Annual Financial Report

Year Ended September 30, 2022

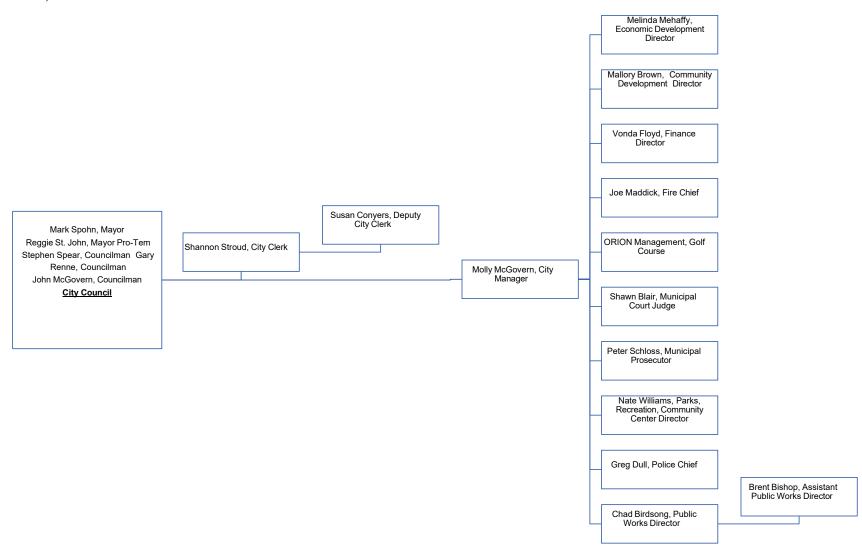
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City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri Principal Officials September 5, 2025



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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Community Center Sales Tax Fund, and Grants and Federal Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Excelsior Springs City Hospital, the discretely presented component unit, as of September 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Hospital, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in *Note 14* to the financial statements, on October 1, 2021, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of City Contributions for the Local Government Employees Retirement System, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, as listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri September 22, 2025

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

		F	² rim	ary Governmer	t		Co	mponent Unit
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type				
		Activities		Activities		Total		Hospital
Assets								
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	13,858,667	\$	3,171,647	\$	17,030,314	\$	3,309,345
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments		6,755,381		1,016,329		7,771,710		96,279
Receivables, net of allowance for:								
Taxes		1,892,902		-		1,892,902		-
Accounts		-		1,024,810		1,024,810		11,646,378
Other		334,372		6,297		340,669		667,154
Due from other governments		1,073,819		-		1,073,819		-
Leases		184,427		114,270		298,697		-
Internal balances		69,294		(69,294)		-		-
Prepaid items		311,247		59,876		371,123		618,927
Other assets		23,000		-		23,000		121,674
Inventory		-		-		-		809,887
Net pension asset		5,534,785		633,790		6,168,575		-
Capital assets:								
Land and construction-in-progress		4,209,640		1,136,537		5,346,177		430,331
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		28,020,081		35,233,227		63,253,308		19,057,931
Total Assets		62,267,615		42,327,489		104,595,104		36,757,906
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension related amounts		396,327		23,867		420,194		_
Deferred refundings		556,454		1,242,701		1,799,155		_
Total deferred outflows of								
resources		952,781		1,266,568		2,219,349		

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

September 30, 2022		F		Component Unit				
	G	overnmental		ary Governmer usiness-Type				Imponent onit
	Ŭ	Activities	٦	Activities		Total		Hospital
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,242,460	\$	164,024	\$	1,406,484	\$	7,290,954
Accrued wages		229,255		-		229,255		611,833
Customer deposits		-		687,620		687,620		-
Accrued interest		42,940		64,450		107,390		898,769
Unearned revenue		1,855,905		15,025		1,870,930		1,571,542
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		1,421,006		2,523,354		3,944,360		1,346,575
Due in more than one year		23,306,376		20,552,253		43,858,629		11,365,663
Total liabilities		28,097,942		24,006,726		52,104,668		23,085,336
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property taxes		1,739,895		-		1,739,895		-
Leases		184,427		114,270		298,697		-
Pension related amounts		1,051,749		118,562		1,170,311		
Total deferred inflows of						_		_
resources		2,976,071		232,832		3,208,903		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		13,588,536		15,431,503		29,020,039		7,288,618
Debt service		1,603,438		-		1,603,438		_
Pension		5,534,785		633,790		6,168,575		-
Parks and recreation		1,204,133		-		1,204,133		-
Capital projects		3,646,892		-		3,646,892		1,114
Planning and development		3,136,583		-		3,136,583		-
Public safety		1,117,901		-		1,117,901		-
Permanent fund:								
Nonexpendable		217,180		-		217,180		-
Expendable		40,640		-		40,640		-
Other		23,000		-		23,000		94,111
Unrestricted		2,033,295		3,289,206		5,322,501		6,288,727
Total net position	\$	32,146,383	\$	19,354,499	\$	51,500,882	\$	13,672,570

Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2022

					Program Re	evenu	es		Net (Ex	pense) Rev	venue and	Changes in Net	Positi	on
		=			Operating		Capital		P	rimary Gov	ernment		Cor	mponent Unit
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	C	Governmental	Business-	-Туре			
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	(Contributions		Contributions		Activities	Activiti	es	Total		Hospital
Primary Government														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	(1,590,523)	\$ 147,489	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,443,034)	\$	- \$	(1,443,034)	\$	-
Public safety		(5,843,319)	1,245,183	;	7,306		-		(4,590,830)		-	(4,590,830)		-
Public works		(1,827,230)	312,733	;	889,528		694,935		69,966		-	69,966		-
Community betterment		(838,076)			103,315		308,288		(426,473)		-	(426,473)		-
Cemetery operations		(87,684)	74,255	;	· -		· -		(13,429)		_	(13,429)		-
Recreational activities		(3,779,957)	1,300,685		_		-		(2,479,272)		_	(2,479,272)		_
Interest and fiscal charges		(567,933)	.,,		_		_		(567,933)			(567,933)		_
Total governmental activities		(14,534,722)	3,080,345	5	1,000,149		1,003,223		(9,451,005)		-	(9,451,005)		-
Business-type activities:														
Water		(2.251.002)	4,527,183	,						1 17	75,191	1,175,191		
Pollution control		(3,351,992) (3,117,666)	3,771,469		-		218,374		-		2,177	872,177		-
					-		210,374		-			,		-
Golf		(1,191,321)	1,089,726		-		-		-		1,595)	(101,595)		-
Airport		(37,738)	13,807		-		-		-	•	23,931)	(23,931)		-
Refuse		(982,892)	1,137,353				-		-		4,461	154,461		
Total business-type activities	_	(8,681,609)	10,539,538	1	-		218,374		-	2,07	76,303	2,076,303		-
Total primary government	\$	(23,216,331)	\$ 13,619,883	\$	1,000,149	\$	1,221,597		(9,451,005)	2,076	5,303	(7,374,702)		-
Component unit—hospital	\$	(46,611,284)	\$ 47,600,027	\$	2,828,577	\$	-		-		-			3,817,320
					eneral Revenue	es								
				- 1	Γaxes:		-		0.040.000			0.040.000		240.000
							ed for general purposes		2,048,639		-	2,048,639		349,680
					Sales and use				8,434,293		-	8,434,293		-
					Franchise tax				1,285,932		-	1,285,932		-
					Cigarette tax				85,609		-	85,609		-
							inancial institution tax		103,815		-	103,815		-
					Grants from oth	_	vernments		520,950		·	520,950		
					nvestment earr	ings			98,593	2	26,771	125,364		24,710
					Miscellaneous				409,856		-	409,856		-
					Gain on disposa	al of c	apital assets		42,944		-	42,944		-
				Tra	ansfers				82,890	3)	32,890)			-
							revenues							
					and tr	ansfe	rs	_	13,113,521	(5	6,119)	13,057,402		374,390
				Ch	anges in net po	osition	l		3,662,517	2,02	20,184	5,682,701		4,191,710
					et position, begi				28,483,866		34,315	45,818,181		9,480,860
				Ne	et position, endi	ng		\$	32,146,383	\$ 19,35	54,499 \$	51,500,882	\$	13,672,570

See Notes to Financial Statements

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

	General	Coi	mmunity Center Sales Tax	Co	ommunity Center Project Fund	ı	Grant and Federal Funds		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets											
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 1,064,330	\$	2,453,217	\$	-	\$	1,577,869	\$	8,763,251	\$	13,858,667
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$365,761:											
Property taxes	1,125,096		-		-		-		626,135		1,751,231
Franchise taxes	141,671		-		-		-		-		141,671
Leases	184,427		-		-		-		-		184,427
Other	334,372				-						334,372
Due from other governments	293,118		212,962		-		216,491		351,248		1,073,819
Prepaid items	228,698		-		57,132		-		25,417		311,247
Other assets	- 004 004		-		-		-		23,000		23,000
Due from other funds	981,334		-				-		-		981,334
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	131,447		-		5,838,263		-		583,995		6,553,705
Restricted investments			-		-				201,676		201,676
Total assets	\$ 4,484,493	\$	2,666,179	\$	5,895,395	\$	1,794,360	\$	10,574,722	\$	25,415,149
Liabilities:	6 470.000	•	050	•	400 440	•	044.054	•	007.045	•	4 040 400
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 179,623	\$	258	\$	183,410	\$	241,354	\$	637,815	\$	1,242,460
Due to other funds	-		-		838,849		-		73,191		912,040
Accrued wages	229,255		-		-		-		-		229,255
Unearned revenue			-		-		1,855,305		600		1,855,905
Total liabilities	408,878		258		1,022,259		2,096,659		711,606		4,239,660
Deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,112,995		-		-		-		626,900		1,739,895
Deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue - other revenue	116,979		-		-		-		-		116,979
Deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue - leases	184,427		-		-		-		-		184,427
Deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue - grants			-		-		216,491		-		216,491
Firmal balances	1,414,401		-		-		216,491		626,900		2,257,792
Fund balance: Nonspendable	297,992		_		57,132		_		242,419		597,543
Restricted	131,447		2,665,921		4,816,004		-		8,993,797		16,607,169
Unassigned	2.231.775		_,000,021				(518,790)		-		1,712,985
Total fund balance	2,661,214		2,665,921		4,873,136		(518,790)		9,236,216		18,917,697
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 4,484,493	\$	2,666,179	\$	5,895,395	\$	1,794,360	\$	10,574,722	\$	25,415,149

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities September 30, 2022

		_
Total governmental fund balances		\$ 18,917,697
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds		32,229,721
LAGERS net pension asset is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds		5,534,785
Some of the City's revenues will be collected after year end, are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are recorded as unavailable revenues in the funds		333,470
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of the following: Accrued compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt Deferred loss on refunding Certificates of participation, including premiums and discounts Bonds payable, including premiums and discounts	\$ (577,441) (42,940) 556,454 (7,765,000) (16,384,941)	(24,213,868)
Pension related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year or current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred outflows of resources—pension related amounts	396,327	
Deferred inflows of resources-pension related amounts	(1,051,749)	 (655,422)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 32,146,383

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General		Co	ommunity Center Sales Tax	Community Center Project Fund	Grant and Federal Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			_		_	_		
Taxes and franchise fees	\$	5,016,084	\$	2,244,873	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,697,331	
Licenses, permits and fees		288,001		-	-			288,001
Intergovernmental		926,294		-	-	1,283,488	98,049	2,307,831
Charges for services		1,268,186		-	-	-	1,377,511	2,645,697
Fines and forfeitures		164,653		-	-	-	-	164,653
Investment earnings		27,500		16,819	11,721	-	42,553	98,593
Miscellaneous		296,699		-	-	-	113,157	409,856
Total revenues		7,987,417		2,261,692	11,721	1,283,488	6,328,601	17,872,919
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:								
Administration		113,838		-	-	-	151,994	265,832
City manager/council		678,693		-	-	-	-	678,693
Finance administration		508,484		-	-	-	-	508,484
Human resources		114,362		-	-	-	-	114,362
Building operations		111,104		-	-	-	-	111,104
Public works, street operations		972,577		-	-	-	62,034	1,034,611
Public safety:								
Police department		2,990,825		-	-	-	149,929	3,140,754
Municipal courts		128,594		-	-	_	-	128,594
Fire department		2,760,397		-	-	-	-	2,760,397
Cemetery operations		· · · · -		_	-	_	87,684	87,684
Recreational activities, parks and recreation		_		_	701,005	_	2,558,007	3,259,012
Community betterment:					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,	-,,-
Transportation activities		279,748		_	_	_	_	279.748
Community development		524,797		_	_	_	119,083	643,880
Health and welfare				_	_	_	,	
Capital outlay		330,897		_	1,153,169	1,010,882	1,784,936	4,279,884
Debt service:		000,001			1,100,100	1,010,002	1,704,000	4,270,004
Principal		_		_	_	_	1,170,000	1,170,000
Interest		_			_		563,067	563,067
Trustee fees		_		-	_	_	5,123	5,123
Total expenditures		9,514,316			1,854,174	1,010,882	6,651,857	19,031,229
Total experiances		3,314,310			1,004,174	1,010,002	0,001,007	19,031,229
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,526,899)		2,261,692	(1,842,453)	272,606	(323,256)	(1,158,310)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		244		-	-	-	42,700	42,944
Transfers in		1,819,113		-	-	203,266	3,008,193	5,030,572
Transfers out		(298,479)		(2,473,832)	-	(913,592)	(1,261,779)	(4,947,682)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	1,520,878		(2,473,832)	-	(710,326)	1,789,114	125,834
Net change in fund balance		(6,021)		(212,140)	(1,842,453)	(437,720)	1,465,858	(1,032,476)
Fund balances, beginning		2,667,235		2,878,061	6,715,589	(81,070)	7,770,358	19,950,173
Fund balances, ending	\$	2,661,214	\$	2,665,921	\$ 4,873,136	\$ (518,790)	\$ 9,236,216	\$ 18,917,697

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended September 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (1,032,476)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Depreciation Capital outlays	(1,973,926) 4,039,666
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (<i>i.e.</i> , sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to increase/decrease net position:	(42,652)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.	234,527
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Change in compensated absences Pension related amounts, pension expense	(10,006) 1,321,789
The issuance of long-term debt (<i>e.g.</i> , bonds, loans, leases) provides current resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in the governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Repayment of principal of long-term debt Interest Deferred loss on refunding	 1,170,000 (257) (44,148)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,662,517

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

Year Ended September 30, 2022				Conoral Fund				
	General Fund Original Budget Final Budget Actual \$ 4,597,550 \$ 4,921,738 \$ 5,016,084 \$ 339,605 266,737 288,001 713,400 924,455 926,294 1,020,300 1,618,160 1,268,186 258,550 181,200 164,653 26,000 27,500 248,100 270,884 296,699 7,203,505 8,209,174 7,987,417 1,508,141 1,563,940 1,526,481 555,831 853,543 972,577 5,668,817 5,833,226 5,879,816 284,965 269,965 279,748 570,054 523,858 524,797 - - 330,897 8,587,808 9,044,532 9,514,316 (1,384,303) (835,358) (1,526,899) - - 244 1,434,304 1,487,534 1,819,113 (50,000) (84,486) (298,479) 1,384,304 1,403,048 1,520,878							ariance with
	Part Part	-	Final Budget					
Revenues:		Buuget		Duuget		Actual		iliai buuget
Taxes and franchise fees	\$	4 597 550	\$	4 921 738	\$	5 016 084	\$	94,346
Licenses, permits and fees	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	21,264
Intergovernmental				, .		,		1,839
Charges for services		,				,		(349,974)
Fines and forfeitures		, ,				, ,		(16,547)
Investment earnings		,				. ,		1,500
Miscellaneous								25,815
Total revenues								(221,757)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:		1.508.141		1.563.940		1.526.481		(37,459)
Public works								119,034
Public safety		,				,		46,590
Community betterment:		-,,-		.,,		.,,.		.,
Transportation activities		284.965		269.965		279.748		9.783
Community development		570,054		523,858		524,797		939
Capital outlay		· -		· -		330,897		330,897
Total expenditures		8,587,808		9,044,532		9,514,316		469,784
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,384,303)		(835,358)		(1,526,899)		(691,541)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		244		244
Transfers in		1,434,304		1,487,534		1,819,113		331,579
Transfers out		(50,000)		(84,486)		(298,479)		(213,993)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,384,304		1,403,048		1,520,878		117,830
Net change in fund balance	\$	1	\$	567,690	=	(6,021)	\$	(573,711)
Fund balances, beginning						2,667,235		
Fund balances, ending					\$	2,661,214	=	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual Community Center Sales Tax Fund Year Ended September 30, 2022

real Ended September 30, 2022		Commun	itv (Center Sales	Гах	Fund		
		Original	,	Final			Va	riance with
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes and franchise fees	\$	2,085,000	\$	2,244,873	\$	2,244,873	\$	-
Investment earnings		-		-		16,819		16,819
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Total revenues	_	2,086,000		2,245,873		2,261,692		15,819
Expenditures, general government	_	-	-		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	2,086,000		2,245,873		2,261,692		15,819
Other financing uses, transfers out Issuance of debt		(1,401,000)		(2,474,832)		(2,473,832)		1,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	685,000	\$	(228,959)		(212,140)	\$	16,819
Fund balances, beginning				•		2,878,061		
Fund balances, ending					\$	2,665,921		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual Grant and Federal Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

real Elided September 30, 2022		Grants	and Federal F	Linde			
	Origin	_	Final	unus		Va	riance with
	Budg		Budget		Actual		nal Budget
Revenues:	Baag		Baagot		7 totaai		iai Baagot
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,93	3,573	\$ 1,961,615	\$	1,283,488	\$	(678,127)
Total revenues		3,573	1,961,615		1,283,488		(678,127)
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay	1,29	0,000	1,290,000		1,010,882		(279,118)
Total Expenditures	1,29	0,000	1,290,000		1,010,882		(279,118)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	64	3,573	671,615		272,606		(399,009)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers In		-	203,266		203,266		-
Transfers out	(31	0,000)	(310,000)	1	(913,592)		(603,592)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(31	0,000)	(106,734)		(710,326)		(603,592)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 33	3,573	\$ 564,881	=	(437,720)	\$	(1,002,601)
Fund balances, beginning					(81,070)	•	
Fund balances, ending				\$	(518,790)	:	

Statement of Net Position Enterprise Funds September 30, 2022

	Water	Pollution Control	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, utility accounts net of	\$ 1,855,069	\$ 919,409	\$ 397,169	\$ 3,171,647
allowance for uncollectibles of \$22,126	500,248	414,124	116,735	1,031,107
Prepaid items	27,780	27,198	4,898	59,876
Total current assets	2,383,097	1,360,731	518,802	4,262,630
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash	743,502	272,827	_	1,016,329
Lease receivable	114,270	,	_	114,270
Net pension asset	348,584	266,192	19,014	633,790
Capital assets:				
Land	131,849	799,000	205,688	1,136,537
Land improvements	22,350	-	1,546,127	1,568,477
Buildings and improvements	4,927,207	138,587	1,931,801	6,997,595
Operating equipment	366,883	539,074	1,201,628	2,107,585
Furniture and office equipment	121,016	-	27,000	148,016
Vehicles	528,755	933,728	-	1,462,483
Infrastructure	23,542,207	32,505,344	-	56,047,551
Total capital assets	29,640,267	34,915,733	4,912,244	69,468,244
Less accumulated depreciation	14,860,190	15,596,772	2,641,518	33,098,480
Net capital assets	14,780,077	19,318,961	2,270,726	36,369,764
Total noncurrent assets	15,986,433	19,857,980	2,289,740	38,134,153
Total assets	18,369,530	21,218,711	2,808,542	42,396,783
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension related amounts	13,127	10,024	716	23,867
Deferred charge on refunding	455,711	786,990	-	1,242,701
Total deferred outflows of resources	468,838	797,014	716	1,266,568

Statement of Net Position Enterprise Funds September 30, 2022

Liabilities		Water	Pollution Control	Non Major Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	108,193	\$ 52,517	\$ 3,314	\$ 164,024
Customer deposits, payable from restricted					
assets		687,620	-	-	687,620
Accrued interest		23,400	41,050	-	64,450
Unearned revenues		-	-	15,025	15,025
Current portion of:					
Compensated absences		17,574	27,008	20,584	65,166
Financed purchase		-	133,348	-	133,348
Certificates of participation		1,199,529	1,125,311	-	2,324,840
Total current liabilities		2,036,316	1,379,234	38,923	3,454,473
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences		28,233	24,156	_	52,389
Due to other funds		20,233	24,130	69,294	69,294
Financed purchase		_	280,324	09,294	280,324
Certificates of participation, net		6,908,898	13,310,642		20,219,540
Total noncurrent liabilities		6,937,131	13,615,122	69,294	20,621,547
Total Honeartent habilities		0,007,101	10,010,122	00,204	20,021,041
Total liabilities		8,973,447	14,994,356	108,217	24,076,020
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Leases		114,270	_	_	114,270
Pension related amounts		65,209	49,796	3,557	118,562
		179,479	49,796	3,557	232,832
	-	-, -	-,	-,	- ,
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		7,207,929	5,952,848	2,270,726	15,431,503
Restricted for pension		348,584	266,192	19,014	633,790
Unrestricted		2,128,929	752,533	407,744	3,289,206
Total net position	\$:	9,685,442	\$ 6,971,573	\$ 2,697,484	\$ 19,354,499

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Enterprise Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

			ı	Nonmajor	Total
		Pollution		Enterprise	Enterprise
	Water	Control		Funds	Funds
Operating revenues:					_
Charges for services	\$ 4,477,641	\$ 3,762,736	\$	2,171,911	\$ 10,412,288
Rental income	45,735	6,750		13,807	66,292
Other	3,807	1,983		55,168	60,958
Total operating revenues	4,527,183	3,771,469		2,240,886	10,539,538
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services	861,947	639,831		713,496	2,215,274
Contractual and professional services	488,736	225,691		1,261,176	1,975,603
Utilities	202,205	333,615		30,672	566,492
Maintenance and repairs	768,621	348,217		51,282	1,168,120
Depreciation	 702,744	1,017,054		155,325	1,875,123
Total operating expenses	3,024,253	2,564,408		2,211,951	7,800,612
Operating income	 1,502,930	1,207,061		28,935	2,738,926
Nonoperating revenue (expense):					
Investment earnings	12,704	10,742		3,325	26,771
Interest expense	(327,739)	(553,258)		-	(880,997)
Total nonoperating revenue					<u>.</u>
(expense)	 (315,035)	(542,516)		3,325	(854,226)
Income before capital					
contributions and transfers	 1,187,895	664,545		32,260	1,884,700
Capital contribution	_	218,374		_	218,374
Transfers in	_	494,477		70,874	565,351
Transfers out	(368,327)	(195,728)		(84,186)	(648,241)
Transfere eat	(368,327)	517,123		(13,312)	135,484
Change in net position	819,568	1,181,668		18,948	2,020,184
Total net position, beginning	 8,865,874	5,789,905		2,678,536	17,334,315
Total net position, ending	\$ 9,685,442	\$ 6,971,573	\$	2,697,484	\$ 19,354,499

Statement of Cash Flows — Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

		-	Nonmajor	
	Water	Pollution Control	Enterprise Funds	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Water	Control	i unus	Total
Cash collected from customers	\$ 4,471,018	\$ 3,767,083	\$ 2,179,420	\$ 10,417,521
Cash from other operating revenue	27,983	1,983	55,168	85,134
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,444,618)	(876,585)	(1,324,261)	(3,645,464)
Cash paid to employees for services	(909,717)	(608,670)	(683,881)	(2,202,268)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,144,666	2,283,811	226,446	4,654,923
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Increase (decrease) in advances from other funds	-	(90,163)	(1,264)	(91,427)
Transfers out	(368,327)	298,749	(13,312)	(82,890)
Net cash proved by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(368,327)	208,586	(14,576)	(174,317)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(87,313)	(493,870)	(59,096)	(640,279)
Principal paid on certificates of participation	(1,050,000)	(975,000)	-	(2,025,000)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(403,731)	(610,465)	-	(1,014,196)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,541,044)	(2,079,335)	(59,096)	(3,679,475)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income	12,704	10,742	3,325	26,771
Net cash provided by investing activities	12,704	10,742	3,325	26,771
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	247,999	423,804	156,099	827,902
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,350,572	768,432	241,070	3,360,074
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,598,571	\$ 1,192,236	\$ 397,169	\$ 4,187,976

Statement of Cash Flows — Enterprise Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2022			Pollution	Nonmajor Enterprise			
		Water	Control		Funds		Total
Components of cash and cash equivalents							
Unrestricted Restricted	\$	1,855,069 743,502	\$ 919,409 272,827	\$	397,169 -	\$	3,171,647 1,016,329
	\$	2,598,571	\$ 1,192,236	\$	397,169	\$	4,187,976
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided							
by operating activities:							
Operating income		1,502,930	\$ 1,207,061	\$	28,935	\$	2,738,926
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		702,744	1,017,054		155,325		1,875,123
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Receivables, net		(52,358)	(2,403)		(6,298)		(61,059)
Net pension asset		673	67,542		74,121		142,336
Deferred inflows - pensions		(123,149)	(130,191)		(46,672)		(300,012)
Deferred outflows - pensions		(2,315)	308		2,167		160
Deferred charge on refunding		77,021	93,503		-		170,524
Customer deposits		24,176	-		-		24,176
Inventory and other prepayments		15,408	4,888		18,124		38,420
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(464)	26,049		744		26,329
Total adjustments		641,736	1,076,750		197,511		1,915,997
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,144,666	\$ 2,283,811	\$	226,446	\$	4,654,923
Noncash activities							
Contribution of capital assets	\$	_	\$ 218,374	\$	-	\$	218,374
Financed purchase of capital assets	·	-	413,672		-		413,672

$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Statement of Fiduciary Net Position} - \textbf{Custodial Funds} \\ \textbf{September 30, 2022} \end{array}$

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$ 2,061,198 160
	2,061,358
Liabilities	
Due to other governments	 1,522,481
Net position restricted for other governments and organizations	\$ 538,877

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Cust	odial Funds
Additions		
Taxes	\$	569,859
Deductions		
Payments to other organizations		776,556
Change in net position		(206,697)
Net position - beginning of year		745,574
Net position - end of year	\$	538,877

Reporting entity:

The City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri (the City) was formed in 1880 and covers an area of approximately 16 square miles in Clay and Ray Counties, Missouri. Excelsior Springs is a city of the third class and operates under the council-manager form of government. The City Manager is the chief administrative officer of the City. The City provides services to its estimated 11,500 residents in many areas, including law enforcement, fire protection, a hospital, paramedic services, water and sewer services, community enrichment and development, and various social services. Elementary, secondary and junior college education services are provided by various school districts, all of which are separate governmental entities.

The City's reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the possibility the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

The accompanying financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The financial data of the component units are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended component unit: The Facilities Authority serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a five-member board established by the City Council. The Authority was established to promote, acquire, develop, construct, own, operate, maintain and lease facilities within the City, which are approved by the City Council for the purpose of promoting the economic, social, industrial, cultural and commercial growth and for the general benefit of the City and its residents. Administration of its various programs is performed by City employees. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its Board is substantively the same as the City Council and the Administration, and its sole purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings. The Facilities Authority is reported with the Debt Service Fund. The Facilities Authority has been dormant since the bonds issued under the Facilities Authority name were paid off in 2015.

Discretely presented component unit: The City Hospital is a municipally owned hospital controlled by the Hospital Board, which is appointed by the City Council. City Council must approve bond issuances, but they do not take action on user charges or budget approvals. The financial statements of the City Hospital are audited by other auditors and may be obtained at the Hospital's administrative offices located at 1700 Rainbow Blvd., Excelsior Springs, Missouri 64024. The City Hospital has a September 30 year-end.

Basis of presentation:

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Note 1. Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund accounting: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The City has the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Community Center Sales Tax Fund</u>: A Special Revenue Fund, accounts for the receipts and disbursements of sales tax collected for the Community Center.

<u>Community Center Project Fund</u>: A Capital Project Fund, accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital projects specific to the community center.

<u>Grant and Federal Funds</u>: A Special Revenue Fund, accounts for the receipts and disbursements of grants and federal awards.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: Accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The nonmajor special revenue funds account for the activities of the E-911 Phone Tax Fund, Tax Increment Financing-Paradise Playhouse Fund, Public Safety Sales Tax Fund, Equitable Sharing Fund, Tax Increment Financing-Pinancing-Elms Hotel Fund, Tax Increment Financing – Vintage Development II Fund, Parks and Recreation Fund, the Community Center Operating Fund, the Tax Increment Financing – Golf Course, Walmart/Elms revenue, and Tax Increment Financing-Vintage Development.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital projects. The nonmajor capital projects funds are the Capital Improvements Fund and the Transportation Trust Fund.

Note 1. Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The nonmajor debt service fund is the Debt Service Fund.

<u>Permanent Fund</u>: Accounts for and reports resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs. The nonmajor permanent fund is the Cemetery Fund.

Proprietary Fund Types: Proprietary fund types are used to account for a government's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise funds: Are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the City has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u>: Accounts for the activities of the Water Department which operates the City's water plant and provides for the distribution of safe drinking water to the City's residential and commercial customers as well as surrounding communities.

<u>Pollution Control Fund</u>: Accounts for the activities of the Pollution Control (or Sewer) Department which is responsible for maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system.

The other enterprise funds of the City are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

Golf Fund: Accounts for the activities of the Excelsior Springs Municipal Golf Course.

Airport Fund: Accounts for the activities of the City's airport.

Refuse Fund: Accounts for the activities of the City's hazardous waste and other refuse collection.

Fiduciary Fund Types: Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The City has the following fiduciary fund type:

Custodial funds: The City maintains two custodial funds, the Hospital Fund and the Road District Fund. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others. Since by definition their assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to support activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and the custodial funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note 1. Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, pensions and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Charges for sales and services (other than utility) and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they become an enforceable legal claim. The current taxes receivable represent the 2022 levy plus any uncollected amounts from the 2021 levy and other prior years. Property taxes that are not available for current year operations are shown as a deferred inflow of resources. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real and personal property in the City. The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. Property taxes are billed in total by November 1 following the levy date and considered delinquent after January 1. On January 1, a lien attaches to all property for which taxes are unpaid.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1. Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Summary of significant accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies followed by the City include the following:

Budgets and budgetary accounting: The City Council annually adopts budgets for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds (excluding the Community Center Project fund, The Walmart/Elms Revenue Fund and the TIV-Vintage Development Fund) of the primary government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the individual funds. On September 7, 2021, the City Council formally approved the original adopted budget, reflected in the financial statements.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed operating expenditures, capital expenditures and the means for financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments from all interested parties.
- The budget for the coming year is formally adopted on or before the last day of the current fiscal year.
- The City Manager is authorized to make changes within departments, between departments and between functions within each fund. Changes or transfers at the fund level require approval by the City Council.
- Under Missouri law, expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. If expenditures for a fund exceed the budget, either the budget must be amended or the City Council must pass a resolution authorizing the expenditures in excess of the budget.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Encumbrances are reappropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Cash and cash equivalents: The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statements of net position or balance sheets as "Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments." In addition, certain resources set aside are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The debt reserve account is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the capital projects and special revenue fund's operations that could adversely affect debt service payments. The amount available in Debt Service Fund is used to report resources accumulated for future debt service payments and construction.

Because the City uses the pooled cash investment method, individual fund overdrafts are reclassified as due to/due from other funds or internal balances for financial statement purposes. Income from the investment of pooled cash is allocated to the various funds based on the percentage of cash and temporary investments of each fund to the total pooled cash and temporary investments.

Investments, except for money market funds and the external investment pool, are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. For some assets and liabilities, observable market transactions or market information might be available; for others, it might not be available. However, the objective of a fair value measurement in both cases is the same—that is, to determine the price at which an orderly transaction to sell the asset or to transfer the liability would take place between the market and participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value is an exit price at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant that controls the asset or is obligated for the liability. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. See Note 2 for additional information regarding fair value measures.

The City's investment in the external investment pool (MOSIP) is not SEC registered and is regulated by the state of Missouri. This external investment pool is reported at amortized cost pursuant to the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 79.

Statement of cash flows: For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary fund type funds, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable: Balances result primarily from miscellaneous services provided to citizens and are accounted for in the General Fund and nonmajor governmental funds. Water and sewer services are accounted for in the Water Fund and Pollution Control Fund. Healthcare costs to patients are accounted for in the City Hospital. All are net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis.

Lease Receivable: The City is lessor for several noncancellable leases for land and tower space and recognizes a related lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized over the lease term.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements and expenditures are recognized using the consumption method.

Capital assets: Capital assets, which include land, construction-in-progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000 for equipment and vehicles and \$25,000 for buildings and improvements and infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All land purchases are capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method and the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Land improvements	10 to 20
Building and improvements	7 to 30
Infrastructure	10 to 40
Operating equipment	3 to 5
Furniture and office equipment	3 to 5
Vehicles	4 to 10

The component unit's policy is similar.

Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Deferred outflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense related to the net pension asset, such as the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual plan experience and changes in assumptions, and contributions paid by the City after the measurement date but before the end of the City's reporting period. The City also reports a deferred charge on refunding in the government-wide and proprietary fund statement of net position. A deferred amount of refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred inflows of resources: In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. In the government-wide and the governmental fund statements, the City reports deferred amounts related to leases. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

In the City's government-wide statements, the property tax revenues remain as a deferred inflow of resources and will become an inflow in the year for which the taxes are levied. The City's government-wide statements and enterprise fund statements of net position also include the unrecognized items not yet charged against pension expense, such as the unamortized portion of the difference between the expected and actual pension plan experience, changes in assumptions and plan investment returns related to the net pension asset.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the City has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is unavailable. Unavailable revenues have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Pensions: The net pension asset, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The governmental funds used to liquidate the pension liability for the governmental activities, are each of the governmental funds with allocated salaries.

Compensated absences: Under terms of the City's personnel policy, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts, based on length of service. In the event of termination or separation, an employee is paid for accumulated vacation up to the maximum he/she can earn over a two-year period. Employees are also paid for accumulated sick leave upon termination in an amount equal to one day for every four days in excess of 30 days that have been accrued.

For governmental activities and proprietary fund types, these accumulations are recorded as expenses and liabilities in the fiscal year earned. For governmental fund types, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which is payable from available resources, is recorded as a liability of the respective fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and resignations.

Interfund transactions: Interfund transactions are defined as transactions among City funds that would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to City government and are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved.

Transactions, which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" and "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Long-term obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using a method which approximates the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which the costs were incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Principal payments and debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund balance: In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable: Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the City Council through ordinance approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Assigned: Amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. It is the City's policy that the authority to assign fund balance has been delegated by the City Council to the Director of Administrative Services. Likewise, the Director of Administrative Services has the authority to take necessary actions to un-assign amounts in this category.

Unassigned: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. Residual deficit amounts of other governmental funds would also be reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's procedure is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications—committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net position: Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Unspent debt proceeds for governmental activities were approximately \$5,838,000. Unspent debt proceeds for the Water and Pollution Control enterprise funds were approximately \$123,000 and \$273,000, respectively. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted through enabling legislation or external restrictions consists of \$1,603,438 for debt service, \$3,646,892 for capital projects, \$3,136,583 for planning and development, \$6,168,575 for pension, \$1,204,133 for parks and recreation, \$1,117,901 for public safety, \$23,000 for other, and the permanent fund including \$217,180 and \$40,640 as nonexpendable and expendable.

The City first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Use of estimates: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Revision: Certain immaterial revisions have been made to the 2021 financial statements for revision of capital assets and accumulated depreciation between categories in *Note 4.* The revision did not have an impact on net capital assets as of September 30, 2021.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the City had the following investments:

		Investment Mat	uriti	ies (in Years)	Fair Value
Investment Type	Balance	Less Than 1		1 - 5 years	Hierarchy Level
Investments at fair value:					
Government agencies	\$ 630,305	\$ 564,664	\$	65,641	2
Certificates of deposit	556,302	11,302		545,000	2
Municipal securities	29,297	9,930		19,367	2
Fixed income fund	10,772	10,772		-	1
Investments at amortized cost:					
Local government investments pool-MOSIP	2,111,178	-		-	N/A
Total	\$ 3,337,854	\$ 596,668	\$	630,008	_

Fair value measurements: The City categorizes it assets and liabilities measured at fair value within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Assets and liabilities valued at fair value are categorized based on inputs to valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 input: Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that an entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 input: Inputs—other than quoted prices included with Level 1—that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 input: Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability which are typically based upon the City's own assumptions as there is little, if any, related market activity.

Hierarchy: The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

Inputs: If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City has no assets reported at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and no other investments meeting the fair value disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72.

Interest rate risk: The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing market rates.

Credit risk: Missouri State Statutes authorize the City, with certain restrictions, to deposit funds in open accounts, time deposits and certificates of deposit. Statutes also required that collateral pledged have a fair market value equal to 100% of the funds on deposit, less insured amounts. Collateral securities must be held by the City or a disinterested third party and must be of the kind prescribed by state statutes and approved by the State. The City may purchase any investments allowed by the State Treasurer. These include (a) obligations of the United States government or any agency or instrumentality thereof maturing and becoming payable not more than three years from the date of purchase or (b) repurchase agreements maturing and becoming payable within 90 days secured by U.S. Treasury obligations or obligations of U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities of any maturity, as provided by law.

Investment Type	Rating	Company
Government Agency	AA+	Standard & Poor's
Certificate of Deposit	Not Rated	Standard & Poor's
Municipal securities	AA+	Standard & Poor's
Fixed income fund	AA+	Standard & Poor's
MOSIP	Aaa	Standard & Poor's

The City's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments shall be made with the exercise of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which individuals of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital, as well as the probable income to be derived.

Concentration of credit risk: The City's investment policy is to diversify its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. As of September 30, 2022, more than 5% of the City's investment portfolio is invested in: MOSIP (63%), and Federal Home Loan Bank (16%).

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (*e.g.*, broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of another party. As of September 30, 2022, the City's investments were not exposed to custodial risk. It is the City's policy to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. As of September 30, 2022, approximately \$5,862,000 of the City's bank balance of \$26,514,333, which excludes the Hospital custodial fund, were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Excelsior Springs City Hospital, including the Hospital custodial fund, had \$0 of deposits which were exposed to custodial credit risk.

A summary of deposits and investments of the City, along with the financial statement classification, is as follows:

Deposits and cash on hand Investments	\$ 23,525,368 3,337,854
	\$ 26,863,222
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments Cash and cash equivalents, fiduciary funds	\$ 17,030,314 7,771,710 2,061,198
	\$ 26,863,222

Note 3. Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value of the prior January 1 for all property located in the City. On January 1, a lien attaches to all property. Property taxes are due in total by December 31 following the levy date and are collected by the Finance Office. Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they become an enforceable legal claim (the lien date) and revenue is recognized in the year for which the property tax is levied.

Assessed values are established by County Assessors subject to review by the County's Board of Equalization and State Tax Commission. The assessed value for property, excluding railroad and utility properties located in the City as of January 1, 2021, on which the fiscal year 2022 levy was based, was \$174,693,409. The assessed value of railroad and utility properties as of January 1, 2021 was \$7,263,485.

The City is permitted by Missouri State Statutes to levy taxes in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. Property tax levies per \$100 assessed valuation for the year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	 Levy
Fund:	
General	\$ 0.5925
Parks/recreation	0.3338
Total primary government	 0.9263
Component unit - City Hospital	 0.1669
Total reporting entity	\$ 1.0932

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2022:

	20	21 Balance	Additions	Re	tirements	20	22 Balance
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,776,212	\$ -	\$	69,154	\$	1,707,058
Construction-in-progress		2,336,945	2,734,777		2,569,140		2,502,582
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,113,157	2,734,777		2,638,294		4,209,640
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements		39,831	-		-		39,831
Buildings and improvements		24,172,546	763,107		293,063		24,642,590
Operating equipment		5,015,869	25,245		45,617		4,995,497
Furniture and office equipment		438,802	-		66,020		372,782
Vehicles		2,116,182	516,537		111,042		2,521,677
Infrastructure		51,036,572	2,569,142		-		53,605,714
Total capital assets, being depreciated		82,819,802	3,874,031		515,742		86,178,091
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements		45,505	6,005		-		51,510
Buildings and improvements		8,342,660	716,307		293,063		8,765,904
Operating equipment		3,554,849	261,982		45,617		3,771,214
Furniture and office equipment		437,321	1,481		66,020		372,782
Vehicles		1,666,880	190,076		111,042		1,745,914
Infrastructure		42,652,611	798,075		-		43,450,686
Total accumulated depreciation		56,699,826	1,973,926		515,742		58,158,010
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		26,119,976	1,900,105		_		28,020,081
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	30,233,133	\$ 4,634,882	\$	2,638,294	\$	32,229,721

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	20	2021 Balance Additions Retirer					20	2022 Balance		
Business-Type Activities										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	1,136,537	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,136,537		
Construction-in-progress		826,454		712,851		1,539,305				
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,962,991		712,851		1,539,305		1,136,537		
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Land improvements		1,568,451		-		-		1,568,451		
Buildings and improvements		6,850,713		146,882		-		6,997,595		
Operating equipment		2,251,057		-		143,473		2,107,584		
Furniture and office equipment		180,184		-		32,168		148,016		
Vehicles		1,088,410		413,063		38,990		1,462,483		
Infrastructure		55,851,850		1,538,834		1,343,106		56,047,578		
Total capital assets, being depreciated		67,790,665		2,098,779		1,557,737		68,331,707		
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Land improvements		816,597		70,670		-		887,267		
Buildings and improvements		5,111,249		101,604		-		5,212,853		
Operating equipment		1,967,258		24,390		143,473		1,848,175		
Furniture and office equipment		74,158		24,860		32,168		66,850		
Vehicles		1,072,392		5,752		38,990		1,039,154		
Infrastructure		23,739,440		1,647,847		1,343,106		24,044,181		
Total accumulated depreciation		32,781,094		1,875,123		1,557,737		33,098,480		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		35,009,571		223,656		-		35,233,227		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	36,972,562	\$	936,507	\$	1,539,305	\$	36,369,764		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	39,284
Public safety		562,764
Transportation		35,407
Public works		657,732
Recreational activities		678,739
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$	1,973,926
	1	
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	702,744
Pollution control		1,017,054
Non-major enterprise funds		155,325
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$	1,875,123

Activity for the Hospital for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	20	21 Balance	Additions	R	etirements	20	22 Balance
Component Unit: Hospital							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	401,095	\$ -	\$	-	\$	401,095
Construction-in-progress		139,962	2,536,379		(2,647,105)		29,236
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		541,057	2,536,379		(2,647,105)		430,331
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements		1,242,401	98,379		-		1,340,780
Buildings and improvements		20,940,510	1,021,739		-		21,962,249
Fixed equipment		10,785,434	-		-		10,785,434
Moveable equipment		17,830,890	716,027		-		18,546,917
Intangible assets - Software		754,521	-		-		754,521
Total capital assets, being depreciated							
Hospital		51,553,756	1,836,145		-		53,389,901
Total accumulated depreciation		31,190,846	3,141,124				34,331,970
Total capital assets, being depreciated,							
Hospital net		20,362,910	(1,304,979)		-		19,057,931
Hospital assets, net	\$	20,903,967	\$ 1,231,400	\$	(2,647,105)	\$	19,488,262

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Leases Receivable

The City leases a portion of its property to various third parties, the terms of which expire 2024 through 2026. The leases were measured based upon the Index at lease commencement.

As of September 30, 2022, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$184,427 for the nonmajor governmental funds and \$114,270 for the Water fund. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of September 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$184,247 for nonmajor governmental funds and \$114,270 for the Water fund.

Revenue recognized under lease contracts during the year ended September 30, 2022 for nonmajor governmental funds and the Water fund, was \$63,854 and \$44,232, respectively, which includes both lease revenue and interest.

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	0	Balance					•	Balance		. 5	
	Se	ptember 30, 2021		Additions		Retirements	Se	eptember 30, 2022		nounts Due nin One Year	
Governmental activities:		2021		Additions		\elirements		2022	Willing One Teal		
Revenue bonds - 2014	\$	1,225,000	\$	_	\$	600.000	\$	625,000	\$	625,000	
Refunding of Certificate of	Ψ	1,220,000	Ψ		Ψ	000,000	Ψ	020,000	Ψ	020,000	
Participation - 2021A		1,335,000		_		70,000		1,265,000		70,000	
Refunding of Certificate of		,,				-,		,,		-,	
Participation - 2021B		6,500,000		-		-		6,500,000		-	
Revenue Refundings Bonds - 2021		16,040,000		-		500,000		15,540,000		510,000	
Premiums		233,024		-		13,083		219,941		13,083	
Compensated absences		567,434		102,785		92,778		577,441		202,923	
Governmental activities,											
long-term liabilities	\$	25,900,458	\$	102,785	\$	1,275,861	\$	24,727,382	\$	1,421,006	
Business-type activities:											
Certificates of participation	\$	21.360.000	\$	_	\$	2,025,000	\$	19,335,000	\$	2,135,000	
Premiums (discounts)	Ψ	3,335,829	Ψ	_	Ψ	126,449	Ψ	3,209,380	Ψ	189,840	
Compensated absences		117,557		72.731		72,733		117,555		65,076	
Financed purchase				413,672				413,672		133,438	
•				,				,		•	
Business-type activities,											
long-term liabilities	\$	24,813,386	\$	486,403	\$	2,224,182	\$	23,075,607	\$	2,523,354	
Component unit:											
Revenue bonds	\$	9.101.674	Ф	16,746	Ф	16,305	Ф	9,102,115	\$	3,213	
Financed purchase	Ψ	4,269,089	Ψ	357,291	Ψ	1,528,852	Ψ	3,097,528	Ψ	1,343,362	
Compensated absences		587,099		337,291		74,504		512,595		1,343,302	
Componicated appointed	-	007,000				7 - 7,00-1		012,000			
Component unit,											
long-term liabilities	\$	13,957,862	\$	374,037	\$	1,619,661	\$	12,712,238	\$	1,346,575	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The General Fund has generally been the fund to liquidate the liability for compensated absences for the governmental activities.

Long-term debt payable as of September 30, 2022, is comprised of the following individual issues:

	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2021		Additions		Retirements	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2022
Governmental activities:	-			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Revenue bonds:								
\$18,000,000 of Community Center Sales Tax revenue bonds, Series 2014, due in annual								
installments of \$200,000 to \$1,145,000 through								
March 1, 2023; interest at 2.0% to 5.0%	\$	1,225,000	\$	-	\$	600,000	\$	625,000
Refunding of Certificate of Participation - Series 2021A								
\$1,335,000 Golf Clubhouse loan, due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$430,000								
through March 1, 2038; interest at .75% to 3.0%		1,335,000		-		70,000		1,265,000
Refunding of Certificate of Participation - 2021B						•		
\$6,500,000 Golf Clubhouse loan, due in annual								
installments of \$1,775,000 to \$4,725,000 through March 1, 2039; interest of 2.35-3%		6,500,000		_		_		6,500,000
Revenue bonds:		0,000,000						0,000,000
\$16,040,000 Community Center Sales Tax								
Revenue bonds; Series 2021, due in annual installments of \$500,000 to \$1,180,000 through								
March 1, 2035; interest of .337-2.775%		16,040,000		-		500,000		15,540,000
-	_	05 400 000	Φ.		_	4 470 000	Φ.	00 000 000
Total government activities	\$	25,100,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,170,000	\$	23,930,000
	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2021		Additions		Retirements	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2022
Dusiness tune settivities								
Business-type activities: \$10,035,000 2020 Water Series A refunding certificates of participation, due in annual installments of \$950,000 to \$1,270,000 starting on September 1, 2020 through September 1,								
2028; interest at 4.00%	\$	8,070,000	\$	-	\$	1,050,000	\$	7,020,000
\$14,195,000 2020 Pollution Series B refunding certificates of participation, due in annual installments of \$950,000 to \$1,730,000 starting on March 1, 2021 through March 1, 2031;								
interest at 4.00%								
\$413,065 2022 financed purchase, due in annual installments varying from \$133,348 to \$142,045		13,290,000		-		975,000		12,315,000
\$413,065 2022 financed purchase, due in annual installments varying from \$133,348 to \$142,045 starting on February 15, 2023 though		13,290,000		413 672		975,000		
\$413,065 2022 financed purchase, due in annual installments varying from \$133,348 to \$142,045	\$	13,290,000	\$	413,672 413,672		975,000	\$	12,315,000 413,672 19,748,672

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2022
Component units:						
Revenue bonds:						
Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 A & B, maturing October 2030; 5.125% interest; interest payments annually through October 2002, annual principal and interest payments of \$151,092 thereafter; collateralized by a deed of trust on the Independent						
Living Facility on the Hospital's campus. Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A and Series 2007B, maturity October 1, 2038; 4.125% interest; interest annually through September 30, 2011,	\$	1,191,094	\$ -	\$ 12,453	\$	1,178,641
monthly principal and interest thereafter Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, maturing October 1, 2040; 4.5% interest; interest only through September 30, 2013, monthly principal and interest		6,271,901	-	3,852		6,268,049
thereafter		1,638,679	16,746	-		1,655,425
Financed Purchase		4,269,089	357,291	1,528,852		3,097,528
Total component unit	\$	13,370,763	\$ 374,037	\$ 1,545,157	\$	12,199,643

During 2020, the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"), who assisted in issuance of the bonds, allowed entities to apply for a deferral of principal, interest, and bond reserve fund payments and deposits during the COVID-19 pandemic period. The Hospital was approved under a workout agreement issued by the USDA for a deferral of these payments and anticipates resuming payments in 2023. Under the terms of the workout agreement, regularly scheduled principal and interest payments were deferred in 2020, 2021, and 2022.

Under the terms of the workout agreement and various updates to the workout agreement, the Hospital made monthly payments of \$25,000 starting in September 2021 for six months and then made monthly payments of \$40,000 starting in April 2022 continuing through September 2022. Most of these payments were applied to previous accrued interest, and it is anticipated that when repayments start on these bonds in 2023, that a majority of the repayments will be applied to previously accrued interest expense until those amounts are repaid in full.

General obligation debt limit: The state constitution permits a city, by vote of two thirds of the voting electorate, to incur general obligation indebtedness for "city purposes" not to exceed 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property and to incur additional general obligation indebtedness not exceeding, in the aggregate, an additional 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property, for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending and improving streets and avenues and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems, and purchasing or constructing waterworks and electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed 20% of the assessed valuation of taxable property.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Governmental activities Certificates of Participation: During 2018, the City issued \$1,500,000 in Certificates of Participation for the Golf Clubhouse maturing March 1, 2038 with an interest rate of 3.5%. The loan was issued to finance the construction of the Golf Clubhouse. These certificates are payable from Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTS) and Economic Activity Taxes (EATS) collected by the Tax Increment Financing-Golf Course Fund. In the absence of available monies in this fund, the General Fund will make the required debt service payments.

During 2021, the City issued \$1,335,000 of Certificates of Participation (Series 2021A) and \$6,500,000 Certificates of Participation (Series 2021B) with interest rates ranging from .75% to 3.00%.

Governmental activities revenue bonds: During 2014, the City issued \$18,000,000 in Community Center Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014 maturing March 1, 2016 through March 1, 2039 with an interest rate of 2.0% to 5.0%. The bonds were issued to finance the construction of the Community Center.

During 2021, the City issued \$16,040,000 of refunding revenue bonds (Series 2021) with interest rates ranging from .337% to 2.775%.

Business-type activities Certificates of Participation:

During 2020, the City issued \$10,035,000 (Series 2020A) in Certificates of Participation to refund the Series 2010B Certificates of Participation. These certificates are payable solely from basic payments from the lease of the property. Payments under the lease, if appropriated by the City for the maximum renewal term, are intended to be sufficient, together with other funds available for such purpose, to pay the debt service requirements for the life of the certificates.

During 2020, the City issued \$14,195,000 (Series 2020B) in Certificates of Participation to refund the Series 2010D Certificates of Participation. These certificates are payable solely from basic payments from the lease of the property. Payments under the lease, if appropriated by the City for the maximum renewal term, are intended to be sufficient, together with other funds available for such purpose, to pay the debt service requirements for the life of the certificates.

Component unit: During 1999, the City Hospital issued \$2,230,000 (Series A & B) in revenue bonds to fund expenses relating to the construction of the independent living facility. These revenue bonds are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2030.

During 2007, the City Hospital issued \$8,000,000 (Series A & B) in revenue bonds to fund expenses relating to the Outpatient Services Building. These revenue bonds are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2038.

During 2009, the City Hospital issued \$2,000,000 (Series 2009) in revenue bonds to pay for construction through a temporary loan from the Department of Agriculture Rural Development until the bonds are issued final upon project completion. These revenue bonds are payable solely from net patient service revenue derived from the operations of the City Hospital and are payable through 2040.

Reserve accounts on debt: The bond ordinances authorizing the hospital revenue bonds require that certain funds from the City Hospital's operations be set aside for future debt service requirements, major repairs and other contingencies. The funds are managed by the City in a custodial fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

These special reserves and accounts consist of cash and investments and are reported in the basic financial statements as restricted assets.

Replacement and extension funds

(City Hospital
\$	1,114

Interest earnings on this amount are restricted until bond payments are made, at which time these amounts can be released for use in the General Fund. The bonds are secured by the revenue of the City Hospital and Convalescent Center, a mortgage on the facility, and the funds in the Hospital Agency Fund. The bonds are subject to redemption by the City in whole or in part at par plus accrued interest.

Summary of principal and interest maturities: Annual debt service requirements to service all outstanding indebtedness as of September 30, 2022, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year ending	_	2021A Golf C Certificates o				2021B Golf C Certificates o	 		2021 Comm Sales Tax Re	•		
September 30:		Principal Interest				Principal	Interest	Principal			Interest	
2023	\$	70,000	\$	26,790	\$	-	\$ 174,525	\$	510,000	\$	312,456	
2024		70,000		26,265		-	174,525		1,155,000		307,246	
2025		70,000		25,740		-	174,525		1,165,000		296,936	
2026		70,000		25,093		-	174,525		1,180,000		282,810	
2027		70,000		24,323		-	174,525		1,200,000		264,648	
2028 - 2032		380,000		97,713		-	872,625		6,380,000		931,389	
2033 - 2037		440,000		38,738		3,310,000	766,164		3,950,000		157,526	
2038 - 2039		95,000		1,069		3,190,000	80,534		-		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	1,265,000	\$	265,731	\$	6,500,000	\$ 2,591,948	\$	15,540,000	\$	2,553,011	

2014	Commi	ınitv	Contor
7014	Commi	ınıtv	Center

Year ending	 Sales Tax Re	ever	nue Bonds	Total Governmental Activities								
September 30:	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest						
							_					
2023	\$ 625,000	\$	660,577	\$	1,205,000	\$	1,174,348					
2024	-		-		1,225,000		508,036					
2025	-		-		1,235,000		497,201					
2026	-		-		1,250,000		482,428					
2027	_		-		1,270,000		463,496					
2028 - 2032	_		-		6,760,000		1,901,727					
2033 - 2037	_		-		7,700,000		962,428					
2038 - 2041	 -		-		3,285,000		81,603					
	_				_							
Total	\$ 625,000	\$	660,577	\$	23,930,000	\$	6,071,267					

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Business-Type Activities:

	2020 Wate	er S	eries A		2020 Pollut	ion	Series B					Total Busin	ess.	-Туре	
Year ending	Certificates o	f Pa	rticipation	Certificates of Participation					inanced Purch	ase	Obligations	Activities			
September 30:	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	
2023	\$ 1,095,000	\$	280,800	\$	1,040,000	\$	471,800	\$	133,348	\$	13,301	\$ 2,268,348	\$	765,901	
2024	1,135,000		237,000		1,115,000		428,700		137,642		9,007	2,387,642		674,707	
2025	1,180,000		191,600		1,190,000		382,600		142,682		4,575	2,512,682		578,775	
2026	1,225,000		144,400		1,275,000		333,300		-		-	2,500,000		477,700	
2027	1,270,000		95,400		1,355,000		280,700		-		-	2,625,000		376,100	
2028 - 2032	 1,115,000		44,600		6,340,000		529,200		-		-	7,455,000		573,800	
Total	\$ 7,020,000	\$	993,800	\$	12,315,000	\$	2,426,300	\$	413,672	\$	26,883	\$ 19,748,672	\$	3,446,983	

Component Unit:

Year ending	Long-Term Debt					Financed Purchase Obligations				Total Component Unit			
September 30:		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	3.213	\$	419.055	\$	1.343.362	\$	164,481	\$	1.346.575	\$	583,536	
2024	Ψ	143,916	Ψ	403,049	Ψ	1,134,941	Ψ	96,649	Ψ	1,278,857	Ψ	499,698	
2025		488,376		377,547		336,480		36,001		824,856		413,548	
2026		590,073		352,013		160,843		13,177		750,916		365,190	
2027		617,009		325,315		121,902		4,591		738,911		329,906	
2028 - 2032		3,127,532		1,201,419		-		-		3,127,532		1,201,419	
2033 - 2037		3,163,680		556,500		-		-		3,163,680		556,500	
2038 - 2041		968,316		40,255		-		-		968,316		40,255	
												,	
Total	\$	9,102,115	\$	3,675,153	\$	3,097,528	\$	314,899	\$	12,199,643	\$	3,990,052	

Financed purchases shown in long-term debt for the discretely presented component unit include agreements to purchase movable equipment at varying rates of imputed interest from 3.5% to 12.4%, maturing through 2025 and collateralized by the lease equipment. Property and equipment as of September 30, 2022 include the following assets under financed purchases:

Moveable equipment	\$ 5,935,608
Less accumulated depreciation	2,790,242
	\$ 3,145,366

Advance refunding and defeased debt: In a prior year, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2022, \$14,270,889, of the series 2014 and 2018 bonds outstanding are considered defeased and are being held by an escrow agent.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The following is a schedule of transfers included in the basic financial statements of the City:

	Tr	Transfers Out		
Governmental activities:				
General	\$	1,819,113	\$ 298,47	79
Community center sales tax		-	2,473,83	32
Grant and federal funds		203,266	913,59	92
Nonmajor governmental funds		3,008,193	1,261,77	79
Total governmental activities		5,030,572	4,947,68	82_
Business-type activities:				
Water		-	368,32	27
Pollution control		494,477	195,72	28
Nonmajor enterprise funds		70,874	84,18	86_
Total business-type activities		565,351	648,24	41_
Total	\$	5,595,923	\$ 5,595,92	23_

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due; (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund advances as of September 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Due From			Due To
Governmental activities: General Community center project Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	981,334 - -	\$	- 838,849 73,191
Total governmental activities		981,334		912,040
Business-type activities: Nonmajor enterprise funds		-		69,294
Total business-type activities		-		69,294
Total	\$	981,334	\$	981,334

The interfund advances within the governmental activities were made to fund expenses in excess of available cash balances in the disclosed funds and are expected to be repaid within the next year. The \$69,294 inter-fund advance to the non-major business-type activities is a long-term advance and is classified as non-spendable fund balance.

Note 8. Employee Retirement Systems

Plan description: The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits provided: LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after five years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with five or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of five years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

	2022 Valuation
Benefit multiplier	1.5%
Final average salary	5 years
Member contributions	0%

Benefit terms provide for annual postretirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	122
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	118
Active employees	103
	343

Contributions: The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Employees do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 6.3% (General), 3.9% (Police), and 9.0% (Fire) of annual covered payroll. Employer contributions to the Plan were approximately \$442,000 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Net pension asset: The employer's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2022. Standard update procedures were used to rollforward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022.

2022 \/=1..-+:--

Note 8. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the February 28, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method

Inflation

Salary increase
Investment rate of return
Discount rate

Entry age normal
2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation
2.75% to 7.15% including wage inflation
7.00% net of investment expenses
7.00%

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees mortality table for males and females. Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2015 through February 29, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity Fixed income Real assets	39% 28% 33%	4.16% 0.89% 2.09%
	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Note 8. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Changes in the net pension liability (asset):

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net Pension				
	Liability	Position	Liability (Asset)				
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)				
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$ 24,034,072	\$ 31,749,024	\$ (7,714,952)				
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	522,443	-	522,443				
Interest on the total pension liability	1,656,161	-	1,656,161				
Difference between expected and actual experience	245,001	-	245,001				
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-				
Contributions - employer	-	441,864	(441,864)				
Net investment income	-	26,877	(26,877)				
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,284,595)	(1,284,595)	-				
Administrative expense	· -	(30,272)	30,272				
Other changes	-	438,759	(438,759)				
Net changes	1,139,010	(407,367)	1,546,377				
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$ 25,173,082	\$ 31,341,657	\$ (6,168,575)				

Sensitivity of the net pension to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Net Pension asset of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension asset would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 28,837,395	\$ 25,173,082	\$ 22,203,844
	31,341,657	31,341,657	31,341,657
Net pension asset	\$ (2,504,262)	\$ (6,168,575)	\$ (9,137,813)

Note 8. Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: For the year ended September 30, 2022 the employer recognized pension expense of \$1,025,680. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual plan experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	301,557 -	\$	(224,692) (178,572)
on pension plan investments Employer Specific - Contributions after measurement date*		- 118,637		(767,047) -
Total	\$	420,194	\$	(1,170,311)

^{*} The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension asset for the year ending September 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended:	
2023	\$ (383,377)
2024	(355,413)
2025	(566,090)
2026	436,126
	\$ (868,754)

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the difference between expected and actual plan experience and assumption changes are being amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees as of the beginning of each measurement period. The deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between expected and actual investment returns is being amortized over a closed five-year period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal matters: There are a number of claims and/or lawsuits to which the City is, or may be, a party as a result of certain law enforcement activities, injuries and various other matters and complaints arising in the ordinary course of City activities. The City's management and legal counsel anticipate that the potential claims against the City, if any, which are not covered by insurance, resulting from such matters would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

Professional malpractice insurance: The City Hospital is insured for medical malpractice claims under a commercial claims-made policy. City Hospital management does not believe there are any unreported claims as of September 30, 2022, for which the City Hospital could be ultimately responsible if it did not renew its commercial claims-made policy.

Hospital net patient service revenues: The City Hospital is reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the City Hospital and audits by the Medicare Fiscal Intermediary and the Medicaid Program. Estimated settlements have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Utility Assistance: The City has internally designated approximately \$38,000 in the aggregate between the water, pollution control and refuse funds to be utilized for the City's utility assistance program. This program is managed by a third party not for profit.

Note 10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of litigation and casualties. The City is insured for automobile liability, general liability, property damage, health claims and workers' compensation through a commercial carrier. Claims did not exceed coverage for the year ended September 30, 2022, and for each of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11. Net Patient Service Revenue and Receivables

The City Hospital has agreements with third-party payers that provide payments to the City Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include:

Medicare: Inpatient acute care services and outpatient services and defined capital assets related to Medicare Program beneficiaries are paid on a cost reimbursement methodology. The Hospital is reimbursed for certain services at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital and audits thereof by the Medicare Administrative Contractor. Estimated settlements have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Medicaid: Inpatient and long-term care services rendered to Medicaid Program beneficiaries are reimbursed based upon a prospectively established per diem rate. Medicaid outpatient reimbursement is based on a prospective percentage payment rate determined from the fourth, fifth and sixth prior cost reports regressed forward.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 11. Net Patient Service Revenue and Receivables (Continued)

Approximately 51% of net patient service receivables are from participation in Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

The City Hospital has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the City Hospital under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

Note 12. Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. The details for the City's fund balance are as follows:

	General		munity Center Sales Tax	Com	munity Center Project	rant and eral Funds	Nonmajor Governmental		Total
Fund balances: Nonspendable:					,				
Prepaids Due from other funds Perpetual maintenance fund	\$ 228,698 69,294		- - -	\$	57,132 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 25,417 - 217,002	\$	311,247 69,294 217,002
Total nonspendable Restricted:	297,992		-		57,132	-	242,419		597,543
Debt service Assets held for sale Parks and recreation Capital projects Planning and development Public safety Cemetery maintenance Total restricted	131,447 		2,665,921		4,816,004 - - 4,816,004	- - - - - - - -	1,603,438 23,000 1,204,133 4,534,023 470,662 1,117,901 40,640 8,993,797		1,603,438 23,000 1,204,133 9,481,474 3,136,583 1,117,901 40,640 16,607,169
Unassigned	2,231,775	_				 (518,790)			1,712,985
Total fund balance	\$ 2,661,214	\$	2,665,921	\$	4,873,136	\$ (518,790)	\$ 9,236,216	\$ 1	18,917,697

Note 13. Tax Abatements

Chapter 100 bonds: The City enters into real and personal property tax abatement agreements with local businesses pursuant to Article VI, Section 27(b) of the Missouri Constitution, as amended, and Sections 100.010 to 100.200, inclusive, of the Missouri Revised Statues, as amended. Under this authority, municipalities may grant real and personal property tax abatements of up to 100% of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the City.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City did not have abated property taxes under this program.

Note 13. Tax Abatements (Continued)

Section 353 abatements: The Missouri Urban Redevelopment Corporation Law, Chapter 353, R.S.Mo., provides for the creation of a corporation to acquire, construct, maintain and operate redevelopment projects in areas determined by the City to be blighted. Pursuant to a Redevelopment Agreement with the City, real estate taxes on land may be frozen at the pre-improvement assessment on the land exclusive of improvements, with any taxes on improvements and increased value of land abated for up to 10 years. An additional abatement of up to 15 years of 50% of the taxes assessed on the true value of the land and improvements is also authorized. Abatement is conditional on completion of improvements specified in the Redevelopment Agreement to remediate blighting conditions.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City abated property taxes totaling \$41,533 under this program.

Tax increment financing: The Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, Sections 99.800 to 99.865, Revised Statutes of Missouri, as amended, makes available tax increment financing for redevelopment projects in certain areas determined by the governing body of a city to be a "blighted area," "conservation area," or "economic development area," each as defined in such Act. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City abated property taxes and sales taxes totaling \$187,680 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10% of the total amount abated.

A 50% sales tax increment abatement to offset the cost of public improvements in the Elms Hotel TIF district. This abatement totaled \$187,680.

Note 14. New Accounting Pronouncements

During 2022, the City Implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). As a lessor, the City recognizes a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources that will be recognized over the term of the lease in both the governmental and enterprise funds and the government-wide financial statements. Adoption of GASB 87 has no effect on the beginning net position or fund balances as of October 1, 2021, or on the previously reported change in net position or fund balances.

Note 15. Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The GASB has issued several statements that are not yet effective and have not yet been implemented by the City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri. The statements which might impact the City are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITA), issued May 2020, will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single approach to accounting for and reporting SBITA's by state and local governments. The Statement defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding subscription liability, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA.

Note 15. Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates and changes to or within the financial reporting entity. This statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements. This statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change and error corrections. This statement requires that changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This statement also requires disclosure in the notes to the financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections. Furthermore, this statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information and supplementary information. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, better meets the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not often provided. The disclosures will provide users with timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. As a result, users will have better information with which to understand and anticipate certain risks to a government's financial condition. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, improves five key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability:

- 1) Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) This statement requires that information presented in MD&A be limited to related topics discussed in five sections: 1) Overview of Financial Statements, 2) Financial Summary, 3) Detailed Analyses, 4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity and 5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions. MD&A should also explain why balances and results of operations changed and avoid unnecessary duplication by not repeating explanations that may be relevant to multiple sections. MD&A should continue to distinguish between the primary government and its discretely presented component units.
- 2) Unusual or Infrequent Items are described as transactions and other events that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. These items are required to be displayed separately as the last presented flow of resources prior to the net change in resource flows in government-wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund statements of resource flows.
- 3) Presentation of Proprietary Fund statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position should continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and provides additional guidance on determining nonoperating revenues and expenses. Additional subtotals are required to be presented to show a subtotal for "operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies" prior to reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses. Subsidies are defined within the statement.

Note 15. Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

- 4) Major Component Unit Information is required to be presented separately in the reporting entity's statement of net position and statement of activities if it does not reduce the readability of the statements. If readability is impacted, combining statements of major component units should be presented after the fund financial statements.
- 5) Budgetary Comparison Information is required to be presented as required supplementary information (RSI) and variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final and actual amounts are required to be presented. Explanation of significant difference must be presented in notes to the RSI.

The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2027.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, objective is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87 and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94 should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital asset note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96 should also be separately disclosed. Other intangible assets other than those three types should be disclosed separately by major class. This Statement also required additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale and requires governments to evaluate each reporting period to ensure it meets the criteria that the sale will be probable within one year of the financial statement date. Governments should disclose the ending balance of capital assets held for sale, with separate disclosure for historical cost and accumulated depreciation by major asset class and the carrying amount of debt for which the capital assets held for sales are pledged as collateral for each major asset class. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the Unified Government's fiscal year ending September 30, 2027.

The City's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the City's financial statements.

Note 16. Deficit Fund Balances

The Grant and Federal Funds and E-911 Phone Tax Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$518,790 and \$4,236, respectively, as of September 30, 2022. The City plans to correct these deficit balances through a transfer from the general fund.

Note 17. Subsequent Events

During September 2023, the City entered into a purchase and sale agreement with a developer to sell certain parcels of land adjacent to the City golf course for approximately \$660,000.

During October 2023, the City entered into an interfund loan with the City Hospital for up to \$500,000. This loan is to be made in \$125,000 increments. This loan shall carry a 0% interest rate and shall be repaid from operating revenue from the City Hospital.

During 2023, the Hospital entered into a sale-leaseback agreement. To fund this transaction, the Hospital entered into a \$1,000,000 promissory note with an unrelated financing organization bearing an initial interest rate of 7.0% to be payable starting in February 2023 with monthly payments of \$9,045 for 180 months. The note is secured by a first deed of trust in the off-campus property.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 17. Subsequent Events (Continued)

During 2023, the Hospital issued a \$816,000 promissory note with a local bank maturing on March 15, 2038. The note is payable in installments of \$7,245 and bears an interest rate of 6.8%. The note is collateralized by the deed of trust on certain property.

Subsequent to year-end, the Hospital entered into several financing transactions in order to assist with the purchase and installation of equipment and additions to its electronic medical records and information systems in 2024. Total assets financed include approximately \$3,290,000 in equipment information technology additions, and require repayments beginning in 2024, including one agreement with eight quarterly payments of approximately \$34,000 and three other agreements with monthly repayments between 36 and 60 months with monthly payments ranging between approximately \$22,000 and \$45,000 on each of the agreements.

Additionally, subsequent to year-end, the Hospital received notice from the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") that it was approved for a grant of approximately \$1,527,000 to assist with the after effects of the COVID-19 pandemic as well as other financial hardships that the Hospital continues to experience.

During June 2025, the City entered into an interfund loan with the City Hospital for up to \$500,000. This loan is to be repaid in full by December 31, 2025. This loan shall carry a 0% interest rate and shall be repaid from operating revenue from the City Hospital.

Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Local Government Employees Retirement System

Year ending September 30,		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability																
Service cost	\$	522,443	\$	526.068	\$	528.665	\$	498.878	\$	460.155	\$	446.644	\$	434.493	\$	431.807
Interest on the total pension liability		1,656,161		1,662,705		1,586,837		1,505,353	·	1,417,614	•	1,351,633		1,249,224	•	1,181,395
Difference between expected and actual experience		245,001		(29,473)		(274,722)		(66,459)		70,122		(255,996)		(331,590)		(113,475)
Assumption changes		-		(376,176)		-		-		-		-		664,219		-
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,284,595)		(834,378)		(753,132)		(901,259)		(617,124)		(659,806)		(561,468)		(569,339)
Net change in total pension liability		1,139,010		948,746		1,087,648		1,036,513		1,330,767		882,475		1,454,878		930,388
Total pension liability, beginning of year		24,034,072		23,085,326		21,997,678		20,961,165		19,630,398		18,747,923		17,293,045	1	16,362,657
Total pension liability, end of year	\$	25,173,082	\$	24,034,072	\$	23,085,326	\$	21,997,678	\$	20,961,165	\$	19,630,398	\$	18,747,923	\$ 1	17,293,045
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Contributions-employer	\$	441.864	Ф	438.197	Ф	399.410	œ	398.530	æ	379.081	Ф	376.341	¢	402.260	Ф	398.989
Pension plan net investment income	Ψ	26,877	Ψ	7,033,948	Ψ	320,987	Ψ	1,576,804	Ψ	2,679,267	Ψ	2,367,110	Ψ	(20,141)	Ψ	377,177
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,284,595)		(834,378)		(753,132)		(901,259)		(617,124)		(659,806)		(561,468)		(569,339)
Pension plan administrative expense		(30,272)		(26,704)		(34,821)		(30,544)		(20,998)		(19,131)		(18,674)		(20,039)
Other	_	438,759		62,498		(7,608)		(2,760)		(54,753)		87,439		34,240		222,869
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	¢	(407,367)	Ф	6,673,561	Φ.	(75,164)	¢	1.040.771	\$	2,365,473	\$	2.151.953	¢	(163,783)	¢	409.657
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	Ψ	31,749,024	Ψ	25,075,463	Ψ	25,150,627	Ψ	24,109,856	Ψ	21,744,383	Ψ	19,592,430	Ψ	19,756,213		19,346,556
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$		\$	31,749,024	\$	25,075,463	\$	25,150,627	\$	24,109,856	\$	21,744,383	\$			19,756,213
Employer net pension liability (asset)	\$	(6,168,575)	\$	(7,714,952)	\$	(1,990,137)	\$	(3,152,949)	\$	(3,148,691)	\$	(2,113,985)	\$	(844,507)	\$	(2,463,168)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the																
total pension liability		124.50%		132.10%		108.62%		114.33%		115.02%		110.77%		104.50%		114.24%
0		F F74 000		F 000 000		E 000 744		5 704 040		E 000 004		4 000 400		4.044.004		4.040.440
Covered payroll		5,574,892		5,686,983		5,690,714		5,764,846		5,368,891		4,962,128		4,941,881		4,849,449
Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of																
covered payroll		-110.65%		-135.66%		-34.97%		-54.69%		-58.65%		-42.60%		-17.09%		-50.79%

Ultimately 10 years will be displayed. Information for years prior to 2015 is not available; amounts presented for the year-end were determined as of June 30, the measurement date.

Note: Changes in assumptions -

In 2022, there were no changes in assumptions.

In 2021, wage inflation decreased from 3.25% to 2.75%, price inflation decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%. Salary increase assumption changed from 3.25%-6.55% to 2.75% to 6.75%. The discount rate also decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%.

In 2016, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from the changes in mortality table, inflation rate and salary increase.

Required Supplementary Information (unaudited) Schedule of City Contributions Local Government Employees Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

Year ending September 30,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 449,938	\$ 453,551	\$ 411,520	\$ 404,984	\$ 382,771	\$ 363,238	\$ 406,071	\$	455,474	\$ 482,541	\$ 473,717
determined contribution	 449,938	439,083	403,228	404,984	382,771	363,238	406,071		406,729	377,706	329,784
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 14,468	\$ 8,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	48,745	\$ 104,835	\$ 143,933
Covered payroll	\$ 5,887,321	\$ 5,940,636	\$ 5,864,905	\$ 5,863,517	\$ 5,528,875	\$ 5,183,599	\$ 5,154,055	\$ 4	1,844,249	\$ 4,826,467	\$ 4,734,325
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.64%	7.39%	6.88%	6.91%	6.92%	7.01%	7.88%		8.40%	7.83%	6.97%

Actuarial assumptions: See *Note 8* to the basic financial statements for summary of actuarial assumptions. There are no significant differences between the financial reporting assumptions and the actuarially determined contribution (funding) assumptions, except as follows:

Amortization method: A level percentage of payroll amortization is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years.

Remaining amortization period: Multiple bases from nine to 15 years.

Asset valuation method: 5-year smoothed market, 20% corridor.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Pro Capital provements	•	ransportation Trust	-	Debt Service Fund	Р	ermanent Fund, Cemetery		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets												
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	\$	2,141,250	\$	2,671,973	\$	2,225,687	\$	1,676,629	\$	47,712	\$	8,763,251
Property taxes		626,135		-		-		-		-		626,135
Due from other governments		133,571		111,192		106,485		-		-		351,248
Prepaid items		25,239		-		-		-		178		25,417
Assets held for sale		-		23,000		-		-		-		23,000
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		568,669		-		-		-		15,326		583,995
Restricted investments		-		-		-		-		201,676		201,676
Total assets	\$	3,494,864	\$	2,806,165	\$	2,332,172	\$	1,676,629	\$	264,892	\$	10,574,722
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance												
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	53,109	\$	61,716	\$	515,918	\$	_	\$	7,072	\$	637,815
Due to other funds	*	-	*	-	•	-		73,191	•	-,	*	73,191
Unearned revenue		600		_		_		-		_		600
Total liabilities		53,709		61,716		515,918		73,191		7,072		711,606
Deferred inflows of resources,												
unavailable revenue—property taxes		626,900		-		-		-		-		626,900
Fund balance:												
Nonspendable		25,239		-		_		-		217,180		242,419
Restricted		2,789,016		2,744,449		1,816,254		1,603,438		40,640		8,993,797
Total fund balance		2,814,255		2,744,449		1,816,254		1,603,438		257,820		9,236,216
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balance	\$	3,494,864	\$	2,806,165	\$	2,332,172	\$	1,676,629	\$	264,892	\$	10,574,722

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances—Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

				Capital Pro	jects	Funds						Total
		Special Revenue Funds	lm	Capital provements	Tra	ansportation Trust		Debt Service Fund		Permanent Fund, Cemetery		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	\$	2,393,792	\$	1,178,717	\$	1,124,822	¢		\$		\$	4,697,331
Intergovernmental	φ	98,049	φ	1,170,717	φ	1,124,022	φ	_	φ	-	φ	98,049
Charges for services		1,300,685		_		_		_		76,826		1,377,511
Investment earnings		18,592		9,279		5,358		8,837		487		42,553
Miscellaneous		113,157		-		-		-		-		113,157
Total revenues		3,924,275		1,187,996		1,130,180		8,837		77,313		6,328,601
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government		604		150,936		454		-		-		151,994
Public works		-		-		62,034		-		-		62,034
Public safety		149,929		-		-		-		-		149,929
Recreational activities		2,558,007		-		-		-		-		2,558,007
Cemetery operations		.		-		-		-		87,684		87,684
Community betterment		119,083		-		<u>-</u>		-		-		119,083
Capital outlay		537,764		352,140		895,032		-		-		1,784,936
Debt service:								4 470 000				4 470 000
Principal		-		-		=		1,170,000		-		1,170,000
Interest Trustee fees		-		-		-		563,067 5,123		-		563,067 5,123
Total expenditures		3,365,387		503,076		957,520		1,738,190		87,684		6,651,857
rotai experiultures	-	3,303,361		505,076		937,320		1,730,190		67,004		0,031,637
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		558,888		684,920		172,660		(1,729,353)		(10,371)		(323,256)
Other financing sources (uses):												
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		42,700		_		_		_		_		42,700
Transfers in		1,008,887		_		_		1,999,306		_		3,008,193
Transfers out		(833,979)		(399,360)		(12,000)		, , , <u>-</u>		(16,440)		(1,261,779)
Total other financing sources (uses)		217,608		(399,360)		(12,000)		1,999,306		(16,440)		1,789,114
Net change in fund balances		776,496		285,560		160,660		269,953		(26,811)		1,465,858
Fund balances, beginning		2,037,759		2,458,889		1,655,594		1,333,485		284,631		7,770,358
Fund balances, ending	\$	2,814,255	\$	2,744,449	\$	1,816,254	\$	1,603,438	\$	257,820	\$	9,236,216

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds September 30, 2022

Assets		E-911 none Tax	F	x Increment Financing- Paradise Playhouse		ublic Safety Sales Tax		Equitable Sharing		Tax Increment Financing- Elms Hotel		Tax Increment Financing- Vintage Development II		Parks and Recreation
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	4.858	\$	942,533	\$	75,447	\$	147,723	\$	635,790	\$	309,032
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles,	Ψ		Ψ	4,000	Ψ	342,000	Ψ	70,447	Ψ	147,720	Ψ	000,700	Ψ	000,002
property taxes		-		42		-		-		2		-		626,091
Due from other governments		-		-		106,479		=		=		=		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		=		=		8,140
Restricted cash and cash equivalents				-		-		-		-		-		8,076
Total assets	\$		\$	4,900	\$	1,049,012	\$	75,447	\$	147,725	\$	635,790	\$	951,339
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue	\$	4,236	\$	-	\$	6,558	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,177
Total liabilities		4,236		-		6,558		-		-		-		5,177
Deferred inflows of resources, unavailable revenue -														
property taxes		-		42		-		-		-		-		626,858
Fund balance (deficit):														0.440
Nonspendable Restricted		(4,236)		4,858		1,042,454		- 75,447		147,725		635.790		8,140 311,164
Nestricted	-	(4,236)		4,858		1,042,454		75,447		147,725		635,790		319,304
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		(4,200)		7,000		1,0-72,-10-1		73,447		141,120		555,750		010,004
and fund balance	\$	-	\$	4,900	\$	1,049,012	\$	75,447	\$	147,725	\$	635,790	\$	951,339

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued) September 30, 2022

	Community Center Operating	Tax Increment Financing- Golf Course	V	Valmart/Elms Revenue	Fax Increment Financing- Vintage Development	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowance	\$ 8,399	\$ -	\$	556	\$ 16,912	\$ 2,141,250
for uncollectibles, property taxes	-	-		-	-	626,135
Due from other governments	-	-		-	27,092	133,571
Prepaid items	17,099			-	-	25,239
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 500,000	60,593			-	568,669
Total assets	\$ 525,498	\$ 60,593	\$	556	\$ 44,004	\$ 3,494,864
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 37,138	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 53,109
Unearned revenue	 600	-		-	-	600
Total liabilities	 37,738				-	53,709
Deferred inflows of resources, unavailable						
revenue—property taxes	 	-		-	-	626,900
Fund balance:						
Nonspendable	17,099	-		-	-	25,239
Restricted	 470,661	60,593		556	44,004	2,789,016
	487,760	60,593		556	44,004	2,814,255
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 525,498	\$ 60,593	\$	556	\$ 44,004	\$ 3,494,864

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	E-911 Phone Tax	Fin Pa	Increment nancing- aradise ayhouse	blic Safety ales Tax	Equitable Sharing	Tax Increment Financing- Elms Hotel	Tax Increment Financing- Vintage Development II	Parks and Recreation
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 29,816	\$	4,722	\$ 1,124,733	\$ -	\$ 109,692	\$ 366,954	\$ 726,415
Intergovernmental	-		-	-	-	70,248	-	27,801
Charges for services	-		-	-	-	-	-	52,831
Investment earnings	-		-	4,567	-	-	-	10,986
Miscellaneous			-	-	-	-	-	91,757
Total revenues	29,816		4,722	1,129,300	-	179,940	366,954	909,790
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	65		-	539	-	-	-	-
Public safety	56,094		-	74,662	18,100	-	1,073	-
Recreational activities	-		-	-	-	-	-	782,148
Community development	-		_	-	-	40,720	3,875	74,456
Capital outlay	-		-	492,669	-	-	-	45,095
Total expenditures	56,159		-	567,870	18,100	40,720	4,948	901,699
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(26,343)	4,722	561,430	(18,100)	139,220	362,006	8,091
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		_	42,700	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	18,679		_	· -	_	11,890	-	308,288
Transfers out	-		-	(612,667)	-	(2,400)	(4,800)	(22,544)
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,679		-	(569,967)	-	9,490	(4,800)	285,744
Net change in fund balance	(7,664)	4,722	(8,537)	(18,100)	148,710	357,206	293,835
Fund balances, beginning	3,428		136	1,050,991	93,547	(985)	278,584	25,469
Fund balances (deficits), ending	\$ (4,236) \$	4,858	\$ 1,042,454	\$ 75,447	\$ 147,725	\$ 635,790	\$ 319,304

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2022

		munity Center Operating	Inc Fina	Tax rement ancing- Course	Walmart/Elms Revenue		Tax Increment Financing- Vintage Development		Total
Revenues: Taxes	•		•	4.000	•		Φ 07.000	Φ.	0.000.700
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	4,368	\$	-	\$ 27,092	Ъ	2,393,792 98,049
Charges for services		1,247,854		-		-	-		1,300,685
Investment earnings		2,889		150		_	-		18,592
Miscellaneous		21,400		-		_	_		113,157
Total revenues		1,272,143		4,518		-	27,092		3,924,275
Expenditures: Current:									
General government		_		_		-	-		604
Public safety		-		-		-	-		149,929
Recreational activities		1,775,859		-		-	-		2,558,007
Community development		-		32		-	-		119,083
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-		537,764
Total expenditures		1,775,859		32		-	-		3,365,387
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures	-	(503,716)		4,486		-	27,092		558,888
Other financing sources (uses):									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		-	-		42,700
Transfers in		572,278		97,752		-	-		1,008,887
Transfers out		(93,816)		(97,752)		-	-		(833,979)
Total other financing sources (uses)		478,462		-		-	-		217,608
Net change in fund balance		(25,254)		4,486		-	27,092		776,496
Fund balances, beginning		513,014		56,107	556	6	16,912		2,037,759
Fund balances, ending	\$	487,760	\$	60,593	\$ 556	6	\$ 44,004	\$	2,814,255

		E-911 Phone Budget	e Tax Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Taxes Investment earnings	\$	33,000 \$ 24	, <u>-</u>	\$ (3,184) (24)
Total revenues		33,024	29,816	(3,208)
Expenditures: Current:				
General government		50	65	15
Public safety		47,800	56,094	8,294
Total expenditures		47,850	56,159	8,309
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(14,826)	(26,343)	(11,517)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)		15,500 15,500	18,679 18,679	3,179 3,179
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	674	(7,664)	\$ (8,338)
Fund balances, beginning		_	3,428	
Fund balances, ending		9	(4,236)	

			Financing yhouse	Variance wit	n	Public Safet	ty S	ales Tax	Va	riance with	Equitat	ole SI	haring	Variance with
	Budget		Actual	Final Budge	t	Budget		Actual	Fir	nal Budget	Budget		Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:						<u> </u>								
Taxes	\$	- \$	4,722	\$ 4,72	2 \$	1,131,756	\$	1,124,733	\$	(7,023) \$		- \$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-		-			-		=	-		_	=
Investment earnings		-	-		-	9,000		4,567		(4,433)			-	-
Total revenues		-	4,722	4,72	2	1,140,756		1,129,300		(11,456)		-	=	-
Expenditures:														
Current:														
General government		_	-		-	700		539		(161)	-	-	-	-
Public safety		_	-		-	135,345		74,662		(60,683)	44,250)	18,100	(26,150)
Community betterment:						,-		,		(,,	,		-,	(-,,
Community development		-	-		-	-		-		-		-	-	-
Community outlay		-	-		-	447,000		492,669		45,669		-	_	
Total expenditures		-	-		-	583,045		567,870		(15,175)	44,250)	18,100	(26,150)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over														
expenditures		-	4,722	4,72	2	557,711		561,430		3,719	(44,250	J)	(18,100)	26,150
Other financing sources (uses):														
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_	_		_	42,700		42,700		_		_	_	-
Transfers in		_	_		_			,. 00		_		-	_	_
Transfers out		_	_		_	(632,264)		(612,667)		19,597		-	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		-	(589,564)		(569,967)		19,597			-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$		4,722	\$ 4,72	2 \$	(31,853)	=	(8,537)	\$	23,316 \$	(44,250	<u>))</u>	(18,100)_	\$ 26,150
Fund balances, beginning			136	<u>-</u>				1,050,991				_	93,547	
Fund balances, ending		\$	4,858	_			\$	1,042,454				\$	75,447	

	Tax Increment Financing Elms Hotel Variance wit											
			Hote			iance with						
Revenues:		Budget		Actual	Fin	al Budget						
Taxes	\$	150,000	\$	109,692	\$	(40,308)						
Intergovernmental revenues Investment earnings		-		70,248		70,248						
Total revenues		150,000		179,940		29,940						
Expenditures:												
Current: General government		_		_		-						
Public safety Community betterment:		-		-		-						
Community development		175,000		40,720		(134,280)						
Community outlay Total expenditures		175,000		40,720		(134,280)						
		-,		-,		, - , ,						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(25,000)		139,220		164,220						
Other financing sources (uses):												
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in		10,000		- 11,890		- 1,890						
Transfers out		(2,400)		(2,400)		<u> </u>						
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,600		9,490		1,890						
Net change in fund balance	\$	(17,400)	•	148,710	\$	166,110						
Fund balances, beginning				(985)	•							
Fund balances, ending			\$	147,725	:							

		Tax Increme Vintage De			Var	iance with	Parks and	Rec	reation	Var	iance with
		Budget	10.0	Actual		al Budget	Budget		Actual		al Budget
Revenues:		9 - :									
Taxes	\$	407,749	\$	366,954	\$	(40,795) \$	720,773	\$	726,415	\$	5,642
Intergovernmental revenues		-		=		-	25,000		27,801		2,801
Charges for services		-		-		-	56,172		52,831		(3,341)
Investment earnings		_		-		_	2,000		10,986		8,986
Miscellaneous		-		-		-	94,409		91,757		(2,652)
Total revenues		407,749		366,954		(40,795)	898,354		909,790		11,436
Expenditures: Current:											
General government		_		_		_	_		_		_
Public safety		_		1,073		1,073	_		_		_
Recreational activities		_		1,075		1,075	1,188,919		782,148		(406,771)
Community betterment:		_		_		_	1,100,313		702,140		(400,771)
Community development				3,875		3,875			74,456		74,456
Health and welfare		_		3,073		3,073	59,805		74,430		(59,805)
Community outlay		_		_		-	39,003		45,095		45,095
Total expenditures		-		4,948		4,948	1,248,724		901,699		(347,025)
rotal expenditures	-			4,340		4,940	1,240,724		301,033		(347,023)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
expenditures		407,749		362,006		(45,743)	(350,370)		8,091		358,461
Other financing sources (uses):											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_		_		_	_		_		_
Transfers in		_		-		_	310,000		308,288		(1,712)
Transfers out		(2,400)		(4,800)		(2,400)	-		(22,544)		(22,544)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,400)		(4,800)		(2,400)	310,000		285,744		(24,256)
Net change in fund balance	\$	405,349	=	357,206	\$	(48,143) \$	(40.370)	=	293,835	\$	334,205
Fund balances, beginning				278,584					25,469		
Fund balances, ending			\$	635,790				\$	319,304		

	Tax Increi								nt F	inancing		
	Community Center Operating			Va	ariance with		Golf C	Variance with				
		Budget		Actual	Fi	inal Budget		Budget	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,000	\$	4,368	\$	(1,632)
Charges for services		1,541,546		1,247,854		(293,692)		-		-		-
Investment earnings		-		2,889		2,889		120		150		30
Miscellaneous		-		21,400		21,400		-		-		
Total revenues		1,541,546		1,272,143		(269,403)		6,120		4,518		(1,602)
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-				-
Recreational activities		1,731,142		1,775,859		44,717		-				-
Community betterment:												
Community development		-		-		-		25		32		7
Community outlay		_		-		-				-		
Total expenditures		1,731,142		1,775,859		44,717		25		32		7
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
expenditures		(189,596)		(503,716)		(314,120)		6,095		4,486		(1,609)
Other financing sources (uses):												
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		_		-		_		_		_
Transfers in		300,000		572,278		272,278		100,000		97,752		(2,248)
Transfers out		(93,816)		(93,816)		· -		(100,000)		(97,752)		2,248
Total other financing sources (uses)		206,184		478,462		272,278		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance	\$	16,588	=	(25,254)	\$	(41,842)	\$	6,095		4,486	\$	(1,609)
Fund balances, beginning				513,014						56,107		
Fund balances, ending			\$	487,760	:				\$	60,593		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances— Nonmajor Debt Service Fund—Budget to Actual Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Debt Service					Variance with		
	Budget			Actual	Fin	al Budget		
Revenues, investment earnings	\$	3,000	\$	8,837	\$	5,837		
Expenditures, debt service:								
Principal		1,170,000		1,170,000		-		
Interest		563,068		563,067		(1)		
Trustee fees		1,500		5,123		3,623		
Total expenditures		1,734,568		1,738,190		3,622		
(Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,731,568)		(1,729,353)		2,215		
Other financing sources, transfers in		1,999,306		1,999,306				
Net change in fund balance	\$	267,738	ł	269,953	\$	2,215		
Fund balances, beginning				1,333,485				
Fund balances, ending			\$	1,603,438				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances— Nonmajor Capital Improvements Funds—Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2022

		Capital Im Budget	prov	ements Actual		riance with nal Budget	Transport Budget	atio	n Trust Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Taxes Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$	1,185,741 7,500	\$	1,178,717 9,279	\$	(7,024) \$ 1,779	1,131,846 5,000	\$	1,124,822 5,358	
Total revenues		1,193,241		1,187,996		(5,245)	1,136,846		1,130,180	(6,666)
Expenditures: Current: General government Public works Public safety Recreational activities Community betterment: Community development Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	160,093 - - - - 360,000 520,093		150,936 - - - - 352,140 503,076		(9,157) - - - (7,860) (17,017)	400 62,034 - - - 895,032 957,466		454 62,034 - - - 895,032 957,520	54 - - - - - 54
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		673,148		684,920		11,772	179,380		172,660	(6,720)
Other financing sources (uses), transfers in Other financing sources (uses), transfers out		- (399,361)		- (399,360)		1	- (18,850)		- (12,000)	- 6,850
Net change in fund balance	\$	273,787	=	285,560	\$	11,773 \$	160,530	=	160,660	\$ 130
Fund balances, beginning				2,458,889	_				1,655,594	
Fund balances, ending			\$	2,744,449	=			\$	1,816,254	

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds September 30, 2022

	Golf	Airport	Refuse		Total
Assets					
Current assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$ 75,457	\$ -	\$ 321,	712 \$	397,169
for uncollectibles Prepaid items	- 4,898	300	116,4	435 -	116,735 4,898
Total current assets	80,355	300	438,	147	518,802
Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset Capital assets:	-	-	19,	014	19,014
Land	155,688	50,000		-	205,688
Land improvements	1,521,127	25,000		-	1,546,127
Buildings and improvements Operating equipment	1,824,083 649,483	107,718 552,145		-	1,931,801 1,201,628
Furniture and office equipment	16,050	10,950		_	27,000
Total capital assets	4,166,431	745,813		-	4,912,244
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,362,399)	(279,119)		-	(2,641,518)
Net capital assets	 1,804,032	466,694		-	2,270,726
Total noncurrent assets	1,804,032	466,694	19,0	014	2,289,740
Total assets	 1,884,387	466,994	457,	161	2,808,542
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related amounts	-	_		716	716
Liabilities					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenues Compensated absences Total current liabilities	 204 15,025 19,801 35,030	287 - - 287		823 - 783 606	3,314 15,025 20,584 38,923
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due to other funds	-	69,294		-	69,294
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	69,294		-	69,294
Total liabilities	35,030	69,581	3,0	606	108,217
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension related amounts			3,	557	3,557
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for pension Unrestricted	1,804,032 - 45,325	466,694 - (69,281)	19,0 431,		2,270,726 19,014 407,744
Total net position	\$ 1,849,357	\$ 397,413	\$ 450,		2,697,484

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Golf	Airport	Refuse	Total
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,081,892 \$	т	1,090,019 \$	2,171,911
Rental income	-	13,807	-	13,807
Other	7,834	-	47,334	55,168
Total operating revenues	 1,089,726	13,807	1,137,353	2,240,886
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	656,565	-	56,931	713,496
Contractual and professional services	346,211	4,189	910,776	1,261,176
Utilities	10,761	4,726	15,185	30,672
Maintenance and repairs	51,282	-	-	51,282
Depreciation	 126,502	28,823	-	155,325
Total operating expenses	 1,191,321	37,738	982,892	2,211,951
Operating income (loss)	(101,595)	(23,931)	154,461	28,935
Nonoperating revenue, investment earnings	 1,285	4	2,036	3,325
Income (loss) before transfers	 (100,310)	(23,927)	156,497	32,260
Transfers in	_	70.874	_	70,874
Transfers out	(16,393)	(15,400)	(52,393)	(84,186)
	(16,393)	55,474	(52,393)	(13,312)
Change in net position	(116,703)	31,547	104,104	18,948
Total net position, beginning	 1,966,060	365,866	346,610	2,678,536
Total net position, ending	\$ 1,849,357 \$	397,413 \$	450,714 \$	2,697,484

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Custodial Funds September 30, 2022

	Hospital	spital Road District		Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$ 1,522,321 160	\$	538,877 \$ -	2,061,198 160
	1,522,481		538,877	2,061,358
Liabilities				
Due to other governments	 1,522,481		-	1,522,481
Net position - restricted	\$ 	\$	538,877 \$	538,877

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position—Custodial Funds Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Hospital	R	oad District	Total	
Additions					
Taxes	\$ 357,087	\$	212,772 \$	569,859	
Deductions					
Payments to other organizations	357,087		419,469	776,556	
Change in net position Net position - beginning of year Net position - end of year	\$ - - -	\$	(206,697) 745,574 538,877 \$	(206,697) 745,574 538,877	

Statistical Section Contents

The statistical section of the City's annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

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Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	73 - 78
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader	79 - 84
assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the	
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of	85 - 88
outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt	
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	89 - 90
·	
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and	91 - 97

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental Activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 14,653,459	\$ 13,799,025	\$ 16,967,781	\$ 16,001,600	\$ 14,311,258	\$ 13,573,340	\$ 11,483,939	\$ 11,267,885	\$ 12,098,483	\$ 13,588,536
Restricted	8,367,261	9,073,288	8,857,748	9,618,400	10,161,087	9,155,692	8,330,815	11,522,782	17,244,754	16,524,552
Unrestricted	1,966,343	1,779,260	4,424,070	5,075,521	5,420,970	4,979,302	5,786,939	3,882,854	(859,371)	2,033,295
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 24,987,063	\$ 24,651,573	\$ 30,249,599	\$ 30,695,521	\$ 29,893,315	\$ 27,708,334	\$ 25,601,693	\$ 26,673,521	\$ 28,483,866	\$ 32,146,383
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,496,124	\$ 10,399,991	\$ 11,011,064	\$ 12,795,611	\$ 12,146,625	\$ 12,156,978	\$ 14,205,033	\$ 13,168,479	\$ 14,057,029	\$ 15,431,503
Restricted	-	-	-	122,500	122,500	-	-	246,434	776,126	633,790
Unrestricted	3,138,388	3,766,529	3,439,513	1,984,826	818,989	532,814	(863,686)	504,950	2,501,160	3,289,206
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 14,634,512	\$ 14,166,520	\$ 14,450,577	\$ 14,902,937	\$ 13,088,114	\$ 12,689,792	\$ 13,341,347	\$ 13,919,863	\$ 17,334,315	\$ 19,354,499
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,149,583	\$ 24,199,016	\$ 27,978,845	\$ 28,797,211	\$ 26,457,883	\$ 25,730,318	\$ 25,688,972	\$ 24,436,364	\$ 26,155,512	\$ 29,020,039
Restricted	8,367,261	9,073,288	8,857,748	9,740,900	10,283,587	9,155,692	8,330,815	11,769,216	18,020,880	17,158,342
Unrestricted	5,104,731	5,545,789	7,863,583	7,060,347	6,239,959	5,512,116	4,923,253	4,387,804	1,641,789	5,322,501
Total primary government net position	\$ 39,621,575	\$ 38,818,093	\$ 44,700,176	\$ 45,598,458	\$ 42,981,429	\$ 40,398,126	\$ 38,943,040	\$ 40,593,384	\$ 45,818,181	\$ 51,500,882

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$ 1,371,894	\$ 1,335,488	\$ 1,172,839	\$ 1,325,896	\$ 1,495,888	\$ 1,130,752	\$ 1,486,458	\$ 1,420,359	\$ 1,633,010	\$ 1,590,523
Public Safety	5,437,030	5,524,073	5,401,800	6,091,952	5,778,060	5,824,712	6,176,795	6,511,024	5,839,453	5,843,319
Transportation	186,189	183,239	154,093	161,427	160,016	168,448	190,561	248,064	_	· · · · ·
Public Works	2,016,591	2,108,427	1,805,277	1,675,382	3,085,897	3,264,980	1,614,026	1,575,030	2,695,527	1,827,230
Health and Welfare	59,570	64,496	64,079	64,565	54,135	55,800	60,714	50,486	_,	.,,
Recreational Activities	764,780	874,303	741,344	984,156	2,745,628	2,803,514	2,894,055	2,670,278	2,891,625	3,779,957
Cemetery Operations	48,599	37,375	48,667	48,570	48,586	38,619	42,130	44,252	46,325	87,684
	2,289,384	1,817,201	2,134,161	2,375,044	2,371,799	3,918,929	2,290,159	579,759	1,175,203	838,076
Community Betterment										
Interest on long-term debt	44,116 12,218,153	353,700 12,298,302	648,826 12,171,086	669,999 13,396,991	657,221 16,397,230	650,627 17,856,381	673,408 15,428,306	634,332 13,733,584	1,035,109	567,933 14,534,722
Total governmental activities expenses	12,210,133	12,290,302	12,171,000	13,390,991	10,397,230	17,000,001	13,426,306	13,733,364	15,510,252	14,554,722
Business-type activities:										
Water	2,518,433	3,024,878	2,996,381	3,895,403	4,497,953	3,941,725	3,972,284	3,900,182	3,075,099	3,351,992
Sewer 0 16	2,591,028	3,258,762	3,524,472	3,606,317	3,767,632	3,717,691	3,883,746	3,986,299	3,093,070	3,117,666
Golf	781,813	756,811	871,239	840,019	895,123	950,714	1,348,952	1,108,141	1,112,769	1,191,321
Airport Refuse	41,414 719,793	40,434 746,090	40,140 765,426	36,932 803,943	56,563 842,818	52,730 875,188	46,104 932,376	38,676 925,568	38,644 937,488	37,738 982,892
Total business-type activities expenses	6,652,481	7,826,975	8.197.658	9.182.614	10.060.089	9,538,048	10,183,462	9,958,866	8,257,070	8,681,609
Total primary government expenses	18,870,634	20,125,277	20,368,744	22,579,605	26,457,319	27,394,429	25,611,768	23,692,450	23,573,322	23,216,331
Program revenue:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services: General Government	119,951	327.086	123,734	204,620	119,852	146,473	141,274	147.240	144,021	147.489
Public Safety	1,293,890	438,417	1,112,252	883,097	1,170,658	1,215,641	1,300,600	987,888	1,025,375	1,245,183
Transportation	58,240	37,018	36,281	20,949	20,635	18,054	21,515	307,000	1,023,373	1,243,103
Public Works	220,923	349,308	286,285	368,830	201,290	425,384	229,193	283,962	310,966	312,733
Recreational Activities	82,755	66,540	76,786	66,552	948,338	1,256,209	1,251,292	893,154	970,324	1,300,685
Cemetery Operations	41,767	51,695	54,188	44,605	39,475	31,751	54,076	59,629	84,165	74,255
Community Betterment	52,471	66,326	56,334	-	-	111,061	67,019	231,382	-	-
Operating grants and contributions:										
Public Safety	38,552	52,227	170,491 62,949	48,655	3,243	1,110	2,747	672,547	87,893	7,306
Transportation Public Works	59,067 738,211	65,611 438,439	461,984	74,387 531,828	66,879 479,284	78,902 552,685	91,591 567,894	140,504 542,359	1,745,902	889,528
Health and Welfare	19,650	21,067	20.726	20,460	19.430	16,500	28,518	23,175	1,743,802	009,320
Recreational Activities	-	10,129	-	-	28,091	2,000	-	20,170	_	_
Community Betterment	94,597	-	49,174	15,795	6,369	4,839	-	-	408,269	103,315
Capital grants and contributions:										
Public Safety	-		-	-	-	55,858	174,405	-	-	-
Transportation	-	41,335	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works Community center activities	-	-	-	125,000	125,000	-	-	-	-	694,935 308,288
Recreational Activities	304.485			123,000	123,000					300,200
Total governmental activities program revenue	3,124,559	1,965,198	2,511,184	2,404,778	3,228,544	3,916,467	3,930,124	3,981,840	4,776,915	5,083,717
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	3,153,647	3,119,696	3,272,647	3,395,406	3,362,927	3,458,759	3,365,086	4,408,773	4,477,971	4,527,183
Sewer	2,159,835	2,200,706	2,704,128	2,882,569	2,931,632	3,318,675	3,776,791	3,808,660	3,700,026	3,771,469
Golf	582,958	582,576	675,080	687,269	692,138	619,465	899,474	913,493	1,043,458	1,089,726
Airport	19,691	19,159	25,631	17,084	19,609	14,381	10,740	11,922	11,872	13,807
Refuse	730,014	765,664	793,364	829,090	870,918	889,374	899,407	1,089,482	1,091,079	1,137,353
Operating/capital grants and contributions:									005 550	040.074
Sewer Golf	14,916	27,128	9,691	26,012	13,452	5,788	7,688	1,406	805,553	218,374
Airport	14,916	21,128	9,091	26,012 447,074	13,452	5,788	7,088	1,406	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenue	6,661,061	6,714,929	7,480,541	8,284,504	7,890,676	8,306,442	8,959,186	10,233,736	11,129,959	10,757,912
Total primary government program revenue	9,785,620	8,680,127	9,991,725	10,689,282	11,119,220	12,222,909	12,889,310	14,215,576	15,906,874	15,841,629
Net (expense) revenue:	3,703,020	0,000,127	5,551,125	10,005,202	11,115,220	12,222,309	12,005,310	14,213,376	13,300,074	10,041,029
Governmental activities	(9,093,594)	(10,333,104)	(9,659,902)	(10,992,213)	(13,168,686)	(13,939,914)	(11,498,182)	(9,751,744)	(10,539,337)	(9,451,005)
Business-type activities	8,580	(1,112,046)	(717,117)	(898,110)	(2,169,413)	(1,231,606)	(1,224,276)	274,870	2,872,889	2,076,303
Total primary government net expense	(9,085,014)	(11,445,150)	(10,377,019)	(11,890,323)	(15,338,099)	(15,171,520)	(12,722,458)	(9,476,874)	(7,666,448)	(7,374,702)

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	1,983,116	2,032,641	2,146,128	2,075,669	2,089,248	2,113,038	1,826,079	1,884,052	2,027,186	2,048,639
General sales and use tax	5,651,326	5,658,413	7,289,398	7,742,792	7,740,509	7,620,850	6,772,137	7,021,672	7,776,384	8,434,293
Franchise tax	1,608,499	1,531,495	1,467,003	1,395,566	1,371,129	1,464,533	1,280,479	1,192,458	1,169,365	1,285,932
Cigarette tax	120,186	118,377	117,491	117,986	112,152	101,018	108,286	108,797	98,729	85,609
Railroad and Utility/Financial Institution Tax	51,067	54,065	64,086	58,900	69,922	62,333	97,884	136,202	84,771	103,815
Grants from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		402,859	520,950
Interest and investment earnings	116,863	95,983	254,996	209,335	224,236	139,163	170,314	121,175	86,884	98,593
Miscellaneous	143,056	268,100	228,781	388,803	327,290	273,752	249,452	305,561	312,706	409,856
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	41,500	171,119	18,688	21,097	32,681	38,970	17,700	41,648	42,944
Transfers	(538,200)	197,040	294,709	(569,604)	410,897	(52,435)	(1,179,278)	35,955	(520,647)	82,890
Total governmental activities	9,135,913	9,997,614	12,033,711	11,438,135	12,366,480	11,754,933	9,364,323	10,823,572	11,479,885	13,113,521
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	929,984	841,094	799,951	780,866	765,487	780,849	696,553	339,601	20,916	26,771
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	15,000	-	31,955	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	538,200	(197,040)	(294,709)	569,604	(410,897)	52,435	1,179,278	(35,955)	520,647	(82,890)
Total business-type activities	1,483,184	644,054	537,197	1,350,470	354,590	833,284	1,875,831	303,646	541,563	(56,119)
Total primary government	10,619,097	10,641,668	12,570,908	12,788,605	12,721,070	12,588,217	11,240,154	11,127,218	12,021,448	13,057,402
Changes in net position:										
Governmental activities	42,319	(335,490)	2,373,809	445,922	(802,206)	(2,184,981)	(2,133,859)	1,071,828	940,548	3,662,517
Business-type activities	1,491,764	(467,992)	(179,920)	452,360	(1,814,823)	(398,322)	651,555	578,516	3,414,452	2,020,184
Total primary government	\$ 1,534,083	\$ (803,482)	\$ 2,193,889	\$ 898,282	\$ (2,617,029)	\$ (2,583,303)	\$ (1,482,304)	\$ 1,650,344	\$ 4,355,000	\$ 5,682,701

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities:										
General government	119,951	327,086	123,734	204,620	119,852	146,473	141,274	147,240	144,021	147,489
Public Safety	1,332,442	490,644	1,282,743	931,752	1,173,901	1,216,751	1,477,752	1,660,435	1,113,268	1,252,489
Transportation	117,307	143,964	99,230	95,336	87,514	96,956	113,106	140,504	-	-
Public works	959,134	787,747	748,269	900,658	680,574	978,069	797,087	826,321	2,056,868	1,897,196
Health and Welfare	19,650	21,067	20,726	20,460	19,430	16,500	28,518	23,175	· · · · -	-
Cemetery operations	41,767	51,695	54,188	44,605	39,475	31,751	54,076	59,629	84,165	74,255
Community Center Activities	· -	-	-	-	125,000	-	-	-	· <u>-</u>	-
Recreational Activities	387,240	76,669	76,786	66,552	976,429	1,258,209	1,251,292	893,154	970,324	1,300,685
Community Betterment	147,068	66,326	105,508	15,795	6,369	115,900	67,019	231,382	408,269	411,603
Total governmental activities	3,124,559	1,965,198	2,511,184	2,279,778	3,228,544	3,860,609	3,930,124	3,981,840	4,776,915	5,083,717
Business-type activities:										
Water	3,153,647	3,119,696	3,272,647	3,395,406	3,362,927	3,458,759	3,365,086	4,408,773	4,477,971	4,527,183
Sewer	2,159,835	2,200,706	2,704,128	2,882,569	2,931,632	3,318,675	3,776,791	3,808,660	4,505,579	3,989,843
Golf	582,958	582,576	675,080	1,134,343	705,590	625,253	907,162	914,899	1,043,458	1,089,726
Airport	19,691	19,159	25,631	17,084	19,609	14,381	10,740	11,922	11,872	13,807
Refuse	730,014	765,664	793,364	829,090	870,918	889,374	899,407	1,089,482	1,091,079	1,137,353
Total business-type activities	6,646,145	6,687,801	7,470,850	8,258,492	7,890,676	8,306,442	8,959,186	10,233,736	11,129,959	10,757,912
Total government	9,770,704	8,652,999	9,982,034	10,538,270	11,119,220	12,167,051	12,889,310	14,215,576	15,906,874	15,841,629

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	_	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund											
Nonspendable	\$	332,332	\$ 266,296	\$ 1,208,562	\$ 1,526,634	\$ 1,774,056	\$ 2,139,029	\$ 1,537,492	\$ 1,701,485	\$ 428,602	\$ 297,992
Restricted		352,292	372,229	367,964	377,822	354,850	365,912	375,885	130,843	148,039	131,447
Unassigned		2,530,112	2,409,377	2,138,743	1,747,484	1,755,997	1,822,760	1,858,643	2,272,348	2,090,594	2,231,775
Total General Fund		3,214,736	3,047,902	3,715,269	3,651,940	3,884,903	4,327,701	3,772,020	4,104,676	2,667,235	2,661,214
All Other Governmental Funds:											
Nonspendable	\$	191,454	\$ 205,360	\$ 212,909	\$ 219,610	\$ 201,397	\$ 204,920	\$ 214,127	\$ 278,356	\$ 279,094	\$ 299,551
Restricted		8,027,469	26,277,456	20,814,520	10,157,558	10,419,699	9,332,307	8,679,872	9,471,895	7,492,249	16,475,722
Assigned		33,610	-	-	-	-	-	-	138,565	-	-
Unassigned		(113,184)	 (12,815)	 (297)	 (704)	(7,577)	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>	 (3,926)	 (985)	 (518,790)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	8,139,349	\$ 26,470,001	\$ 21,027,132	\$ 10,376,464	\$ 10,613,519	\$ 9,537,227	\$ 8,893,999	\$ 9,884,890	\$ 7,770,358	\$ 16,256,483

Source: City financial statements.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues:										
Taxes	9,371,502	9,390,771	11,084,096	11,383,900	11,396,453	11,379,793	10,091,000	10,343,181	11,156,435	11,958,288
			11,004,090	11,363,900	11,390,433	11,379,793	10,091,000		11,150,435	11,950,200
Special Assessments	2,314	(485)	705.004	-	700 000	744.004	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	1,103,476	587,473	765,324	816,125	728,296	711,894	865,155	1,378,585	2,644,923	2,307,831
Licenses and permits	167,959	149,073	178,020	204,620	212,303	257,535	208,294	378,622	280,802	288,001
Charges for services	843,481	826,199	1,267,563	1,085,933	2,009,474	2,664,183	2,552,914	2,009,132	1,890,606	2,645,697
Fines and forfeitures	486,303	361,602	300,277	298,100	278,471	282,855	303,761	215,501	228,428	164,653
Use of money and property	116,863	95,984	254,996	209,335	224,236	139,163	170,314	121,175	86,884	98,593
Other	545,192	309,600	301,324	388,803	327,290	273,752	249,452	305,560	312,706	409,856
Total revenues	12,637,090	11,720,217	14,151,600	14,386,816	15,176,523	15,709,175	14,440,890	14,751,756	16,600,784	17,872,919
Expenditures										
General government	1,156,978	1,138,125	1,185,750	1,341,370	1,206,920	1,373,996	1,575,175	1,337,066	1,687,552	1,678,475
Public Safety	5,020,233	5,112,654	5,087,974	5,294,162	5,209,260	5,517,480	5,767,018	5,852,113	6,052,883	1,034,611
Transportation	144,268	149,953	136,801	143,934	146,323	157,086	169,710	-	-	-
Public works	1,090,315	1,452,970	1,227,329	1,101,613	2,072,279	2,956,809	1,143,087	950,763	968,689	6,029,745
Health and Welfare	59,570	64,496	66,034	60,084	51,932	58,433	59,435	-	-	0,020,140
Recreational Activities	673,468	751,456	626,965	743,695	588,048	637,216	654,227	1,909,736	2,277,997	3,259,012
Community Center	073,400	731,430	020,903	92,255	1,359,349	1,368,737	1,401,847	1,909,730	2,211,991	3,239,012
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48,599	41,393	48,667					44,252	46.225	87,684
Cemetery operations	·			48,570	48,586	38,619	42,130		46,325	
Community Betterment	2,279,967	1,807,155	2,127,980	2,327,714	2,365,325	3,899,946	2,278,247	852,759	1,252,648	923,628
Capital outlay	1,684,016	1,238,104	7,743,522	12,510,439	947,751	645,924	1,806,341	1,272,574	3,954,783	4,279,884
Debt service:										
Principal	470,000	285,000	475,000	200,000	485,000	500,000	556,440	579,769	606,686	1,170,000
Bond issuance costs	-	368,323	-	-	-	-	-	-	424,299	-
Interest	53,331	33,400	677,204	696,108	684,933	670,308	701,223	682,832	614,261	568,190
Total expenditures	12,680,745	12,443,029	19,403,226	24,559,944	15,165,706	17,824,554	16,154,880	13,481,864	17,886,123	19,031,229
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	(43,655)	(722,812)	(5,251,626)	(10,173,128)	10,817	(2,115,379)	(1,713,990)	1,269,892	(1,285,339)	(1,158,310)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	1,404,695	1,469,779	1,997,218	2,573,496	2,561,469	2,493,391	2,905,639	3,045,645	4,195,678	5,030,572
Transfers out	(1,942,895)	(1,272,739)	(1,702,509)	(3,143,100)	(2,150,572)	(2,545,826)	(2,436,812)	(3,009,690)	(4,716,325)	(4,947,682)
Issuance of long-term debt	-	18,631,626	-	-	-	1,500,000	-	-	24,105,065	-
Proceeds of refunding bonds	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(16,377,576)	_
Premium (discount) on long-term debt	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(10,011,010)	_
Other	151,085	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Proceeds from sale of property	82,275	41,500	181,415	28,735	48,304	34,320	46,254	17,700	54,336	42,944
Total other financing sources (uses)	(304,840)	18,870,166	476,124	(540,869)	459,201	1,481,885	515,081	53,655	7,261,178	125,834
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	(304,640)	10,670,100	470,124	(340,809)	459,201	1,461,665	313,061	33,033	7,201,176	123,634
Net changes in fund balance	(348,495)	18,147,354	(4,775,502)	(10,713,997)	470,018	(633,494)	(1,198,909)	1,323,547	5,975,839	(1,032,476)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.88%	4.76%	10.28%	9.94%	7.57%	6.80%	8.20%	10.20%	4.00%	8.00%

Source: City financial statements.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal		General Sales			Railroad, Utility and Financial	
Year	Property	and Use	Franchise	Cigarette	Institution	Total
2013	1,983,116	5,651,326	1,608,499	120.186	51,067	9,414,194
2014	2.032.641	5,658,413	1.531.495	118.377	54,065	9,394,991
2015	2,146,128	7,289,398	1,467,003	117,481	64,086	11,084,096
2016	2,068,656	7,668,104	1,470,255	117,985	58,900	11,383,900
2017	2,102,741	7,740,509	1,371,129	112,152	69,922	11,396,453
2018	2,153,163	7,598,746	1,464,533	101,018	62,333	11,379,793
2019	1,865,229	6,727,723	1,324,893	108,286	64,869	10,091,000
2020	1,884,052	7,021,672	1,192,458	108,797	136,202	10,343,181
2021	2,027,186	7,776,384	1,169,365	98,729	84,771	11,156,435
2022	2,048,639	8,434,293	1,285,932	85,609	103,815	11,958,288
Change						
2013-2022	3.30%	49.24%	-20.05%	-28.77%	103.29%	27.02%

Source: City records.

Principal Sales Tax Industries Calendar Years 2022 and 2013 (Unaudited)

	Percentage of Total City S	ales Tax Revenues:
	Calendar Year	Calendar Year
Industry	2022	2013
Department Stores	33.74 %	33.33 %
Automotive Dealers And Gasoline Service	3.72	2.16
Grocery Stores	11.02	15.71
Eating And Drinking Places	7.90	10.23
Utilities	N/A	N/A
Hotels and Motels	N/A	N/A
Miscellaneous Retail	0.11	2.91
Automotive Repair, Services and Garage	0.98	N/A
Hardware Stores	1.00	2.16
Communication	1.00	3.00
Building Material, Hardware, Garden Supply	1.78	3.46
Business Services	0.02	2.23
Miscellaneous Services	1.01	3.86
General Merchandise Stores	2.43	N/A
	64.71 %	79.05 %

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue Report of Sales Tax by Standard Industry Codes and City Sales Tax records.

Note: Due to confidentiality and limited revenue payers, the dollar amount has not been disclosed.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Actual	Value as a							
Tax	Fiscal		Real Estate		Personal	Railroad and	Assessed	Percent	Total Direct	Taxable	Percentage of
Year	Year	Residential	Commercial	Agricultural	Property	Utility	Value	Growth	Tax Rate	Value	Actual Value
2013	2014	72,170,550	34,365,390	244,030	32,120,950	5,407,528	144,308,448	4.42%	1.1835	603,505,164	23.91%
2014	2015	71,888,900	34,649,580	278,330	34,630,795	5,721,987	147,169,592	1.98%	1.1835	611,784,998	24.06%
2015	2016	74,933,000	32,730,080	257,660	40,122,629	5,702,172	153,745,541	4.47%	1.1788	638,215,889	24.09%
2016	2017	74,865,120	32,583,580	257,660	40,755,851	5,660,971	154,123,182	0.25%	1.1820	639,190,915	24.11%
2017	2018	77,006,690	32,312,140	246,730	39,726,302	5,235,198	154,527,060	0.26%	1.1820	645,072,616	23.95%
2018	2019	77,319,480	32,538,830	258,830	40,662,909	5,078,367	155,858,416	0.86%	1.1826	649,876,225	23.98%
2019	2020	83,468,550	35,206,040	276,930	36,071,311	6,596,397	161,619,228	3.70%	1.1655	681,555,527	23.71%
2020	2021	84,239,080	35,700,240	272,110	39,531,755	7,097,628	166,840,813	3.23%	1.1655	699,167,697	23.86%
2021	2022	95,275,490	41,637,790	335,640	37,444,489	7,263,485	181,956,894	9.06%	1.0889	770,531,580	23.61%
2022	2023	96,142,980	44,754,510	335,200	43,441,088	8,079,185	192,752,963	5.93%	1.0932	805,553,975	23.93%

Source: City tax-billing records and county aggregate valuations.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Tax									Total Direct and Overlapping Rate			
Year	Fiscal		City Dire	ct Rates			Overlapping	Rates		Clay	Ray	
Levied	Year	General Fund	Parks	Recreation	Hospital	School District	Clay County	Ray County	State	County	County	
2012	2013	0.6178	0.1737	0.1737	0.1737	5.2000	0.8953	1.5347	0.0300	7.2642	7.9036	
2013	2014	0.6417	0.1806	0.1806	0.1806	5.2000	0.8824	1.0894	0.0300	7.2959	7.5029	
2014	2015	0.6423	0.1808	0.1808	0.1808	5.2000	0.8693	1.0882	0.0300	7.2840	7.5029	
2015	2016	0.6391	0.1799	0.1799	0.1799	5.1724	0.8374	1.0213	0.0300	7.2186	7.4025	
2016	2017	0.6408	0.1804	0.1804	0.1804	5.1044	0.8362	1.0087	0.0300	7.1526	7.3251	
2017	2018	0.6408	0.1804	0.1804	0.1804	5.1272	1.1552	1.1318	0.0300	7.4944	7.4710	
2018	2019	0.6411	0.1805	0.1805	0.1805	5.1942	0.9255	1.2052	0.0300	7.3323	7.6120	
2019	2020	0.6411	0.1805	0.1805	0.1805	5.2744	0.8585	1.1587	0.0300	7.3455	7.6457	
2020	2021	0.6411	0.1805	0.1805	0.1805	5.2744	0.8585	1.1587	0.0300	7.3455	7.6457	
2021	2022	0.5925	0.1669	0.1669	0.1669	5.2262	1.0932	1.0329	0.0300	7.4426	7.3823	

Source: City billing records, tax rate summaries prepared by county clerks.

Notes:

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

	Tax Year 2022			Tax Year 2013		
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
AIPC MISSOURI LLC	6,581,500	1	3.28%	13,757,688	1	9.96%
WAL-MART REAL ESTATE BUSINESS TRUST	3,322,880	2	1.66%	3,543,371	2	2.57%
401 REGENT LLC (ELMS)	2,183,150	3	1.09%	**	**	**
LACLEDE GAS CO	2,162,940	4	1.08%	**	**	**
Y JUNCTION LLC	1,247,680	5	0.62%	698,620	12	0.51%
CROWN HILL ASSOC LLC	1,170,530	6	0.58%	881,700	8	0.64%
BLOCH FAMILY 2005 PARTNERSHIP LP	1,120,000	7	0.56%	1,335,070	5	0.97%
ALDI INC	1,033,060	8	0.52%	**	**	**
MILLER ASSOCIATES LLC	975,650	9	0.49%	**	**	**
ANDERSON MICHAEL C TRUST	963,300	10	0.48%	**	**	**
COLONY PLAZA ASSOCIATES LP	881,580	11	0.44%	471,070	20	0.34%
LAWN & GARDEN LLC	876,680	12	0.44%	**	**	**
EXCELSIOR PROPERTY HOLDINGS LLC	820,580	13	0.41%	771,520	9	0.56%
REXAM CONSUMER PLASTICS INC	776,640	14	0.39%	1,299,357	6	0.94%
WALLER PROPERTIES LLC	714,790	15	0.36%	2,355,087	3	1.71%
KRIER, TOM D & SHIRLEY A	708,340	16	0.35%	**	**	**
SANSON, GARY R & KIMBERLY A	645,260	17	0.32%	**	**	**
C & G STORAGE LLC	631,170	18	0.31%	578,210	14	0.42%
RRCBG PROPERTIES LLC	625,010	19	0.31%	**	**	**
CLAY-RAY PLASTICS INC	618,210	20	0.31%	562,020	15	0.41%

SOURCE: County Assessor Report for 2022, City Tax Billing Records for 2013.

^{**} Taxpayer was not in top 20 in tax year 2013, so rank is unknown.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Collected With				
			Fiscal Year of the	ne Levy		Total Collection	ons to Date
Fiscal Year Ended September 30:	Tax Year	Taxes Levied for the Tax Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collected in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	2012	1,562,942	1,521,982	97.38%	30,424	1,552,406	99.33%
2014	2013	1,644,111	1,607,215	97.76%	35,410	1,642,625	99.91% {a}
2015	2014	1,677,700	1,677,700	100.00%	-	1,677,700	100.00%
2016	2015	1,686,027	1,643,174	97.46%	40,076	1,683,250	99.84%
2017	2016	1,743,702	1,704,651	97.76%	34,300	1,738,951	99.73%
2018	2017	1,716,028	1,674,618	97.59%	33,300	1,707,918	99.53%
2019	2018	1,909,973	1,872,267	98.03%	-	1,872,267	98.03%
2020	2019	1,860,002	2,119,921	113.97%	13,297	2,133,218	114.69%
2021	2020	1,975,278	2,012,881	101.90%	18,823	2,031,704	102.86%
2022	2021	2,317,015 {b}	2,210,641 {c}	95.41%	14,562 {c}	2,225,203	96.04%

[{]a} Beginnig with tax year 2012, taxes are billed and collected by the County Collectors.

[{]b} From Notice of Tax Rate Hearing

[{]c} City Tax Billing Records and County Collector remittances

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities				Busines Activ	,,				
Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Loan Payable	Certificates of Participation	Lease Purchase Agreement	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2013	-	760,000	-	-	34,815,000	157,326	-	35,732,326	4.08%	3,235
2014	-	19,106,626	-	-	33,787,955	105,081	-	52,999,662	5.82%	4,761
2015	-	18,605,850	-	-	32,661,718	49,833	-	51,317,401	5.52%	4,557
2016	-	17,800,000	-	-	31,600,000	-	-	49,400,000	4.65%	4,273
2017	-	17,315,000	-	-	29,820,000	-	-	47,135,000	4.22%	4,077
2018	1,500,000	16,815,000	-	-	28,180,000	-	-	46,495,000	3.90%	3,992
2019	1,443,560	16,315,000	-	-	26,445,000	-	-	44,203,560	3.68%	3,772
2020	1,388,791	15,790,000	-	-	23,280,000	-	-	40,458,791	3.31%	3,449
2021	-	-	23,875,000	-	21,360,000	-	-	45,235,000	3.15%	3,798
2022	-	-	23,105,000	-	19,335,000	-	-	42,440,000	2.96%	3,509

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Clay County	[1]	23,547,798	3.60%	847,721
Ray County	[1]	-	n/a	-
Excelsior Springs School District	[1]	40,630,775	69.00% [2] _	28,035,235
Subtotal, overlapping debt		64,178,573	_	28,882,956
City Direct Debt		23,875,000	100.00%	23,875,000
Total direct and overlapping debt	_	88,053,573	=	\$ 52,757,956

Sources:

^[1] Outstanding G.O. debt obtained from the Ray County Clerk's Office, the Clay County Auditor's Office, the Excelsior Springs School District Administrative Office, and the Excelsior Springs Hospital Financial Statements.

^[2] Assessed value (used to determine the estimated percentage applicable) obtained from the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education website.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Nine Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

					gal Debt Margin Cal sessed value	culation for Fiscal Y	ear 2022		192,752,963
				De	bt limit (20% of asse bt applicable to limit General obligation b Less amount set asi Total net debt applic gal debt margin	: onds de for repayment of	general obligation o	debt	38,551 - - - - \$ 38,551
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	27,794	29,434	30,749	30,825	31,172	32,324	33,071	36,391	38,551
Total net debt applicable to limit	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Legal debt margin	27,794	29,434	29,434	30,825	32,324	32,324	33,071	36,391	38,551
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year 2012 2013	Facilities	•				
	Facility	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Sei		
Year	Lease Payments	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
0040	{a}	0.005	000.075	205.222	50.075	
Year 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Fiscal Year 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Fiscal Year 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Fiscal Year 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Fiscal Year 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Fiscal Year	326,900	3,025	323,875	265,000	58,875	1.0
	322,450	3,075	319,375	275,000	44,375	1.0
2014	318,400	3,025	315,375	285,000	30,375	1.0
2015	487,538	913	486,625	475,000	11,625	1.0
2016	-	-	-	-	-	N/
	_	_	_	_	_	N/
						N/
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	N/
2020	-	-	-	-	-	N/
			Water Certificate of Par		(b&d)	
	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Ser		
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2012	3,144,310	1,279,459	1,864,851	340,000	974,239	1.4
2013	3,105,505	1,601,181	1,504,324	345,000	967,273	1.1
	3,080,160	1,805,336	1,274,824	355,000	959,402	0.9
	3,178,585	1,749,794	1,428,791	565,000	947,516	0.9
	3,395,406	2,426,607	968,799	580,000	849,694	0.6
2017	3,362,927	2,784,087	578,840	1,110,000	896,084	0.2
2018	3,458,759	3,096,121	362,638	915,000	845,993	0.2
2019	3,389,421	3,184,762	204,659	950.000	798,717	0.1
	4,133,784	3,146,731	987,053	-	380,128	2.6
	,, .					
Figoral	Utility Service	Pollution Cont Less Operating	rol Certificate of Participa Net Available	ation (2010) Debt Ser	vioo	
	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal Principal	Interest	Coverage
		'		'		
2012	1,911,127	1,061,506	849,621	235,000	947,239	0.7
2013	2,152,845	1,126,505	1,026,340	434,166	896,410	0.7
	2,188,814	1,106,607	1,082,207	530,000	1,382,238	0.5
	2,694,484	1,245,043	1,449,441	570,000	1,359,046	0.7
	2,882,569	1,278,011	1,604,558	615,000	1,218,443	0.8
2017	2,931,632	1,359,761	1,571,871	670,000	1,288,859	3.0
2018	3,318,675	2,453,979	864,696	725,000	1,262,037	0.4
2019	3,793,173	2,681,035	1,112,138	785,000	1,214,641	0.5
	3,564,321	1,766,901	1,797,420	845,000	569,810	1.2
			Water Certificate of Par	ticination (2020)	(0)	
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Sei	(e) vice	
	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2020	4,133,784	3,146,731	987,053	950,000	197,355	0.8
	4,476,702	2,054,951	2,421,751	1,015,000	363,400	1.7
	4,359,444	2,537,423	1,822,021	1,050,000	322,800	1.3
		Pollution Cont	rol Certificate of Participa	ation (2020)		
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Sei	vice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2020	3,564,321	1,766,901	1,797,420	845,000	279,168	1.6
2021	3,836,874	1,567,252	2,269,622	905,000	549,700	1.5
2022	3,607,136	1,612,080	1,995,056	975,000	512,100	1.3
{a}	The Facilities Authority Reve funded by transfers from the					enue source, but a
{b}	The principal reflected herein				ionia bullulliga.	
/nl	·	•				
{c}	The Facilities Authority Reve	enue Bonds were fully defe	ased during fiscal year 201	5.		
{c} (d)	The Facilities Authority Reve The Water and Sewer 2010	,	,	5.		

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Total							
Year		Personal	Median	D 0 "				Unemployment Rate	11.77
Ended		Income	Household	Per Capita	Median	School	Clay	State of	United
September 30	Population	(In thousands)	Income	Income	Age	Enrollment	County	Missouri	States
	{a}	{b}	{c}	{c}	{c}	{d}	{e}	{f}	{g}
2013	11,427	9,515,253	51,679	20,214	40.2	2,672	5.7%	6.0%	7.0%
2014	11,470	10,021,009	49,779	19,988	34.0	2,716	6.3%	6.0%	5.7%
2015	11,477	10,604,599	50,051	20,997	34.8	2,745	4.0%	4.5%	4.9%
2016	11,521	10,794,462	48,523	23,073	33.0	2,674	4.0%	5.2%	5.0%
2017	11,560	11,178,401	49,029	23,188	33.3	2,834	2.9%	3.3%	4.1%
2018	11,646	11,919,317	50,753	26,489	33.4	2,750	2.3%	2.6%	3.6%
2019	11,718	12,013,926	50,849	24,620	34.8	2,826	2.0%	2.4%	3.3%
2020	11,731	12,227,468	48,920	23,488	36.2	2,841	2.9%	3.3%	3.5%
2021	11,909	14,339,156	56,118	24,453	35.7	2,841	4.2%	3.8%	4.6%
2022	12,094	14,326,486	58,535	28,019	35.2	2,680	2.0%	2.7%	3.5%

Sources:

- {a} http://www.city-data.com/city/Excelsior-Springs-Missouri.html
- (b) Clay County Data obtained from Bureau of Economic Analysis (www.bea.gov).
- (c) http://www.city-data.com/city/Excelsior-Springs-Missouri.html (median age censusreporter.org)
- (d) School district.
- **{e}** Clay County unemployment rate, not seasonally adjusted (www.bls.gov).
- (f) State of Missouri unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted (www.bls.gov).
- {g} National unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted (www.bls.gov).

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

		202	2		2013	
	Positions	Percentage	Ranking	Positions	Percentage	Ranking
	[a]	[c]		[b]	[c]	_
Tree House (American Italian Pasta Co.)	589	13.04%	1	255	5.84%	3
Excelsior Springs School District	375	8.30%	2	346	7.93%	1
Excelsior Springs Hospital	315	6.98%	3	267	6.12%	4
Magna Intier Auto Interiors	280	6.20%	4	201	4.61%	7
Wal-Mart	267	5.91%	5	325	7.45%	2
Waller Truck Company, Inc.	225	4.98%	6	300	6.87%	5
The Elms LLC	211	4.67%	7	N/A	0.00%	N/A
Excelsior Springs Job Corps Center	198	4.38%	8	197	4.51%	6
Fiskers (Gilmore Group and Robert Bosch Corp)	172	3.81%	9	222	5.09%	9
Paccor (Coveris)	125	2.77%	10	N/A	0.00%	N/A
	2,757			2,113		

 [[]a] Number of employees obtained from respective businesses via telephone.
 [b] Number of employees obtained from prior 10 year audit
 [c] Total number of employees for percent is estimated

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees By Functions/Programs Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government:										
Municipal Court	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
City Manager	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Human Resources	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Building Maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Development	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	0	0
Planning & Zoning	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	2
Inspections	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2
Senior Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cemetery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Police:										
Officers	22	23	24	24	24	25	26	24	23	18
Civilians	12	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10
Fire:										
Firefighters and Officers	19	19	20	19	18	20	22	20	19	16
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Street Maintenance	6	5	7	5	5	4	4	4	4	5
Refuse	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vater:										
Administration	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Transmission/Purification	8	10	12	11	10	10	10	9	9	11
Sewer:										
Administration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transmission/Treatment	11	9	11	10	10	9	9	9	10	9
Construction Services:										
Administration	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maintenance	7	7	7	8	8	7	7	5	6	6
Parks and Recreation	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	6
Fransportation:										
Dispatch	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Drivers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Community Center:										
Administration	0	0	0	2	4	3	3	3	1	3
Swimming Pool	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fitness	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
Sports/Recreation	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	3
Golf:										
Maintenance	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0
Pro Shop	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	0	0
Food and Beverage Sales	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Total	114	114	124	124	123	122	126	121	115	113

Golf Department under outside management for 2021.

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program	_	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
. Michael Fragram		20.0	20	20.0	20.0	20	20.0	20.0	2020	202.	
Police:											
Calls for service		8,093	8,726	9,101	9,500	9,546	9,342	8,990	8,376	11,120	9,084
Adult and Juvenile arrests		1,083	1,286	1,099	1,004	1,211	1,406	1,373	720	1,115	1,082
Speeding citations only		449	605	607	624	566	363	409	190	107	68
Traffic citations		2,828	3,474	3,392	3,124	3,547	3,548	3,791	2,412	1,147	1,029
Police Reports		2,403	2,740	2,553	2,465	2,480	2,647	2,550	2,019	1,947	1,561
DWI's - Municipal		36	71	67	63	68	88	130	36	31	19
Red Light Camera violations	{c}	3,041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E 9-1-1 Calls		4,818	5,087	5,978	6,464	6,657	5,835	6,212	5,764	5,594	5,708
Fire and EMS:											
Total ambulance runs		2,047	2,045	2,331	2,347	2,373	2,360	2,304	2,312	2,427	2,454
Total fire runs		481	511	549	560	446	440	403	404	376	368
Property loss		168,600	516,442	723,261	258,350	238,150	400,400	592,950	583,300	494,500	1,546,520
Building Inspections:											
Total building permits	{a}	270	299	267	276	477	421	508	642	798	550
Total value all permits		4,212,421	2,710,008	22,090,905	6,817,909	8,725,686	12,651,008	8,028,255	38,477,790	18,684,044	22,185,163
Public service:											
Garbage collected (ton)	{b}	2,471	2,623	2,856	2,900	3,039	3,054	2,984	3,064	3,144	2,764
Recycle collected (ton)	{b}	484	606	717	729	698	694	645	612	572	574
Parks and Recreation:											
Recreation program participa	tion:										
Youth		2,020	1,200	1,147	1,182	994	1,051	989	388	605	1,073
Adult		608	430	364	374	320	234	233	143	140	120
Exercise programs		510	800	840	3,788	3,804	4.428	3.828	650	113	2.839
Youth art programs		120	450	725	724	412	260	407	-	76	363
Special events		n/a	930	975	490	834	1,313	1,018	20	74	884
Golf Course:											
Golf rounds played		17,504	16,805	17,610	17,548	18,737	17,611	19,577	27,441	27,070	26,196
Golf memberships		169	200	182	125	135	138	433	520	448	497
Multi-year discounted member	erships			1,037	-	363	235	-	-	-	-
Community Center:	{d}										
Memberships sold	(~)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,685	1,919	1,697	1,339	3,449	5,159
Day passes sold		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,565	4.635	4,126	1.963	2.039	2,561
Water aerobics class particip	ation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	6,240	13,386	15,873	5,354	10,419	7,882
Swim lesson registrations		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	431	224	324	102	189	191
Child watch check-ins		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	7,582	6.510	5,625	3,354	2.869	3.823
Kids Night Out participants		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	130	196	108	34	n/a	11
		,									

- Notes:

 ** Information not available.

 ** Building permits issued include both new construction and permits for remodeling/repairs. The dramatic jump in building permit values during fiscal year 2020 was due to a new elementary school.

 ** Garbage service is provided by contract. Only 2005 thru 2008 statistics are available for this service.

 ** Traffic enforcement cameras became operable in July 2009 and ceased operation in June 2013.

 ** The Community Center opened on October 31, 2016.

Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Police:											
Stations		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control shelters		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Stations		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks and Recreation:											
Acreage		225	225	225	225	230	230	230	230	230	150
Parks		13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	18
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	{a}	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Soccer/Football Fields	{a}	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Basketball Courts	{a}	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Tennis Courts	{a}	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Skate Parks		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks with Playground Equipment		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	12
Golf courses		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Picnic Shelters		11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Community Centers		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Splash Pads		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Street Department											
Miles of Streets		117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	82
Street Lights		1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	322
Water:											
Wells		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Water Storage Tanks/Towers		9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	7
Miles of Water Main		276	276	276	276	276	276	276	276	276	117
Storage Capacity (MGPD)		5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	4.50
Average Daily Consumption (MGPD)		1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.76
Peak Consumption (MGPD)		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.94
Wastewater:											
Sanitary Sewers (miles)		141.00	141.00	141.00	141.00	141.00	142.80	142.80	142.80	142.80	88.00
Storm Sewers (miles)		42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	21
Treatment Plants		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

⁽a) Includes facilities owned by the school district and used for recreation programs.

Building Permits Issued (New Construction and Substantial Remodels Only) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Resid	dential	Comr	nercial	Total		
Calendar	Number of		Number of		Number of		
Year	Permits	Dollar Value	Permits	Dollar Value	Permits	Dollar Value	
2013	4	337,500	7	2,504,352	11	2,841,852	
2014	18	773,035	19	1,201,906	37	1,974,941	
2015	2	340,000	4	20,927,060 [1]	6	21,267,060	
2016	7	1,708,880	12	4,042,041	19	5,750,921	
2017	17	3,080,047	6	2,516,576	23	5,596,623	
2018	30	4,135,424	18	6,605,523	48	10,740,947	
2019	32	4,307,008	14	1,257,517	46	5,564,525	
2020	46	7,037,913	28	28,382,848 [2]	74	35,420,761	
2021	51	6,579,072	31	7,984,962	82	14,564,034	
2022	50	6,628,454	27	12,228,122	77	18,856,576	

^[1] Includes \$18,793,941 for Community Center construction

^[2] Includes \$19,082,603 for Corner Stone School construction

Top 10 Water Users Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Business Name	Type of Business	Percentage of Total Usage
Ray County Public Water District No. 1	Neighboring Water District	14.43%
Mid-American Water	Neighboring City	13.31%
Clay County Public Water District No. 3	Neighboring Water District	12.20%
Widewaters Excelsior Springs	Hotel	2.00%
American Italian Pasta Company	Pasta manufacturer	1.94%
City of Prathersville	Neighboring City	1.74%
Excelsior Springs Job Corps	Education facility	1.43%
DCA	Apartment Buildings	1.27%
PAACOR NA, Inc	Consumer packaging manufacturer	0.91%
Lawn & Garden LLC	Manufacturer	0.74%

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Water System Historical Customer information Last Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

_									
_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total number of customers									
Residential	4,066	3,765	3,785	3,798	3,805	3,842	3,885	4,025	3,939
Commercial	381	3,765	3,765	3,796	3,805	3,642 409	3,665	4,025 389	3,939
Total Customers	4,447	4,140	4,163	4,182	4,192	4,251	4,271	4,414	4,325
Total Customers	4,447	4,140	4,103	4,102	4,192	4,231	4,271	4,414	4,323
Percent outside customers									
Residential	4.25%	4.25%	4.23%	4.19%	4.20%	4.29%	4.20%	4.07%	4.29%
Commercial	2.10%	2.13%	1.99%	1.82%	1.81%	1.92%	1.82%	1.80%	1.81%
Percent billed greater than 30,000 gallons									
Residential	0.50%	0.41%	0.42%	0.40%	0.45%	0.43%	0.39%	0.35%	0.41%
Commercial	12.50%	12.20%	12.40%	12.51%	12.43%	12.98%	10.88%	10.80%	10.36%
	.2.0070	.2.2070	.2.1070	12.0175	12.1075	12.00%	10.0070	10.0070	.0.0070
Average annual customers									
Residential < 30,000 gallons	3,889	3,590	3,609	3,625	3,629	3,825	3,827	3,847	3,755
Residential > 30,000 gallons	18	15	16	14	17	17	15	14	15
Outside Residential < 30,000 gallons	158	159	159	158	160	172	163	164	168
Outside Residential > 30,000 gallons	1	1	1	1	-		-	-	1
Commercial < 30,000 gallons	327	323	325	331	339	356	344	340	343
Commercial > 30,000 gallons	46	44	45	46	48	53	42	42	36
Outside Commercial < 30,000 gallons	2	6	6	5	6	7	7	7	3
Outside Commercial > 30,000 gallons	<u>6</u> 4.447	2	2	2	1 - 1	1 101	1		4 205
Total average annual customers	4,447	4,140	4,163	4,182	4,200	4,431	4,399	4,414	4,325
Annual consumption (1,000 gal)									
Retail									
Residential < 30,000 gallons	168,150	160,879	160,835	159,431	159,703	158,166	145,439	156,948	166,981
Residential > 30,000 gallons	24,029	20,076	20,391	21,225	41,214	38,035	41,800	40,600	42,380
Outside Residential < 30,000 gallons	7,205	7,075	7,004	6,981	7,213	7,648	6,546	6,348	7,727
Outside Residential > 30,000 gallons	386	108	339	574	427	144	-	-	-
Commercial < 30,000 gallons	16,032	15,249	6,322	15,721	15,683	16,250	17,080	17,624	17,854
Commercial > 30,000 gallons	107,129	99,569	105,098	92,434	105,737	98,600	82,595	95,804	89,268
Outside Commercial < 30,000 gallons	235	246	183	4,773	403	377	377	3,745	3,695
Outside Commercial > 30,000 gallons	4,716	5,512	9,167	239	1,935	994	994	883	279
Tank water	1,213	1,048	1,098	1,229	1,101	1,101	1,226	913	1,040
Subtotal retail consumption (1,000 gal)	329,095	309,762	310,437	302,607	333,416	321,315	296,057	322,865	329,224
Wholesale									
Mosby [1]	4,607	983	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prathersville	5,177	7,262	6,761	6,516	6,801	7,532	6,641	6,437	6,550
Clay County Public Water District # 3	58,641	52,009	55,000	43,018	54,661	52,994	53,752	52,211	46,671
City of Lawson (Mid-American Water)	66,419	58,635	56,396	57,540	57,855	61,508	65,478	59,764	50,935
Ray County Public Water District # 1	60,653	62,609	63,471	61,927	66,546	64,308	58,096	59,795	55,240
Subtotal	195,497	181,498	181,628	169,001	185,863	186,342	183,967	178,207	159,396
Total annual consumption (1,000 gal)	524,592	491,260	492,065	471,608	519,279	507,657	480,024	501,072	488,620
• • • • • •									

^[1]Mosby billed with Prathersville

City of Excelsior Springs, Missouri

Sewer System Historical Customer information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
AVERAGE ANNUAL CUSTOMERS										
Residential	3,675	3,669	3,677	3,418	3,443	3,467	3,673	3,572	3,328	3,619
Outside Residential	11	12	11	10	9	10	13	15	6	13
Commercial	363	362	358	333	336	337	360	263	261	332
Outside Commercial	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total Average Annual Customers	4,052	4,046	4,049	3,764	3,791	3,817	4,049	3,853	3,598	3,967
ANNUAL CONSUMPTION (1,000 GALLONS)										
Residential	186,081	180,858	169,575	168,314	167,764	187,685	185,195	160,277	156,388	157,404
Outside Residential	150	160	174	108	84	112	131	178	177	183
Commercial	103,136	95,521	94,161	87,057	85,892	89,800	93,960	66,976	70,613	64,454
Outside Commercial	1,200	966	1,363	3,196	1,162	1,219	1,064	552	691	1,706
Total Annual Consumption (1,000 Gallons)	290,567	277,505	265,273	258,675	254,902	278,816	280,350	227,983	227,869	223,747