	(2,656,853)	(2,253,385)	(2,855,893)	(2,545,034)	(2,061,176)	(2,276,605)	(3,226,783)	(1,741,688)
Issuance of long-term debt	3,045,000	392,946	•	•	•	346,365	•	•	•	•
Proceeds of refunding bonds	•	•	3,490,000	•	1	•	•	1	•	1
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	•	1	(3,336,258)	•	i	•	1	i	1	ı
Premium (discount) on long-term debt	1					•				•
Other	62,133	41,562		•						208,596
Proceeds from sale of property		83,818	42,302	4,367		392	42,901	46,318	32,000	20,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,586,118	991,925	513,703	320,763	341,985	715,491	373,856	365,588	(606,842)	440,146
Net changes in fund balance	25,326	993,848	(414,054)	236,744	693,364	649,851	2,222,397	346,784	(390,522)	1,345,033
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	33.97%	11.06%	13.15%	12.40%	12.88%	14.20%	9.91%	7.39%	7.85%	%00.6
Source: City financial statements.										

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	- (			Railroad, Utility	
	General Sales			and Financial	
Property	and Use	Franchise	Cigarette	Institution	Total
1,328,099	3,302,288	1,009,936	105,889	56,599	5,802,812
1,501,661	3,489,755	1,018,137	106,606	44,244	6,160,403
1,470,668	3,192,962	1,116,674	103,656	40,674	5,924,634
1,550,778	3,276,977	1,070,849	104,224	76,421	6,079,250
1,607,557	4,398,026	1,037,522	108,050	54,581	7,205,737
1,722,677	4,788,957	1,101,815	124,716	980'99	7,804,253
1,873,053	4,820,222	1,481,454	131,389	63,722	8,369,840
1,924,393	4,696,840	1,256,515	128,419	51,582	8,057,749
1,880,348	4,917,024	1,530,424	117,079	52,715	8,497,590
1,951,492	4,941,894	1,625,117	116,058	64,011	8,698,572
46.94%	49.65%	60.91%	%09'6	13.10%	49.90%
	Property 1,328,099 1,501,661 1,470,668 1,550,778 1,722,677 1,873,053 1,924,393 1,924,393 1,951,492	Gener anc ,099 ,661 ,668 ,778 ,557 ,053 ,348 ,492	General Sales and Use Fran and Use 3,302,288 1489,755 1488,957 1778 3,276,977 14,398,026 14,657 4,788,957 14,820,222 4,941,894 11,894 11,894 149.65%	General Sales and Use Franchise Cigara and Use 7,099 3,302,288 1,009,936 1,018,137 1,068 3,192,962 1,116,674 1,070,849 1,557 4,398,026 1,037,522 1,101,815 1,053 4,820,222 1,481,454 1,530,424 1,5492 4,941,894 1,625,117 1,625,117 60.91%	General Sales         Franchise         Cigarette         Institut           4,099         3,302,288         1,009,936         105,889           6,61         3,489,755         1,018,137         106,606           6,68         3,192,962         1,116,674         103,656           6,778         3,276,977         1,070,849         104,224           6,57         4,398,026         1,017,815         124,716           6,053         4,820,222         1,481,454         131,389           6,053         4,696,840         1,256,515         128,419           6,348         4,917,024         1,530,424         117,079           7492         4,941,894         1,625,117         116,058

Source: City records.

## Principal Sales Tax Industries Calendar Years 2011 and 2002 (Unaudited)

	Percentage of Total City S	ales Tax Revenues:
	Calendar	Calendar
	Year	Year
Industry	2011	2002
Miscellaneous Retail	34.31 %	24.33 %
Food Stores	16.15	24.69
Eating And Drinking Places	10.31	6.84
Communication	4.04	3.81
Automotive Dealers And Gasoline Ser	2.46	4.14
Building Matl, Hdwe, Gdn Supply, Mo	3.46	0.43
Business Services	2.34	0.40
Miscellaneous Services	2.67	1.61
Automotive Repair, Services And Gar	0.50	0.50
Personal Services	0.07	0.02
	76.3 %	66.8 %

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue Report of Sales Tax by Standard Industry Codes and City Sales Tax records.

Note: Due to confidentiality and limited revenue payers, the dollar amount has not been disclosed.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Agricultural Property
221,234
193,220
192,240
194,530
225,720 41,762,911
258,680
829,940
1,213,940
1,162,620
1,101,490

Source: City tax-billing records and county aggregate valuations.

<sup>(</sup>a) Billed and collected by the county.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

g Rate	Ray	County	7.2343	7.1595	7.0635	7.2508	7.3508	7.3508	7.3388	7.5279	7.7227	7.9246
otal Direct and Overlappir	Clay	County	6.3480	6.3294	6.2887	6.4389	6.4529	6.7765	6.8867	7.3014	7.4867	7.2852
		State	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
	Rates	Ray County	1.5358	1.4703	1.4703	1.5003	1.5003	1.5003	1.3784	1.3784	1.3942	1.5347
	Overlapping Rates	Clay County	0.6495	0.6402	0.6955	0.6884	0.6024	0.9260	0.9263	1.1519	1.1582	0.8953
		School District	4.6185	4.6185	4.5132	4.6673	4.7673	4.7673	4.8592	5.0285	5.1500	5.2000
		Hospital	0.1600	0.1586	0.1600	0.1604	0.1604	0.1604	0.1631	0.1661	0.1752	0.1770
	ates	Recreation	0.1600	0.1586	0.1600	0.1604	0.1604	0.1604	0.1631	0.1661	0.1752	0.1770
	City Direct Rates	Parks	0.1600	0.1586	0.1600	0.1604	0.1604	0.1604	0.1631	0.1661	0.1752	0.1770
Cit. Direct Botton		General Fund Pa	0.5700	0.5649	0.5700	0.5720	0.5720	0.5720	0.5819	0.5927	0.6229	0.6289
Tax	Year	Levied	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Source: City billing records, tax rate summaries prepared by county clerks.

Notes:

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2011			2002	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
American Italian Pasta Company	13,757,688	_	%96.6	4,540,204	2	4.02%
Wal Mart Stores Inc	3,543,371	2	2.57%	1,976,187	က	1.75%
Waller Truck Company	2,355,087	က	1.71%	1,892,181	4	1.67%
Robert Bosch Tool Corporation	1,976,186	4	1.43%		* A/N	%00:0
Bloch Family 2005 Partnership	1,335,070	5	%26.0	1,443,840	7	1.28%
Rexam Consumer Plastics, Inc	1,299,357	9	0.94%	1,623,859	5	1.44%
Elms Resort & Spa	1,180,480	7	0.85%	1,253,166	80	1.11%
Crown Hill Assoc, LLC	881,700	80	0.64%	626,880	10	0.55%
Excelsior Properties	771,520	6	0.56%	19,710	1012	0.02%
CHAP Land Company	738,130	10	0.53%	237,840	25	0.21%
Gilmour Hose Company	731,840	11	0.53%	1,469,737	9	1.30%
Y Junction, LLC	698,620	12	0.51%	337,280	17	0:30%
Southern Union Company	584,450	13	0.42%	561,235	12	0.50%
C & G Storage, LLC	578,210	14	0.42%	108,830	65	0.10%
Clay-Ray Plastics, Inc	562,020	15	0.41%	116,290	25	0.10%
Hwang, Jesse J & Esther E	539,680	16	0.39%	388,400	13	0.34%
Jesse James & Crown Hill-Exc	493,060	17	%96.0		* A/N	0.00%
Apple Bus Company	491,200	18	0.36%		* A/N	%00'0
Intier Automotive Seating (Ford Motor Company)	472,962	19	0.34%	10,074,665	_	8.91%
Colony Plaza Associates	471,070	20	0.34%	627,000	6	0.55%
SOURCE: City Tax Billing Records.						

<sup>\*</sup> Taxpayer was not located in Excelsior Springs in 2002.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

ĺ		I	<b>{a</b> }	{a}	% <b>{a}</b>	{a}	% <b>{a}</b>	{ <b>a</b> }	{ <b>a</b> }	%	%	%
s to Date	Percentage	of Levy	99.94%	99.94%	99.94%	%68'66	%65'66	99.46%	99.33%	98.29%	98.21%	%203%
Total Collections to Date		Amount	1,158,233	1,248,012	1,307,557	1,379,008	1,416,880	1,403,210	1,482,955	1,549,012	1,579,360	1.665.415
,	Collected in	Years	57,802	123,873	136,918	128,663	119,261	70,991	95,381	126,927	27,904	1
hin the the Levy	Percentage	of Levy	94.95%	90.02%	89.47%	90.57%	91.21%	94.43%	92.94%	90.24%	96.47%	%20.26
Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Amount	1,100,431	1,124,139	1,170,639	1,250,345	1,297,619	1,332,219	1,387,574	1,422,085	1,551,456	1.665.415
'	Taxes Levied for the	Tax Year	1,158,922	1,248,709	1,308,361	1,380,537	1,422,693	1,410,769	1,492,912	1,575,920	1,608,210	1 716 453
		Tax Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
		Fiscal Year Ended September 30:	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

SOURCE: City Tax Billing Records.

{a} Remaining balance written off.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Per	Capita	1,415	1,366	1,255	1,139	666	890	772	646	556	A/N
	Percentage of	Personal	Income	3.38%	2.95%	2.70%	2.39%	2.04%	1.81%	1.55%	1.24%	A/A	A/N
	Total	Primary	Government	15,798,503	15,268,678	14,170,479	12,993,350	11,682,451	10,619,586	9,386,747	8,126,631	6,812,124	38,608,238
		Revenue	Bonds	6,347,500	6,040,000	5,720,000	5,381,667	5,024,167	4,651,667	4,257,917	3,840,417	3,401,250	398,333
-Type ies	Lease	Purchase	Agreement	929,836	901,590	516,575	484,987	451,584	617,742	536,402	450,286	359,112	262,582
Business-Type Activities	Certificates	of	Participation	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	35,790,000
		Loan	Payable	995,000	930,000	860,000	787,500	710,000	627,500	540,000	445,000	345,000	237,500
	Neighborhood Improvement	District	Bonds	000'099	615,000	545,000	485,000	425,000	360,000	290,000	215,000	140,000	1
Governmental Activities		Revenue	Bonds	6,860,000	6,436,164	6,255,000	5,655,000	4,950,000	3,975,000	3,480,000	2,960,000	2,420,000	1,845,000
		Capital	Leases	6,167	345,924	273,904	199,196	121,700	387,677	282,428	215,928	146,762	74,823
		Fiscal	Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

## Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended September 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Clay County	[1]	none	n/a	-
Ray County	[1]	none	n/a	-
Excelsior Springs School District	[1]	27,118,050	66.67% <b>[2]</b> _	18,079,604
Subtotal, overlapping debt		27,118,050	_	18,079,604
City Direct Debt	_	<u>-</u>	100.00%	
Total direct and overlapping debt	_	27,118,050	<u>:</u>	\$ 18,079,604

## Sources

<sup>[1]</sup> Outstanding G.O. debt obtained from the Ray County Clerk's Office, the Clay County Auditor's Office, the Excelsior Springs School District Administrative Office, and the Excelsior Springs Hospital Financial Statements.

<sup>[2]</sup> Assessed value (used to determine the estimated percentage applicable) obtained from the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education website.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

Less amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

{c}

2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	Facility Lease Paymen  {a}  {b} 253,6 264,0 270,5 281,2 290,9 317,7 319,2 325,6 318,2 317,1	35 3,238 33 2,200 95 2,200 70 2,200 30 2,275 78 6,025 80 5,275	Net Available Revenue  250,397 261,833 268,395 279,070 288,655 311,753	Debt Sen Principal 80,000 135,000 145,000 160,000	170,397 126,833 123,395	1.0
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	{b} 253,6 264,0 270,5 281,2 290,9 317,7 319,2 325,6 318,2	33 2,200 95 2,200 70 2,200 30 2,275 78 6,025 80 5,275	261,833 268,395 279,070 288,655	135,000 145,000 160,000	126,833 123,395	1.0 1.0 1.0
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	264,0 270,5 281,2 290,9 317,7 319,2 325,6 318,2	33 2,200 95 2,200 70 2,200 30 2,275 78 6,025 80 5,275	261,833 268,395 279,070 288,655	135,000 145,000 160,000	126,833 123,395	1.0
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	270,5 281,2 290,9 317,7 319,2 325,6 318,2	95 2,200 70 2,200 30 2,275 78 6,025 80 5,275	268,395 279,070 288,655	145,000 160,000	123,395	
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	281,2 290,9 317,7 319,2 325,6 318,2	70 2,200 30 2,275 78 6,025 80 5,275	279,070 288,655	160,000		1 /
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	290,9 317,7 319,2 325,6 318,2	30     2,275       78     6,025       80     5,275	288,655			1.7
2007 2008 2009 2010	317,7 319,2 325,6 318,2	78 6,025 80 5,275			119,070	1.
2008 2009 2010	319,2 325,6 318,2	80 5,275	211 752	175,000	113,655	1.
2009 2010	325,6 318,2		311,733	205,000	106,753	1.
2010	318,2	15 5.575	314,005	215,000	99,005	1.
	·	10 0,070	320,040	230,000	90,040	1.
2011	317.1	99 3,025	315,274	235,000	80,274	1.
	,-	65 2,275	314,890	245,000	69,890	1.
			Water Revenue Bonds (i	ncluding 2010 BABs)		
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Sen	vice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2002	1,629,4	20 1,099,304	530,116	170,000	222,508	1.
2002	1,692,7		634,278	175,000	214,217	1. 1.
2003	1,813,9	, ,	673,412	180,000	206,067	1.
2004	1,824,6	, ,	770,025	190,000	197,972	1.
2006	1,945,3		870,065	200,000	186,575	2.
2007	2,075,3		976,391	205,000	179,406	2.
2007	2,075,3		1,133,270	215,000	179,400	2.
2009	2,448,2		1,366,808	225,000	160,710	3.
2010	2,542,5		1,469,464	235,000	144,549	3.
2011	2,946,4		1,625,013	2,765,000 <b>{c}</b>	111,846	0.
		Pe	ollution Control Revenue Bo	nds (including 2010 BABs)		
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Sen	vice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2002	895,4	62 404,735	490,727	122,500	268,548	1.
2003	933,6	· ·	362,050	132,500	270,431	0.
2004	938,1	· ·	459,144	141,250	260,043	1.
2005	910,6		457,856	147,500	257,182	1.
2006	963,1	· ·	445,661	157,500	108,515	1.
2007	1,055,0	· ·	425,310	167,500	77,029	1
2008	1,087,5	,	433,531	178,750	87,349	1.
2009	1,198,9	,	520,762	192,500	67,629	2.
2010	1,253,6		512,878	204,167	51,226	2
2011	1,619,9		718,987	218,750	63,077	2

The principal reflected herein includes the refunding of \$2,515,000 in revenue bonds. Without this transaction, the coverage ratio would have been 4.44.

# Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Unemployment Rate	State of	Missouri	{6}	4.9%	5.5%	5.7%	4.9%	4.8%	5.2%	6.3%	9.5%	9.1%	8.3%
	Clay	County	€)	4.30%	4.90%	2.00%	4.40%	2.60%	4.40%	5.40%	8.70%	8.50%	7.80%
	School	Enrollment	(e)	2,990	2,968	2,974	2,944	2,927	2,864	2,848	2,779	2,783	2,783
	Median	Age	(0)	36.0	36.1	36.7	36.4	36.1	37.7	39.2	35.7	35.0	36.0
	Per Capita	Income	{p}	19,100	19,544	20,040	20,979	21,411	22,415	23,418	23,123	24,661	***
Median	Household	Income	(0)	41,807	46,311	46,426	47,643	48,625	49,301	49,660	52,037	53,209	***
Total Personal	Income	(In thousands)	{q}	6,065,586	6,275,481	6,374,504	6,956,207	7,410,451	7,826,151	8,101,508	8,195,041	***	<b>‡</b>
		Population	{a}	11,165	11,179	11,292	11,408	11,765	11,932	12,157	12,575	12,253	12,039 (1)
Fiscal Year	Ended	September 30		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Sources:

Not yet available.

\*

http://www.marc.org/metrodataline/xls/population/Population Estimates as of July 1.xls Clay County Data obtained from Bureau of Economic Analysis Table CA1-3 (www.bea.gov). Information obtained from the Mid-America Regional Council website (www.metrodataline.org). Amounts for 2000 are the result of the census, all other years are inflation-adjusted.

School district. 多色色色色色色色色

Clay County unemployment rate, not seasonally adjusted (www.bls.gov). State of Missouri unemployment rate, not seasonally adjusted (www.bls.gov). National unemployment rate, not seasonally adjusted (www.bls.gov).

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2011			2002	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
			Total City			Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
	{a}		{q}			(q)
Excelsior Springs School District	349	_	2.98%	312	2	7.15%
Wal-Mart	301 <b>{c}</b>	2	5.16%	240	က	2.50%
American Italian Pasta Company	255	က	4.37%	245	2	5.62%
Excelsior Springs Hospital	267 <b>{c}</b>	4	4.57%	206	4	4.72%
Waller Truck Company, Inc.	241	5	4.13%	***	n/a	n/a
Excelsior Springs Job Corps Center	213	9	3.65%	160	7	3.67%
Magna Intier Auto Interiors	218	7	3.73%	190	5	4.36%
Robert Bosch Tool Corporation	180	80	3.08%	131	6	3.00%
Gilmore Group	132	6	2.26%	170	9	3.90%
City of Excelsior Springs	114	10	1.95%	101	6	2.32%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Information not available.

\*\*\* Business was not located in Excelsior Springs on September 30, 2002.

Sources:
 {a} Number of employees obtained from respective businesses via telephone.
 {b} Total city employment for 2001 obtained from www.metrodataline.org (Mid-America Regional Council). Total city employment for 2010 estimated.
 {c} Includes full-time and part-time employees.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees By Functions/Programs Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Full-Ti	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30	yees as of Septembe	ır 30			
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Functions/Program											
General Government:											
Municipal Court		-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
City Manager		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance		က	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Human Resources		0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	-	_
Building Maintenance		-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_
Community Development		2	2	2	2	2	_	_	_	-	-
Planning & Zoning		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	0	-	_
Inspections		က	ဇ	9	2	2	2	က	က	က	8
Senior Center		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Cemetery		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Police:											
Officers		22	21	20	20	22	22	22	23	22	22
Civilians		10	6	10	6	10	10	1	7	12	12
Fire:											
Firefighters and Officers		19	17	17	18	18	17	19	20	19	19
Civilians		-	-	0	0	0	_	_	_	-	-
Street Maintenance		5	7		9	5	5	2	5	2	9
Water:				7							
Administration		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	_	-	-
Transmission/Purification		9	5	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
Sewer:											
Administration		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
Transmission/Treatment		5	9	9	5	9	9	9	8	11	=
Construction Services:											
Administration		_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	0
Maintenance		12	11	6	10	10	10	10	80	7	7
Parks and Recreation		က	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2
Transportation:											
Dispatch		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Drivers		0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	-	_
Golf:											
Maintenance	<del>(a)</del>	က	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Pro Shop	<b>(a)</b>	_	-	<del>-</del>	-	-	_	~	_	-	-
Food and Beverage Sales	<u>\$</u>	03	2	2	5	5	-	-	-	_	-
Total		108	105	104	100	105	103	109	110	110	114
300-			2	2	105	2	2		-	71.1	

<sup>(</sup>a) Prior to Fiscal Year 2002 the golf course was operated by an independent contractor and the City provided only the employees who maintained the course.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5009	2010	2011
Police:											
Calls for service		9,749	10,807	10,862	11,126	11,014	11,316	988'6	9,231	7,982	8,497
Adult and Juvenile arrests		993	993	934	1,069	1,147	1,033	812	826	888	1,647
Speeding citations only		200	212	220	330	348	333	362	390	442	149
Traffic citations		1,275	1,384	1,989	3,277	3,014	2,596	2,195	2,439	2,819	1,673
Police Reports		3,626	3,803	3,864	3,120	2,879	2,638	2,359	2,285	2,317	2,249
DWI's - Municipal		115	62	53	88	75	20	39	86	27	14
Red Light Camera violations	<del>(</del> 2)	,	1	,	,	•	1	1	4,039	3,110	4,971
E 9-1-1 Calls		•	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	4,586	4,981
Eire and EMS.											
Total ambulance runs		1.795	1.704	1.935	2.007	1,912	1.655	1.857	1.823	1,600	2.071
Total fire runs		602	479	518	518	522	430	441	602	345	412
Property loss		275,330	117,400	255,300	454,200	385,300	151,000	1,807,650	739,600	359,000	208,000
Building Inspections: Total building permits	{a}	389	448	437	396	096	421	319	284	333	298
otimized lie enfort leter	3	717 777 0	11 501 011	120 077 01	076 909 71	10 256 242	10 240 000	0 500 004		021 780 N	6 704 979
lotal value all perimis		0,127,417	110,100,11	13,77,304	675,080,71	10,000,042	10,210,039	0,000,231	4,000,929	4,047,170	2/5,15/,0
Public service:											
Garbage collected (ton)	<b>(</b> 2)	* *	**	*	3,832	3,810	3,330	3,360	2,324	1,865	2,474
Recycle collected (ton)	\$	* *	* *	*	61	55	29	85	372	309	446
Parks and Recreation:											
Recreation program participation:	ion:										
Youth		776	862	833	866	1.177	1.255	1.400	1.113	1.249	1.423
Adult		588	338	308	256	178	282	400	354	436	565
Exercise programs		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	220	386
Youth art programs		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	208	234
Golf course:											
Golf rounds played	<u>\$</u>	13,726	18,155	17,387	13,898	21,262	20,107	20,475	18,870	18,712	16,585
Golf memberships	( <u>)</u>	272	274	232	204	237	256	256	263	262	197

<sup>\*\*</sup> Information not available.

 <sup>(</sup>a) Building permits issued include both new construction and permits for remodeling/repairs. The dramatic jump in building permits issued during fiscal year 2006 was caused by repairs related to two different hall storms.
 (b) Garbage service is provided by contract. Only 2005 thru 2008 statistics are available for this service.
 (c) Prior to Fiscal Year 2002 the golf course was operated by an independent contractor. The golf rounds played for 2002 through 2006 include member rounds; however, the golf rounds played prior to 2002 do not include member rounds.
 (d) Traffic enforcement cameras became operable in July 2009.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5009	2010	2011
Police:											
Stations		-	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
Animal control shelters		-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Fire Stations		2	2	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Parks and Recreation:											
Acreage		220	220	220	220	220	220	220	225	225	225
Parks		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	<del>(</del> a)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Soccer/Football Fields	<del>(</del> a}	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Basketball Courts	<del>(</del> a)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Tennis Courts	<del>(</del> a)	4	4	4	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Skate Parks		,			-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Parks with Playground Equipment		7	7	7	7	7	7	7	80	80	∞
Golf courses		-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Picnic Shelters		∞	∞	6	6	6	6	6	11	1	11
Community Centers		-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Street Department											
Miles of Streets		107	110	113	115	117	117	117	117	117	117
Street Lights		1,002	1,005	1,006	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007
Water:											
Wells		5	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Water Storage Tanks/Towers		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Miles of Water Main		272	273	274	275	276	276	276	276	276	276
Storage Capacity (MGPD)		5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80
Average Daily Consumption (MGPD)		1.28	1.22	1.24	1.22	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55
Peak Consumption (MGPD)		1.27	1.91	1.50	1.55	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
vvastewater:											
Sanitary Sewers (miles)		106.74	118.16	129.50	141.00	141.00	141.00	141.00	141.00	141.00	141.00
Storm Sewers (miles)		42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Treatment Plants		-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-

<sup>{</sup>a} Includes facilities owned by the school district and used for recreation programs.

## Building Permits Issued (New Construction and Substantial Remodels Only) Last Seven Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Resid	dential	Comr	mercial	T	otal
Calendar	Number of		Number of		Number of	_
Year	Permits	Dollar Value	Permits	Dollar Value	Permits	Dollar Value
2005	51	6,123,944	5	6,991,425	56	13,115,369
2006	36	4,481,901	8	5,177,821	44	9,659,722
2007	30	366,257	7	5,422,168	37	5,788,425
2008	9	1,164,424	6	3,858,877	15	5,023,301
2009	6	732,935	10	2,970,807	16	3,703,742
2010	3	411,350	13	2,009,688	16	2,421,038
2011	8	909,191	10	2,271,257	18	3,180,448

## Top 10 Water Users Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

Business Name	Type of Business	Percentage of Total Usage
Clay County Public Water District No. 3	Neighboring Water District	11.6%
City of Lawson	Neighboring City	10.8%
Ray County Public Water District No. 1	Neighboring Water District	10.5%
American Italian Pasta Company	Pasta manufacturer	6.4%
Liberty Carbon Service	Carbon regeneration	3.8%
Excelsior Springs Job Corps	Education	1.6%
Gilmour Manufacturing	Garden hose and sprinkler manufacturer	1.3%
REXAM (Precise Technology)	Consumer packaging manufacturer	0.9%
The Elms Hotel	Hotel	0.8%
Wal-Mart	Department store	0.5%

## Water System Historical Customer information Last Three Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,		
	2009	2010	2011
Total number of sustances			
Total number of customers Residential	3,952	4,098	4,084
Commercial	419	418	421
Commercial	418	410	421
Percent outside customers			
Residential	4.20%	4.17%	4.21%
Commercial	1.90%	2.39%	2.14%
Percent billed greater than 30,000 gallons			
Residential	0.40%	0.47%	0.47%
Commercial	13.60%	12.60%	12.50%
Average annual customers	0.774	0.000	0.004
Residential < 30,000 gallons	3,771	3,908	3,894
Residential > 30,000 gallons	15	19	18
Outside Residential < 30,000 gallons	165	170	171
Outside Residential > 30,000 gallons	1	1	1
Commercial < 30,000 gallons	355	358	361
Commercial > 30,000 gallons	56	50	5 <u>1</u>
Outside Commercial < 30,000 gallons	7	7	7
Outside Commercial > 30,000 gallons	1	3	2
Total average annual customers	4,371	4,516	4,505
Annual consumption (1,000 gal) Retail			
Residential < 30,000 gallons	192,840	189,177	186,915
Residential > 30,000 gallons	24,503	27,434	28,043
Outside Residential < 30,000 gallons	8,257	8,179	8,228
Outside Residential > 30,000 gallons	396	292	482
Commercial < 30,000 gallons	15,547	16,708	17,027
Commercial > 30,000 gallons	137,607	136,357	136,215
Outside Commercial < 30,000 gallons	346	304	263
Outside Commercial > 30,000 gallons	5,326	6,422	4,525
Tank water	1,081	977	1,233
Subtotal retail consumption (1,000 gal)	385,903	385,850	382,931
<u>Wholesale</u>			
Mosby	5,506	5,668	5,806
Prathersville	3,200	3,386	4,610
Clay County Public Water District # 3	61,092	61,078	68,142
City of Lawson	64,143	66,919	63,516
Ray County Public Water District # 1	61,705	59,980	61,580
Subtotal	195,646	197,031	203,654
Total annual consumption (1,000 gal)	581,549	582,881	586,585
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## Sewer System Historical Customer information Last Three Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,		
	2009	2010	2011
AVERAGE ANNUAL CUSTOMERS	2.002	2.040	2.200
Residential Outside Residential	3,983 11	3,948 10	3,398 8
Commercial	392	391	340
Outside Commercial	4	3	3
Total Average Annual Customers	4,390	4,352	3,750
ANNUAL CONSUMPTION (1,000 GALLONS)			
Residential	200,922	202,525	198,781
Outside Residential	87	79	36
Commercial	143,519	141,538	141,043
Outside Commercial	3,008	3,613	1,060
Total Annual Consumption (1,000 Gallons)	347,536	347,755	340,920